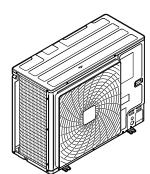


Installer and user reference guide VRV 5-S system air conditioner



RXYSA4A7V1B RXYSA5A7V1B RXYSA6A7V1B

RXYSA4A7Y1B RXYSA5A7Y1B RXYSA6A7Y1B

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1 About this document

Target audience

Authorised installers + end users



INFORMATION

This appliance is intended to be used by expert or trained users in shops, in light industry and on farms, or for commercial use by lay persons.

Documentation set

This document is part of a documentation set. The complete set consists of:

- General safety precautions:
 - Safety instructions that you must read before installing
 - Format: paper (in the box of the outdoor unit)
- Outdoor unit installation and operation manual:
 - Installation and operation instructions
 - Format: paper (in the box of the outdoor unit)
- Installer and user reference guide:
 - Preparation of the installation, reference data,...
 - Detailed step-by-step instructions and background information for basic and advanced usage
 - Format: Digital files on https://www.daikin.eu. Use the search function Q to find your model.

Latest revisions of the supplied documentation may be available on the regional Daikin website or via your dealer.

The original instructions are written in English. All other languages are translations of the original instructions.

1.1 Meaning of warnings and symbols



Indicates a situation that results in death or serious injury.



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

Indicates a situation that could result in electrocution.



DANGER: RISK OF BURNING/SCALDING

Indicates a situation that could result in burning/scalding because of extreme hot or cold temperatures.





DANGER: RISK OF EXPLOSION

Indicates a situation that could result in explosion.



WARNING

Indicates a situation that could result in death or serious injury.



WARNING: FLAMMABLE MATERIAL



CAUTION

Indicates a situation that could result in minor or moderate injury.



NOTICE

Indicates a situation that could result in equipment or property damage.



INFORMATION

Indicates useful tips or additional information.

Symbols used on the unit:

Symbol	Explanation
i	Before installation, read the installation and operation manual, and the wiring instruction sheet.
Æ	Before performing maintenance and service tasks, read the service manual.
	For more information, see the installer and user reference guide.
	The unit contains rotating parts. Be careful when servicing or inspecting the unit.

Symbols used in the documentation:

Symbol	Explanation
	Indicates a figure title or a reference to it.
	Example: "I 1-3 Figure title" means "Figure 3 in chapter 1".
	Indicates a table title or a reference to it.
	Example: " \blacksquare 1–3 Table title" means "Table 3 in chapter 1".



2 General safety precautions

In this chapter

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2.1 For the installer

2.1.1 General

If you are NOT sure how to install or operate the unit, contact your dealer.



DANGER: RISK OF BURNING/SCALDING

- Do NOT touch the refrigerant piping, water piping or internal parts during and immediately after operation. It could be too hot or too cold. Give it time to return to normal temperature. If you MUST touch it, wear protective gloves.
- Do NOT touch any accidental leaking refrigerant.



WARNING

Improper installation or attachment of equipment or accessories could result in electrical shock, short-circuit, leaks, fire or other damage to the equipment. ONLY use accessories, optional equipment and spare parts made or approved by Daikin unless otherwise specified.



WARNING

Make sure installation, testing and applied materials comply with applicable legislation (on top of the instructions described in the Daikin documentation).



WARNING

Tear apart and throw away plastic packaging bags so that nobody, especially NOT children, can play with them. **Possible consequence:** suffocation.



WARNING

Provide adequate measures to prevent that the unit can be used as a shelter by small animals. Small animals that make contact with electrical parts can cause malfunctions, smoke or fire.



CAUTION

Wear adequate personal protective equipment (protective gloves, safety glasses,...) when installing, maintaining or servicing the system.





CAUTION

Do NOT touch the air inlet or aluminium fins of the unit.



CAUTION

- Do NOT place any objects or equipment on top of the unit.
- Do NOT sit, climb or stand on the unit.



NOTICE

Works executed on the outdoor unit are best done under dry weather conditions to avoid water ingress.

In accordance with the applicable legislation, it might be necessary to provide a logbook with the product containing at least: information on maintenance, repair work, results of tests, stand-by periods,...

Also, at least, following information MUST be provided at an accessible place at the product:

- Instructions for shutting down the system in case of an emergency
- Name and address of fire department, police and hospital
- Name, address and day and night telephone numbers for obtaining service

In Europe, EN378 provides the necessary guidance for this logbook.

2.1.2 Installation site

- Provide sufficient space around the unit for servicing and air circulation.
- Make sure the installation site withstands the weight and vibration of the unit.
- Make sure the area is well ventilated. Do NOT block any ventilation openings.
- Make sure the unit is level.

Do NOT install the unit in the following places:

- In potentially explosive atmospheres.
- In places where there is machinery that emits electromagnetic waves. Electromagnetic waves may disturb the control system, and cause malfunction of the equipment.
- In places where there is a risk of fire due to the leakage of flammable gases (example: thinner or gasoline), carbon fibre, ignitable dust.
- In places where corrosive gas (example: sulphurous acid gas) is produced. Corrosion of copper pipes or soldered parts may cause the refrigerant to leak.

2.1.3 Refrigerant — in case of R410A or R32

If applicable. See the installation manual or installer reference guide of your application for more information.





DANGER: RISK OF EXPLOSION

Pump down - Refrigerant leakage. If you want to pump down the system, and there is a leak in the refrigerant circuit:

- Do NOT use the unit's automatic pump down function, with which you can collect all refrigerant from the system into the outdoor unit. Possible consequence: Selfcombustion and explosion of the compressor because of air going into the operating compressor.
- Use a separate recovery system so that the unit's compressor does NOT have to operate.



WARNING

During tests, NEVER pressurise the product with a pressure higher than the maximum allowable pressure (as indicated on the nameplate of the unit).



WARNING

Take sufficient precautions in case of refrigerant leakage. If refrigerant gas leaks, ventilate the area immediately. Possible risks:

- Excessive refrigerant concentrations in a closed room can lead to oxygen deficiency.
- Toxic gas might be produced if refrigerant gas comes into contact with fire.



WARNING

ALWAYS recover the refrigerant. Do NOT release them directly into the environment. Use a vacuum pump to evacuate the installation.



WARNING

Make sure there is no oxygen in the system. Refrigerant may ONLY be charged after performing the leak test and the vacuum drying.

Possible consequence: Self-combustion and explosion of the compressor because of oxygen going into the operating compressor.



NOTICE

- To avoid compressor breakdown, do NOT charge more than the specified amount of refrigerant.
- When the refrigerant system is to be opened, refrigerant MUST be treated according to the applicable legislation.



NOTICE

Make sure refrigerant piping installation complies with applicable legislation. In Europe, EN378 is the applicable standard.



NOTICE

Make sure the field piping and connections are NOT subjected to stress.



NOTICE

After all the piping has been connected, make sure there is no gas leak. Use nitrogen to perform a gas leak detection.

• In case recharge is required, see the nameplate or the refrigerant charge label of the unit. It states the type of refrigerant and necessary amount.



- Either if the unit is factory charged with refrigerant or the unit is non-charged, you might need to charge additional refrigerant, depending on the pipe sizes and pipe lengths of the system.
- ONLY use tools exclusively for the refrigerant type used in the system, this to ensure pressure resistance and prevent foreign materials from entering into the system.
- Charge the liquid refrigerant as follows:

If	Then
A siphon tube is present	Charge with the cylinder upright.
(i.e., the cylinder is marked with "Liquid filling siphon attached")	
A siphon tube is NOT present	Charge with the cylinder upside down.

- Open refrigerant cylinders slowly.
- Charge the refrigerant in liquid form. Adding it in gas form may prevent normal operation.



CAUTION

When the refrigerant charging procedure is done or when pausing, close the valve of the refrigerant tank immediately. If the valve is NOT closed immediately, remaining pressure might charge additional refrigerant. **Possible consequence:** Incorrect refrigerant amount.

2.1.4 Brine

If applicable. See the installation manual or installer reference guide of your application for more information.



WARNING

The selection of the brine MUST be in accordance with the applicable legislation.



WARNING

Take sufficient precautions in case of brine leakage. If brine leaks, ventilate the area immediately and contact your local dealer.



WARNING

The ambient temperature inside the unit can get much higher than that of the room, e.g. 70° C. In case of a brine leak, hot parts inside the unit can create a hazardous situation.



WARNING

The use and installation of the application MUST comply with the safety and environmental precautions specified in the applicable legislation.



2.1.5 Water

If applicable. See the installation manual or installer reference guide of your application for more information.



2.1.6 Electrical



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

- Turn OFF all power supply before removing the switch box cover, connecting electrical wiring or touching electrical parts.
 - Disconnect the power supply for more than 10 minutes, and measure the voltage at the terminals of main circuit capacitors or electrical components before servicing. The voltage MUST be less than 50 V DC before you can touch electrical components. For the location of the terminals, see the wiring diagram.
- Do NOT touch electrical components with wet hands.
- Do NOT leave the unit unattended when the service cover is removed.



WARNING

If NOT factory installed, a main switch or other means for disconnection, having a contact separation in all poles providing full disconnection under overvoltage category III condition, MUST be installed in the fixed wiring.



WARNING

- ONLY use copper wires.
- Make sure the field wiring complies with the applicable legislation.
- All field wiring MUST be performed in accordance with the wiring diagram supplied with the product.
- NEVER squeeze bundled cables and make sure they do NOT come in contact with the piping and sharp edges. Make sure no external pressure is applied to the terminal connections.
- Make sure to install earth wiring. Do NOT earth the unit to a utility pipe, surge absorber, or telephone earth. Incomplete earth may cause electrical shock.
- Make sure to use a dedicated power circuit. NEVER use a power supply shared by another appliance.
- Make sure to install the required fuses or circuit breakers.
- Make sure to install an earth leakage protector. Failure to do so may cause electrical shock or fire.
- When installing the earth leakage protector, make sure it is compatible with the inverter (resistant to high frequency electric noise) to avoid unnecessary opening of the earth leakage protector.



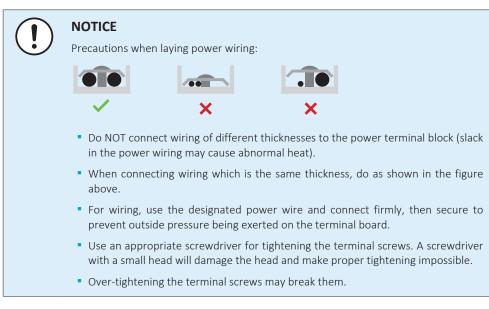
WARNING

- After finishing the electrical work, confirm that each electrical component and terminal inside the electrical components box is connected securely.
- Make sure all covers are closed before starting up the unit.



CAUTION

- When connecting the power supply: connect the earth cable first, before making the current-carrying connections.
- When disconnecting the power supply: disconnect the current-carrying cables first, before separating the earth connection.
- The length of the conductors between the power supply stress relief and the terminal block itself MUST be as such that the current-carrying wires are tautened before the earth wire is in case the power supply is pulled loose from the stress relief.



Install power cables at least 1 meter away from televisions or radios to prevent interference. Depending on the radio waves, a distance of 1 meter may NOT be sufficient.



NOTICE

ONLY applicable if the power supply is three-phase, and the compressor has an ON/ OFF starting method.

If there exists the possibility of reversed phase after a momentary black out and the power goes ON and OFF while the product is operating, attach a reversed phase protection circuit locally. Running the product in reversed phase can break the compressor and other parts.

2.1.7 Gas

The gas boiler is factory-set to:

- the type of gas quoted on the type identification plate or on the setting type identification plate,
- the gas pressure quoted on the type identification plate.

Operate the unit ONLY with the gas type and gas pressure indicated on these type identification plates.

Installation and adaptation of the gas system MUST be conducted by:

- personnel qualified for this work,
- in compliance with valid gas installation related guidelines,
- in accordance with applicable regulations of the gas supply company,
- In accordance with local and national regulations.



Boilers that use natural gas MUST be connected to a governed meter.

Boilers that use liquid petroleum gas (LPG) MUST be connected to a regulator.

The size of the gas supply pipe should under no circumstance be less than 22 mm.

The meter or regulator and pipe work to the meter MUST be checked preferably by the gas supplier. This is to ensure that the equipment works good and meets the gas flow and pressure requirements.

DANGER

If you smell gas:

- call immediately your local gas supplier and your installer,
- call the suppliers's number on the side of the LPG tank (if applicable),
- turn off the emergency control valve at the meter/regulator,
- do NOT turn electrical switches ON or OFF,
- do NOT strike matches or smoke,
- put out naked flames,
- open doors and windows immediately,
- keep people away from the affected area.

2.1.8 Gas exhaust

Flue systems must NOT be modified or installed in any way other than as described in the fitting instructions. Any misuses or unauthorized modifications to the appliance, flue or associated components and systems could invalidate the warranty. The manufacturer accepts no liability arising from any such actions, excluding statutory rights.

It is NOT allowed to combine flue system parts purchased from different suppliers.

2.1.9 Local legislation

See the local and national regulations.

Local regulations for UK

It is law that all gas appliances are installed by a gas safe registered competent engineer and in accordance with the following recommendations:

- Current Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations
- All current building regulations
- Building Standards (Scotland) Consolidated
- This appliance MUST be installed in accordance with the Gas (Safety and Use) Regulations, current Building Regulations, Building Standards (Scotland), I.S.813 Installation of Gas Appliances (Ireland), IEE Wiring Regulations (BS 7671), Health and Safety Document No. 635 (Electricity at Work Regulations) and Local Water Authority Bye Laws
- UK Water Regulations and Bye Laws
- Health & Safety

The installation MUST comply with the following British Standards codes of practice:

 BS 5440-1: 2008 Flueing and ventilation for gas appliances of rated input not exceeding 70 kW net (1st, 2nd and 3rd family gases)



- BS 5440-2: 2009 Flueing and ventilation for gas appliances of rated input not exceeding 70 kW net (1st, 2nd and 3rd family gases)
- BS 5546: 2010 Specification for installation and maintenance of gas-fired waterheating appliances of rated input not exceeding 70 kW net
- BS 5549: 1990 Forced circulation hot water systems.
- BS 6700: 2006 + A1: 2009 Design, installation, testing and maintenance of services supplying water for domestic use within buildings and their curtilages -Specification
- BS 6798: 2014 Specification for selection, installation, inspection, commissioning, servicing and maintenance of gas-fired boilers of rated input not exceeding 70 kW net
- BS 6891: 2015 Specification for the installation and maintenance of low pressure gas installation pipework of up to 35 mm (R1¼) on premises
- BS 7593: 2006 Code of practice for treatment of water in domestic hot water space heating systems
- BS 7671: 2018 Requirements for electrical installations. IET wiring regulations
- BS 7074: 1 Code of practice for domestic and hot water supply
- EN12828: 2014 Space heating for domestic premises

Potable water: all seals, joints and compounds (including flux and solder) and components used as part of the secondary domestic water system MUST be approved by WRAS.



3 Specific installer safety instructions

Always observe the following safety instructions and regulations.

Installation site (see "17.1 Preparing the installation site" [> 72])

WARNING

Follow the service space dimensions in this manual for correct installation of the unit. See "28.1 Service space: Outdoor unit" [> 155].



WARNING

The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater).



CAUTION

Appliance NOT accessible to the general public, install it in a secured area, protected from easy access.

This unit, both indoor and outdoor, is suitable for installation in a commercial and light industrial environment.

Opening and closing the unit (see "17.2 Opening and closing the unit" [> 76])



DANGER: RISK OF BURNING/SCALDING



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

Mounting the outdoor unit (see "17.3 Mounting the outdoor unit" [> 77])



WARNING

Fixing method of the outdoor unit MUST be in accordance with the instructions from this manual. See "17.3 Mounting the outdoor unit" [> 77].

Connecting the refrigerant piping (see "18.2 Connecting the refrigerant piping" [▶ 85])



WARNING

Any gas or oil remaining inside the stop valve may blow off the spun piping.

If these instructions are NOT followed correctly it may result in property damage or personal injury, which may be serious depending on the circumstances.



NEVER remove the spun piping by brazing.

Any gas or oil remaining inside the stop valve may blow off the spun piping.





CAUTION

Do NOT vent gases into the atmosphere.



WARNING

Provide adequate measures to prevent that the unit can be used as a shelter by small animals. Small animals that make contact with electrical parts can cause malfunctions, smoke or fire.



NOTICE

NEVER install a drier to this unit to guarantee its lifetime. The drying material may dissolve and damage the system.

Charging refrigerant (see "19 Charging refrigerant" [> 96])



WARNING

- The refrigerant inside the unit is mildly flammable, but normally does NOT leak. If the refrigerant leaks in the room and comes in contact with fire from a burner, a heater, or a cooker, this may result in fire, or the formation of a harmful gas.
- Turn OFF any combustible heating devices, ventilate the room, and contact the dealer where you purchased the unit.
- Do NOT use the unit until a service person confirms that the part from which the refrigerant leaked has been repaired.



WARNING

Charging of refrigerant MUST be in accordance with the instructions from this manual. See "19 Charging refrigerant" [> 96].



WARNING

- Only use R32 as refrigerant. Other substances may cause explosions and accidents.
- R32 contains fluorinated greenhouse gases. Its global warming potential (GWP) value is 675. Do NOT vent these gases into the atmosphere.
- When charging refrigerant, ALWAYS use protective gloves and safety glasses.

Electrical installation (see Electrical installation)



WARNING

- All wiring MUST be performed by an authorised electrician and MUST comply with the applicable national wiring regulation.
- Make electrical connections to the fixed wiring.
- All components procured on-site and all electrical construction MUST comply with the applicable legislation.



WARNING

Electrical wiring connection method MUST be in accordance with the instructions from this manual. See Electrical installation.



WARNING

ALWAYS use multicore cable for power supply cables.



WARNING

- If the power supply has a missing or wrong N-phase, equipment might break down.
- Establish proper earthing. Do NOT earth the unit to a utility pipe, surge absorber, or telephone earth. Incomplete earthing may cause electrical shock.
- Install the required fuses or circuit breakers.
- Secure the electrical wiring with cable ties so that the cables do NOT come in contact with sharp edges or piping, particularly on the high-pressure side.
- Do NOT use taped wires, extension cords, or connections from a star system. They can cause overheating, electrical shock or fire.
- Do NOT install a phase advancing capacitor, because this unit is equipped with an inverter. A phase advancing capacitor will reduce performance and may cause accidents.



CAUTION

Do NOT push or place redundant cable length into the unit.

Commissioning (see "23 Commissioning" [> 139])

CAUTION

Do NOT perform the test operation while working on the indoor units.

When performing the test operation, NOT ONLY the outdoor unit, but the connected indoor unit will operate as well. Working on an indoor unit while performing a test operation is dangerous.



CAUTION

Do NOT insert fingers, rods or other objects into the air inlet or outlet. Do NOT remove the fan guard. When the fan is rotating at high speed, it will cause injury.

Troubleshooting (see "26 Troubleshooting" [> 147])

WARNING

• When carrying out an inspection on the switch box of the unit, ALWAYS make sure that the unit is disconnected from the mains. Turn off the respective circuit breaker.

When a safety device was activated, stop the unit and find out why the safety device was activated before resetting it. NEVER shunt safety devices or change their values to a value other than the factory default setting. If you are unable to find the cause of the problem, call your dealer.



WARNING

Prevent hazards due to inadvertent resetting of the thermal cut-out: power to this appliance MUST NOT be supplied through an external switching device, such as a timer, or connected to a circuit that is regularly turned ON and OFF by the utility.

3.1 Instructions for equipment using R32 refrigerant



WARNING: MILDLY FLAMMABLE MATERIAL

The refrigerant inside this unit is mildly flammable.





WARNING

- Do NOT pierce or burn refrigerant cycle parts.
- Do NOT use cleaning materials or means to accelerate the defrosting process other than those recommended by the manufacturer.
- Be aware that the refrigerant inside the system is odourless.



WARNING

The appliance shall be stored so as to prevent mechanical damage and in a wellventilated room without continuously operating ignition sources (example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater) and have a room size as specified below.



WARNING

Make sure installation, servicing, maintenance and repair comply with instructions from Daikin and with applicable legislation and are executed ONLY by authorised persons.



WARNING

If one or more rooms are connected to the unit using a duct system, make sure:

- there are no operating ignition sources (example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater) in case the floor area is less than the minimum floor area A (m²).
- no auxiliary devices, which may be a potential ignition source, are installed in the duct work (example: hot surfaces with a temperature exceeding 700°C and electric switching device);
- only auxiliary devices approved by the manufacturer are used in the duct work;
- air inlet AND outlet are connected directly to the same room by ducting. Do NOT use spaces such as a false ceiling as a duct for the air inlet or outlet.



WARNING

- Take precautions to avoid excessive vibration or pulsation to refrigeration piping.
- Protect the protection devices, piping and fittings as much as possible against adverse environmental effects.
- Provide space for expansion and contraction of long runs of piping.
- Design and install piping in refrigerating systems such as to minimise the likelihood of hydraulic shock damaging the system.
- Mount the indoor equipment and pipes securely and protect them to avoid accidental rupture of equipment or pipes in case of events such as moving furniture or reconstruction activities.



CAUTION

Do NOT use potential sources of ignition in searching for or detection of refrigerant leaks.



NOTICE

- Do NOT re-use joints and copper gaskets which have been used already.
- Joints made in installation between parts of refrigerant system shall be accessible for maintenance purposes.



See "16.3 To determine the charge limit" [> 65] to check if your system meets the requirement for charge limitation.



For the user

RXYSA4~6A7V/Y1B VRV 5-S system air conditioner 4P600330-1D – 2023.02



4 User safety instructions

Always observe the following safety instructions and regulations.

In this chapter

4.1	General	22
4.2	Instructions for safe operation	23

4.1 General



WARNING

If you are NOT sure how to operate the unit, contact your installer.



WARNING

This appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved.

Children SHALL NOT play with the appliance.

Cleaning and user maintenance SHALL NOT be made by children without supervision.



WARNING

To prevent electrical shocks or fire:

- Do NOT rinse the unit.
- Do NOT operate the unit with wet hands.
- Do NOT place any objects containing water on the unit.



CAUTION

- Do NOT place any objects or equipment on top of the unit.
- Do NOT sit, climb or stand on the unit.



• Units are marked with the following symbol:



This means that electrical and electronic products may NOT be mixed with unsorted household waste. Do NOT try to dismantle the system yourself: dismantling the system, treatment of the refrigerant, of oil and of other parts MUST be done by an authorised installer and MUST comply with applicable legislation.

Units MUST be treated at a specialised treatment facility for reuse, recycling and recovery. By ensuring this product is disposed of correctly, you will help to prevent potential negative consequences for the environment and human health. For more information, contact your installer or local authority.

• Batteries are marked with the following symbol:



This means that the batteries may NOT be mixed with unsorted household waste. If a chemical symbol is printed beneath the symbol, this chemical symbol means that the battery contains a heavy metal above a certain concentration.

Possible chemical symbols are: Pb: lead (>0.004%).

Waste batteries MUST be treated at a specialised treatment facility for reuse. By ensuring waste batteries are disposed of correctly, you will help to prevent potential negative consequences for the environment and human health.

4.2 Instructions for safe operation



CAUTION

- NEVER touch the internal parts of the controller.
- Do NOT remove the front panel. Some parts inside are dangerous to touch and appliance problems may happen. For checking and adjusting the internal parts, contact your dealer.



WARNING

NEVER touch the air outlet or the horizontal blades while the swing flap is in operation. Fingers may become caught or the unit may break down.



CAUTION

Do NOT operate the system when using a room fumigation-type insecticide. Chemicals could collect in the unit, and endanger the health of people who are hypersensitive to chemicals.





CAUTION

It is unhealthy to expose your body to the air flow for a long time.



To avoid oxygen deficiency, ventilate the room sufficiently if equipment with burner is used together with the system.



WARNING

This unit contains electrical and hot parts.



WARNING

Before operating the unit, be sure the installation has been carried out correctly by an installer.



WARNING

NEVER touch the air outlet or the horizontal blades while the swing flap is in operation. Fingers may become caught or the unit may break down.



CAUTION

Do NOT insert fingers, rods or other objects into the air inlet or outlet. Do NOT remove the fan guard. When the fan is rotating at high speed, it will cause injury.



CAUTION: Pay attention to the fan!

It is dangerous to inspect the unit while the fan is running.

Make sure to turn OFF the main switch before executing any maintenance task.



CAUTION

After a long use, check the unit stand and fitting for damage. If damaged, the unit may fall and result in injury.



WARNING

NEVER replace a fuse with a fuse of a wrong ampere ratings or other wires when a fuse blows out. Use of wire or copper wire may cause the unit to break down or cause a fire.





WARNING

- Do NOT modify, disassemble, remove, reinstall or repair the unit yourself as incorrect dismantling or installation may cause an electrical shock or fire. Contact your dealer.
- In case of accidental refrigerant leaks, make sure there are no naked flames. The refrigerant itself is entirely safe, non-toxic and mildly flammable, but it will generate toxic gas when it accidentally leaks into a room where combustible air from fan heaters, gas cookers, etc. is present. Always have qualified service personnel confirm that the point of leakage has been repaired or corrected before resuming operation.



WARNING

- Do NOT pierce or burn refrigerant cycle parts.
- Do NOT use cleaning materials or means to accelerate the defrosting process other than those recommended by the manufacturer.
- Be aware that the refrigerant inside the system is odourless.



WARNING

The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater).



WARNING: MILDLY FLAMMABLE MATERIAL

The refrigerant inside this unit is mildly flammable.



WARNING

Stop operation and shut OFF the power if anything unusual occurs (burning smells etc.).

Leaving the unit running under such circumstances may cause breakage, electrical shock or fire. Contact your dealer.



CAUTION

NEVER expose little children, plants or animals directly to the airflow.





WARNING

The unit is equipped with a refrigerant leak detection system for safety.

To be effective, the unit MUST be electrically powered at all times after installation, except for maintenance.



5 About the system

The VRV 5-S uses R32 refrigerant which is rated as A2L and is mildly flammable. For compliance with the requirements for enhanced tightness refrigerating systems and IEC60335-2-40 the installer must take extra measures. For more information, see "3.1 Instructions for equipment using R32 refrigerant" [\triangleright 18].

The indoor unit part of this VRV 5-S heat pump system can be used for heating/ cooling applications. The type of indoor unit which can be used depends on the outdoor units series.

In general following type of indoor units can be connected to a VRV heat pump system (not exhaustive list, depending on outdoor unit model and indoor unit model combinations):

• VRV direct expansion indoor units (air to air applications).



WARNING

- Do NOT modify, disassemble, remove, reinstall or repair the unit yourself as incorrect dismantling or installation may cause an electrical shock or fire. Contact your dealer.
- In case of accidental refrigerant leaks, make sure there are no naked flames. The refrigerant itself is entirely safe, non-toxic and mildly flammable, but it will generate toxic gas when it accidentally leaks into a room where combustible air from fan heaters, gas cookers, etc. is present. Always have qualified service personnel confirm that the point of leakage has been repaired or corrected before resuming operation.



NOTICE

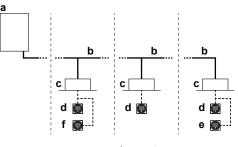
Do NOT use the system for other purposes. In order to avoid any quality deterioration, do NOT use the unit for cooling precision instruments, food, plants, animals, or works of art.

NOTICE

For future modifications or expansions of your system:

A full overview of allowable combinations (for future system extensions) is available in technical engineering data and should be consulted. Contact your installer to receive more information and professional advice.

5.1 System layout



- a Heat pump outdoor unit
- **b** Refrigerant piping
- c VRV direct expansion (DX) indoor unit
- ${\boldsymbol{\mathsf{d}}}\quad {\rm Remote\ controller\ in\ normal\ mode}$
- e Remote controller in alarm only mode
- f Remote controller in supervisor mode (mandatory in some situations)



6 User interface



CAUTION

- NEVER touch the internal parts of the controller.
- Do NOT remove the front panel. Some parts inside are dangerous to touch and appliance problems may happen. For checking and adjusting the internal parts, contact your dealer.

This operation manual offers a non-exhaustive overview of the main functions of the system.

Detailed information on required actions to achieve certain functions can be found in the dedicated installation and operation manual of the indoor unit.

Refer to the operation manual of the installed user interface.



7 Operation

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7.1 Before operation



WARNING

This unit contains electrical and hot parts.



WARNING

Before operating the unit, be sure the installation has been carried out correctly by an installer.



WARNING

The unit is equipped with a refrigerant leak detection system for safety.

To be effective, the unit MUST be electrically powered at all times after installation, except for maintenance.



CAUTION

- NEVER touch the internal parts of the controller.
- Do NOT remove the front panel. Some parts inside are dangerous to touch and appliance problems may happen. For checking and adjusting the internal parts, contact your dealer.



CAUTION

Do NOT insert fingers, rods or other objects into the air inlet or outlet. Do NOT remove the fan guard. When the fan is rotating at high speed, it will cause injury.



NOTICE

NEVER inspect or service the unit by yourself. Ask a qualified service person to perform this work.



This operation manual is for the following systems with standard control. Before initiating operation, contact your dealer for the operation that corresponds to your system type and mark. If your installation has a customised control system, ask your dealer for the operation that corresponds to your system.

Operation modes (depending on indoor unit type):

- Heating and cooling (air to air).
- Fan only operation (air to air).

Dedicated functions exist depending on the type of indoor unit, refer to dedicated installation/operation manual for more information.

7.2 Operation range

Use the system in the following temperature and humidity ranges for safe and effective operation.

	Cooling	Heating
Outdoor temperature	-5~46°C DB	-20~21°C DB
		–20~15.5°C WB
Indoor temperature	21~32°C DB	15~27°C DB
	14~25°C WB	
Indoor humidity	≤80% ^(a)	

^(a) To avoid condensation and water dripping out of the unit. If the temperature or the humidity is beyond these conditions, safety devices may be put in action and the air conditioner may not operate.

7.3 Operating the system

7.3.1 About operating the system

- Operation procedure varies according to the combination of outdoor unit and user interface.
- To protect the unit, turn on the main power switch 6 hours before operation.
- If the main power supply is turned off during operation, operation will restart automatically after the power turns back on again.
- 7.3.2 About cooling, heating, fan only, and automatic operation
 - Changeover cannot be made with a user interface whose display shows "change-over under centralised control" (refer to installation and operation manual of the user interface).
 - When the display ■★ "change-over under centralised control" flashes, refer to "7.6.1 About setting the master user interface" [▶ 35].
 - The fan may keep on running for about 1 minute after the heating operation stops.
 - The air flow rate may adjust itself depending on the room temperature or the fan may stop immediately. This is not a malfunction.



7.3.3 About the heating operation

It may take longer to reach the set temperature for general heating operation than for cooling operation.

The following operation is performed in order to prevent the heating capacity from dropping or cold air from blowing.

Defrost operation

In heating operation, freezing of the outdoor unit's air cooled coil increases over time, restricting the energy transfer to the outdoor unit's coil. Heating capability decreases and the system needs to go into defrost operation to be able to remove frost from the outdoor unit's coil. During defrost operation the heating capacity on the indoor unit side will temporarily drop until defrosting is completed. After defrosting, the unit will regain its full heating capacity.

The indoor unit will stop fan operation, the refrigerant cycle will reverse and energy from inside the building will be used to defrost the outdoor unit coil.

The indoor unit will indicate defrost operation on the display 🕬 🕼.

Hot start

In order to prevent cold air from blowing out of an indoor unit at the start of heating operation, the indoor fan is automatically stopped. The display of the user interface shows **COLD**. It may take some time before the fan starts. This is not a malfunction.

i	

INFORMATION

- The heating capacity drops when the outside temperature falls. If this happens, use another heating device together with the unit. (When using together with appliances that produce open fire, ventilate the room constantly). Do not place appliances that produce open fire in places exposed to the air flow from the unit or under the unit.
- It takes some time to heat up the room from the time the unit is started since the unit uses a hot-air circulating system to heat the entire room.
- If the hot air rises to the ceiling, leaving the area above the floor cold, we recommend that you use the circulator (the indoor fan for circulating air). Contact your dealer for details.

7.3.4 To operate the system (WITHOUT cool/heat changeover remote control switch)

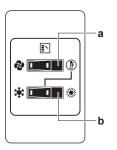
- **1** Press the operation mode selector button on the user interface several times and select the operation mode of your choice.
 - Cooling operation
 - Heating operation
 - Fan only operation
- **2** Press the ON/OFF button on the user interface.

Result: The operation lamp lights up and the system starts operating.



7.3.5 To operate the system (WITH cool/heat changeover remote control switch)

Overview of the changeover remote control switch



a FAN ONLY/AIR CONDITIONING SELECTOR SWITCH

Set the switch to 🏶 for fan only operation or to 🛞 for heating or cooling operation.

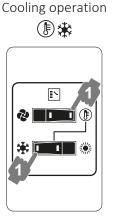
b COOL/HEAT CHANGEOVER SWITCH

Set the switch to $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{F}}$ for cooling or to $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{F}}$ for heating

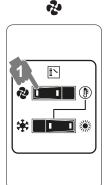
Note: In case a cool/heat changeover remote control switch is used, the position of DIP switch 1 (DS1-1) on the main PCB needs to be switched to the ON position.

To start

1 Select operation mode with the cool/heat changeover switch as follows:







Fan only operation

2 Press the ON/OFF button on the user interface.

Result: The operation lamp lights up and the system starts operating.

To stop

3 Press the ON/OFF button on the user interface once again.

Result: The operation lamp goes out and the system stops operating.



NOTICE

Do not turn off power immediately after the unit stops, but wait for at least 5 minutes.

To adjust

For programming temperature, fan speed and air flow direction refer to the operation manual of the user interface.

7.4 Using the dry program

7.4.1 About the dry program

• The function of this program is to decrease the humidity in your room with minimal temperature decrease (minimal room cooling).



- The micro computer automatically determines temperature and fan speed (cannot be set by the user interface).
- The system does not go into operation if the room temperature is low (<20°C).
- 7.4.2 To use the dry program (WITHOUT cool/heat changeover remote control switch)

To start

- 1 Press the operation mode selector button on the user interface several times and select 🖸 (program dry operation).
- 2 Press the ON/OFF button of the user interface.

Result: The operation lamp lights up and the system starts operating.

3 Press the air flow direction adjust button (only for double-flow, multi-flow, corner, ceiling-suspended and wall-mounted). Refer to "7.5 Adjusting the air flow direction" [> 34] for details.

To stop

4 Press the ON/OFF button on the user interface once again.

Result: The operation lamp goes out and the system stops operating.



NOTICE

Do not turn off power immediately after the unit stops, but wait for at least 5 minutes.

7.4.3 To use the dry program (WITH cool/heat changeover remote control switch)

To start

Select cooling operation mode with the cool/heat changeover remote control 1 switch.



- 2 Press the operation mode selector button on the user interface several times and select **(**program dry operation).
- **3** Press the ON/OFF button of the user interface.

Result: The operation lamp lights up and the system starts operating.

4 Press the air flow direction adjust button (only for double-flow, multi-flow, corner, ceiling-suspended and wall-mounted). Refer to "7.5 Adjusting the air flow direction" [> 34] for details.

To stop

5 Press the ON/OFF button on the user interface once again.

Result: The operation lamp goes out and the system stops operating.



NOTICE

Do not turn off power immediately after the unit stops, but wait for at least 5 minutes.

7.5 Adjusting the air flow direction

Refer to the operation manual of the user interface.

7.5.1 About the air flow flap



Double flow + multi-flow units

Wall-mounted units

For the following conditions, a micro computer controls the air flow direction which may be different from the display.

Cooling	Heating
When the room temperature is lower	 When starting operation.
than the set temperature.	 When the room temperature is higher than the set temperature.
	 At defrost operation.
• When operating continuously at horizo	stal air flaur direction

• When operating continuously at horizontal air flow direction.

• When continuous operation with downward air flow is performed at the time of cooling with a ceiling-suspended or a wall-mounted unit, the micro computer may control the flow direction, and then the user interface indication will also change.

The air flow direction can be adjusted in one of the following ways:

- The air flow flap itself adjusts its position.
- The air flow direction can be fixed by the user.
- Automatic \bigtriangledown and desired position \checkmark .



WARNING

NEVER touch the air outlet or the horizontal blades while the swing flap is in operation. Fingers may become caught or the unit may break down.

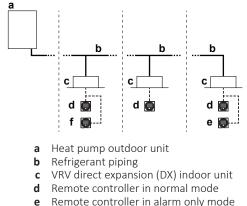
NOTICE

- The movable limit of the flap is changeable. Contact your dealer for details. (only for double-flow, multi-flow, corner, ceiling-suspended and wall-mounted).
- Avoid operating in the horizontal direction - □. It may cause dew or dust to settle on the ceiling or flap.



7.6 Setting the master user interface

7.6.1 About setting the master user interface



Remote controller in supervisor mode (mandatory in some situations)

When the system is installed as shown in the figure above, it is necessary to designate one of the user interfaces as the master user interface.

The displays of slave user interfaces show **N** (change-over under centralised control) and slave user interfaces automatically follow the operation mode directed by the master user interface.

Only the master user interface can select heating or cooling mode.

7.6.2 To designate the master user interface

f

1 Press the operation mode selector button of the current master user interface for 4 seconds. In case this procedure was not yet performed, the procedure can be executed on the first user interface operated.

Result: The display showing **E** (change-over under centralised control) of all slave user interfaces connected to the same outdoor unit flashes.

2 Press the operation mode selector button of the controller that you wish to designate as the master user interface.

Result: Designation is completed. This user interface is designated as the master user interface and the display showing **Solution** (change-over under centralised control) vanishes. The displays of other user interfaces show **Solution** (change-over under centralised control).



8 Energy saving and optimum operation

Observe the following precautions to ensure the system operates properly.

- Adjust the air outlet properly and avoid direct air flow to room inhabitants.
- Adjust the room temperature properly for a comfortable environment. Avoid excessive heating or cooling.
- Prevent direct sunlight from entering a room during cooling operation by using curtains or blinds.
- Ventilate often. Extended use requires special attention to ventilation.
- Keep doors and windows closed. If the doors and windows remain open, air will flow out of your room causing a decrease in the cooling or heating effect.
- Be careful NOT to cool or heat too much. To save energy, keep the temperature setting at a moderate level.
- NEVER place objects near the air inlet or the air outlet of the unit. Doing so may cause a reduced heating/cooling effect or stop operation.
- Turn off the main power supply switch to the unit when the unit is not used for longer periods of time. If the switch is on, it consumes electricity. Before restarting the unit, turn on the main power supply switch 6 hours before operation to ensure smooth running. (Refer to "Maintenance" in the indoor unit manual.)
- When the display shows ∰[™] (time to clean the air filter), ask a qualified service person to clean the filters. (Refer to "Maintenance" in the indoor unit manual.)
- Keep the indoor unit and user interface at least 1 m away from televisions, radios, stereos, and other similar equipment. Failing to do so may cause static or distorted pictures.
- Do NOT place items under the indoor unit, as they may be damaged by water.
- Condensation may form if the humidity is above 80% or if the drain outlet gets blocked.

This heat pump system is equipped with advanced energy saving functionality. Depending on the priority, emphasises can be put on energy saving or comfort level. Several parameters can be selected, resulting in the optimal balance between energy consumption and comfort for the particular application.

Several patterns are available and roughly explained below. Contact your installer or dealer for advice or to modify the parameters to the needs of your building.

Detailed information is given for the installer in the installation manual. He can help you to realize the best balance between energy consumption and comfort.

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8.1 Available main operation methods

Basic

The refrigerant temperature is fixed independent from the situation. It corresponds to the standard operation which is known and can be expected from/ under previous VRV systems.

Automatic

The refrigerant temperature is set depending on the outdoor ambient conditions. As such adjusting the refrigerant temperature to match the required load (which is also related to the outdoor ambient conditions).

E.g., when your system is operating in cooling, you do not need as much cooling under low outdoor ambient temperatures (e.g., 25°C) as under high outdoor ambient temperatures (e.g., 35°C). Using this idea, the system automatically starts increasing its refrigerant temperature, automatically reducing the delivered capacity and increasing the system's efficiency.

Hi-sensible/economic (cooling/heating)

The refrigerant temperature is set higher/lower (cooling/heating) compared to basic operation. The focus under high sensible mode is comfort feeling for the customer.

The selection method of indoor units is important and has to be considered as the available capacity is not the same as under basic operation.

For details concerning to Hi-sensible applications, please contact your installer.

8.2 Available comfort settings

For each of above modes a comfort level can be selected. The comfort level is related to the timing and the effort (energy consumption) which is put in achieving a certain room temperature by temporarily changing the refrigerant temperature to different values in order to achieve requested conditions more quickly.

- Powerful
- Quick
- Mild
- Eco



9 Maintenance and service



WARNING

The unit is equipped with a refrigerant leak detection system for safety.

To be effective, the unit MUST be electrically powered at all times after installation, except for maintenance.



WARNING

NEVER replace a fuse with a fuse of a wrong ampere ratings or other wires when a fuse blows out. Use of wire or copper wire may cause the unit to break down or cause a fire.



CAUTION

Do NOT insert fingers, rods or other objects into the air inlet or outlet. Do NOT remove the fan guard. When the fan is rotating at high speed, it will cause injury.



CAUTION

After a long use, check the unit stand and fitting for damage. If damaged, the unit may fall and result in injury.



NOTICE

NEVER inspect or service the unit by yourself. Ask a qualified service person to perform this work.



NOTICE

Do NOT wipe the controller operation panel with benzine, thinner, chemical dust cloth, etc. The panel may get discoloured or the coating peeled off. If it is heavily dirty, soak a cloth in water-diluted neutral detergent, squeeze it well and wipe the panel clean. Wipe it with another dry cloth.

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9.1 After a long stop period

- E.g., at the beginning of the season.
- Check and remove everything that might be blocking inlet and outlet vents of indoor units and outdoor units.
- Clean air filters and casings of indoor units. Contact your installer or maintenance person to clean air filters and casings of the indoor unit. Maintenance tips and procedures for cleaning are provided in the installation/operation manuals of dedicated indoor units. Make sure to install cleaned air filters back in the same position.
- Turn on the power at least 6 hours before operating the unit in order to ensure smoother operation. As soon as the power is turned on, the user interface display appears.

9.2 Before a long stop period

E.g., at the end of the season.

- Let the indoor units run in fan only operation for about half a day in order to dry the interior of the units. Refer to "7.3.2 About cooling, heating, fan only, and automatic operation" [▶ 30] for details on fan only operation.
- Turn off the power. The user interface display disappears.
- Clean air filters and casings of indoor units. Contact your installer or maintenance person to clean air filters and casings of the indoor unit. Maintenance tips and procedures for cleaning are provided in the installation/operation manuals of dedicated indoor units. Make sure to install cleaned air filters back in the same position.

9.3 About the refrigerant

This product contains fluorinated greenhouse gases. Do NOT vent gases into the atmosphere.

Refrigerant type: R32

Global warming potential (GWP) value: 675

Periodical inspections for refrigerant leaks may be required depending on the applicable legislation. Contact your installer for more information.



NOTICE

Applicable legislation on **fluorinated greenhouse gases** requires that the refrigerant charge of the unit is indicated both in weight and CO_2 equivalent.

Formula to calculate the quantity in CO $_2$ equivalent tonnes: GWP value of the refrigerant × total refrigerant charge [in kg]/1000

Contact your installer for more information.



WARNING: MILDLY FLAMMABLE MATERIAL

The refrigerant inside this unit is mildly flammable.





WARNING

• The refrigerant inside the unit is mildly flammable, but normally does NOT leak. If the refrigerant leaks in the room and comes in contact with fire from a burner, a heater, or a cooker, this may result in fire, or the formation of a harmful gas.

- Turn OFF any combustible heating devices, ventilate the room, and contact the dealer where you purchased the unit.
- Do NOT use the unit until a service person confirms that the part from which the refrigerant leaked has been repaired.



WARNING

The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater).



WARNING

- Do NOT pierce or burn refrigerant cycle parts.
- Do NOT use cleaning materials or means to accelerate the defrosting process other than those recommended by the manufacturer.
- Be aware that the refrigerant inside the system is odourless.

9.4 After-sales service and warranty

9.4.1 Warranty period

- This product includes a warranty card that was filled in by the dealer at the time of installation. The completed card has to be checked by the customer and stored carefully.
- If repairs to the product are necessary within the warranty period, contact your dealer and keep the warranty card at hand.

9.4.2 Recommended maintenance and inspection

Since dust collects when using the unit for several years, performance of the unit will deteriorate to some extent. As taking apart and cleaning interiors of units requires technical expertise and in order to ensure the best possible maintenance of your units, we recommend to enter into a maintenance and inspection contract on top of normal maintenance activities. Our network of dealers has access to a permanent stock of essential components in order to keep your unit in operation as long as possible. Contact your dealer for more information.

When asking your dealer for an intervention, always state:

- The complete model name of the unit.
- The manufacturing number (stated on the nameplate of the unit).
- The installation date.
- The symptoms or malfunction, and details of the defect.





WARNING

- Do NOT modify, disassemble, remove, reinstall or repair the unit yourself as incorrect dismantling or installation may cause an electrical shock or fire. Contact your dealer.
- In case of accidental refrigerant leaks, make sure there are no naked flames. The refrigerant itself is entirely safe, non-toxic and mildly flammable, but it will generate toxic gas when it accidentally leaks into a room where combustible air from fan heaters, gas cookers, etc. is present. Always have qualified service personnel confirm that the point of leakage has been repaired or corrected before resuming operation.

9.4.3 Recommended maintenance and inspection cycles

Be aware that the mentioned maintenance and replacement cycles do not relate to the warranty period of the components.

Component	Inspection cycle	Maintenance cycle (replacements and/or repairs)
Electric motor	1 year	20,000 hours
PCB		25,000 hours
Heat exchanger		5 years
Sensor (thermistor, etc.)		5 years
User interface and switches		25,000 hours
Drain pan		8 years
Expansion valve		20,000 hours
Solenoid valve		20,000 hours

The table assumes the following conditions of use:

- Normal use without frequent starting and stopping of the unit. Depending on the model, we recommend not starting and stopping the machine more than 6 times/hour.
- Operation of the unit is assumed to be 10 hours/day and 2,500 hours/year.

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NOTICE

- The table indicates main components. Refer to your maintenance and inspection contract for more details.
- The table indicates recommended intervals of maintenance cycles. However, in order to keep the unit operational as long as possible, maintenance work may be required sooner. Recommended intervals can be used for appropriate maintenance design in terms of budgeting maintenance and inspection fees. Depending on the content of the maintenance and inspection contract, inspection and maintenance cycles may in reality be shorter than listed.

9.4.4 Shortened maintenance and replacement cycles

Shortening of "maintenance cycle" and "replacement cycle" needs to be considered in following situations:

The unit is used in locations where:

• Heat and humidity fluctuate out of the ordinary.

- · Power fluctuation is high (voltage, frequency, wave distortion, etc.) (the unit cannot be used if power fluctuation is outside the allowable range).
- Bumps and vibrations are frequent.
- Dust, salt, harmful gas or oil mist such as sulphurous acid and hydrogen sulfide may be present in the air.
- The machine is started and stopped frequently or operation time is long (sites with 24 hour air-conditioning).

Recommended replacement cycle of wear parts

Component	Inspection cycle	Maintenance cycle (replacements and/or repairs)
Air filter	1 year	5 years
High efficiency filter		1 year
Fuse		10 years
Crankcase heater		8 years
Pressure containing parts		In case of corrosion, contact your local dealer.



NOTICE

- The table indicates main components. Refer to your maintenance and inspection contract for more details.
- The table indicates recommended intervals of replacement cycles. However, in order to keep the unit operational as long as possible, maintenance work may be required sooner. Recommended intervals can be used for appropriate maintenance design in terms of budgeting maintenance and inspection fees. Contact your dealer for details.



INFORMATION

Damage due to taking apart or cleaning interiors of units by anyone other than our authorised dealers may not be included in the warranty.



10 Troubleshooting

If one of the following malfunctions occur, take the measures shown below and contact your dealer.



WARNING

Stop operation and shut OFF the power if anything unusual occurs (burning smells etc.).

Leaving the unit running under such circumstances may cause breakage, electrical shock or fire. Contact your dealer.

The system MUST be repaired by a qualified service person.

Malfunction	Measure
If a safety device such as a fuse, a breaker or an earth leakage breaker frequently actuates or the ON/OFF switch does NOT properly work.	Turn OFF the main power switch.
The operation switch does NOT work well.	Turn OFF the power supply.
If the user interface display indicates the unit number, the operation lamp flashes and the malfunction code appears.	Notify your installer and report the malfunction code.

If the system does NOT operate properly except for the above mentioned cases and none of the above mentioned malfunctions is evident, investigate the system in accordance with the following procedures.

Malfunction	Measure
If a refrigerant leak occurs (error code Я¤/Ен)	 Actions will be taken by the system. Do NOT turn OFF the power supply.
	 Notify your installer and report the malfunction code.
If the system does not operate at all.	 Check if there is no power failure. Wait until power is restored. If power failure occurs during operation, the system automatically restarts immediately after power is restored.
	 Check if no fuse has blown or breaker is activated. Change the fuse or reset the breaker if necessary.
If the system goes into fan only operation, but as soon as it goes into heating or	 Check if air inlet or outlet of outdoor or indoor unit is not blocked by obstacles. Remove any obstacles and make sure the air can flow freely.
cooling operation, the system stops.	 Check if the user interface display shows an the home screen. Refer to the installation and operation manual delivered with the indoor unit.



Malfunction	Measure
The system operates but cooling or heating is insufficient.	 Check if air inlet or outlet of outdoor or indoor unit is not blocked by obstacles. Remove any obstacles and make sure the air can flow freely.
	 Check if the air filter is not clogged (refer to "Maintenance" in the indoor unit manual).
	 Check the temperature setting.
	 Check the fan speed setting on your user interface.
	 Check for open doors or windows. Close doors and windows to prevent wind from coming in.
	 Check if there are too many occupants in the room during cooling operation. Check if the heat source of the room is excessive.
	 Check if direct sunlight enters the room. Use curtains or blinds.
	 Check if the air flow angle is proper.

If after checking all above items, it is impossible to fix the problem yourself, contact your installer and state the symptoms, the complete model name of the unit (with manufacturing number if possible) and the installation date (possibly listed on the warranty card).

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10.1 Error codes: Overview

In case a malfunction code appears on the indoor unit user interface display, contact your installer and inform the malfunction code, the unit type, and serial number (you can find this information on the nameplate of the unit).

For your reference, a list with malfunction codes is provided. You can, depending on the level of the malfunction code, reset the code by pushing the ON/OFF button. If not, ask your installer for advice.

Main code	Contents
RD	External protection device was activated
RD- I I	The R32 sensor in one of the indoor units has detected a refrigerant $\text{leak}^{(a)}$
яо/сн	Safety system error (leak detection) ^(a)
R I	EEPROM failure (indoor)
83	Drain system malfunction (indoor)
86	Fan motor malfunction (indoor)
Я Т	Swing flap motor malfunction (indoor)
89	Expansion valve malfunction (indoor)
RF	Drain malfunction (indoor unit)
RH	Filter dust chamber malfunction (indoor)
RJ	Capacity setting malfunction (indoor)
Ε Ι	Transmission malfunction between main PCB and sub PCB (indoor)
ĽЧ	Heat exchanger thermistor malfunction (indoor; liquid)
E S	Heat exchanger thermistor malfunction (indoor; gas)
69	Suction air thermistor malfunction (indoor)
ER	Discharge air thermistor malfunction (indoor)
CE	Movement detector or floor temperature sensor malfunction (indoor)
CH-0 I	R32 sensor malfunction in one of the indoor units ^(a)
CH-02	R32 sensor end of lifetime in one of the indoor units ^(a)
CH-05	R32 sensor 6 months before end of lifetime in one of the indoor units ^(a)
CH- 10	Waiting for R32 sensor replacement confirmation from one of the indoor units ^(a)
E J	User interface thermistor malfunction (indoor)
E I	PCB malfunction (outdoor)
EЗ	High pressure switch was activated
EЧ	Low pressure malfunction (outdoor)
<i>E5</i>	Compressor lock detection (outdoor)
E٦	Fan motor malfunction (outdoor)



Main code	Contents
E9	Electronic expansion valve malfunction (outdoor)
FB	Discharge temperature malfunction (outdoor)
FЧ	Abnormal suction temperature (outdoor)
F5	Refrigerant overcharge detection
нз	High pressure switch malfunction
нл	Fan motor trouble (outdoor)
НЯ	Ambient temperature sensor malfunction (outdoor)
۱ ۱	Pressure sensor malfunction
51	Current sensor malfunction
EL	Discharge temperature sensor malfunction (outdoor)
J5	Suction temperature sensor malfunction (outdoor)
J6	De-icing temperature sensor malfunction (outdoor)
רנ	Liquid temperature sensor (after subcool HE) malfunction (outdoor)
٦٦	Gas temperature sensor (after subcool HE) malfunction (outdoor)
JR	High pressure sensor malfunction (S1NPH)
JE	Low pressure sensor malfunction (S1NPL)
L I	INV PCB abnormal
LH	Fin temperature abnormal
LS	Inverter PCB faulty
L8	Compressor over current detected
L9	Compressor lock (startup)
LE	Shut-off PCB transmission trouble or disconnection
P I	INV unbalanced power supply voltage
РЧ	Fin thermistor malfunction
PJ	Capacity setting malfunction (outdoor)
UD	Abnormal low pressure drop, faulty expansion valve
50	INV voltage power shortage
UЗ	System test run not yet executed
UH	Faulty wiring indoor/outdoor
US	Abnormal user interface - indoor communication
UB	Abnormal main-sub user interface communication
U9	System mismatch. Wrong type of indoor units combined. Indoor unit malfunction.
UR	Connection malfunction over indoor units or type mismatch
UR-SS	System lock
UR-56	Back-up PCB error
UR-5 7	External ventilation input error



Main code	Contents
UE	Centralised address duplication
UE	Malfunction in communication centralised control device - indoor unit
UF	Auto address malfunction (inconsistency)
ин	Auto address malfunction (inconsistency)

^(a) The error code is only shown on the user interface of the indoor unit where the error occurs.

10.2 Symptoms that are NOT system malfunctions

The following symptoms are NOT system malfunctions:

- 10.2.1 Symptom: The system does not operate
 - The air conditioner does not start immediately after the ON/OFF button on the user interface is pressed. If the operation lamp lights, the system is in normal condition. To prevent overloading of the compressor motor, the air conditioner starts 5 minutes after it is turned ON again in case it was turned OFF just before. The same starting delay occurs after the operation mode selector button was used.
 - If "Under Centralized Control" is displayed on the user interface, pressing the operation button causes the display to blink for a few seconds. The blinking display indicates that the user interface cannot be used.
 - The system does not start immediately after the power supply is turned on. Wait one minute until the micro computer is prepared for operation.
- 10.2.2 Symptom: Cool/Heat cannot be changed over
 - When the display shows 🗈 (change-over under centralized control), it shows that this is a slave user interface.
 - When the cool/heat changeover remote control switch is installed and the display shows (). (change-over under centralized control), this is because cool/ heat changeover is controlled by the cool/ heat changeover remote control switch. Ask your dealer where the remote control switch is installed.
- 10.2.3 Symptom: Fan operation is possible, but cooling and heating do not work

Immediately after the power is turned on. The micro computer is getting ready to operate and is performing a communication check with all indoor units. Please wait 12 minutes maximally until this process is finished.

10.2.4 Symptom: The fan speed does not correspond to the setting

The fan speed does not change even if the fan speed adjustment button is pressed. During heating operation, when the room temperature reaches the set temperature, the outdoor unit goes off and the indoor unit changes to whisper fan speed. This is to prevent cold air blowing directly on occupants of the room. The fan speed will not change even when another indoor unit is in heating operation, if the button is pressed.



10.2.5 Symptom: The fan direction does not correspond to the setting

The fan direction does not correspond with the user interface display. The fan direction does not swing. This is because the unit is being controlled by the micro computer.

10.2.6 Symptom: White mist comes out of a unit (Indoor unit)

- When humidity is high during cooling operation. If the interior of an indoor unit is extremely contaminated, the temperature distribution inside a room becomes uneven. It is necessary to clean the interior of the indoor unit. Ask your dealer for details on cleaning the unit. This operation requires a qualified service person.
- Immediately after the cooling operation stops and if the room temperature and humidity are low. This is because warm refrigerant gas flows back into the indoor unit and generates steam.
- 10.2.7 Symptom: White mist comes out of a unit (Indoor unit, outdoor unit)

When the system is changed over to heating operation after defrost operation. Moisture generated by defrost becomes steam and is exhausted.

10.2.8 Symptom: The user interface reads "U4" or "U5" and stops, but then restarts after a few minutes

This is because the user interface is intercepting noise from electric appliances other than the air conditioner. The noise prevents communication between the units, causing them to stop. Operation automatically restarts when the noise ceases. A power reset may help to remove this error.

- 10.2.9 Symptom: Noise of air conditioners (Indoor unit)
 - A "zeen" sound is heard immediately after the power supply is turned on. The electronic expansion valve inside an indoor unit starts working and makes the noise. Its volume will reduce in about one minute.
 - A continuous low "shah" sound is heard when the system is in cooling operation or at a stop. When the drain pump (optional accessories) is in operation, this noise is heard.
 - A "pishi-pishi" squeaking sound is heard when the system stops after heating operation. Expansion and contraction of plastic parts caused by temperature change make this noise.
 - A low "sah", "choro-choro" sound is heard while the indoor unit is stopped. When another indoor unit is in operation, this noise is heard. In order to prevent oil and refrigerant from remaining in the system, a small amount of refrigerant is kept flowing.
- 10.2.10 Symptom: Noise of air conditioners (Indoor unit, outdoor unit)
 - A continuous low hissing sound is heard when the system is in cooling or defrost operation. This is the sound of refrigerant gas flowing through both indoor and outdoor units.
 - A hissing sound which is heard at the start or immediately after stopping operation or defrost operation. This is the noise of refrigerant caused by flow stop or flow change.

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10.2.11 Symptom: Noise of air conditioners (Outdoor unit)

When the tone of operating noise changes. This noise is caused by the change of frequency.

10.2.12 Symptom: Dust comes out of the unit

When the unit is used for the first time in a long time. This is because dust has gotten into the unit.

10.2.13 Symptom: The units can give off odours

The unit can absorb the smell of rooms, furniture, cigarettes, etc., and then emit it again.

10.2.14 Symptom: The outdoor unit fan does not spin

During operation. The speed of the fan is controlled in order to optimise product operation.

10.2.15 Symptom: The compressor in the outdoor unit does not stop after a short heating operation

This is to prevent refrigerant from remaining in the compressor. The unit will stop after 5 to 10 minutes.

10.2.16 Symptom: The inside of an outdoor unit is warm even when the unit has stopped

This is because the crankcase heater is warming the compressor so that the compressor can start smoothly.

10.2.17 Symptom: Hot air can be felt when the indoor unit is stopped

Several different indoor units are being run on the same system. When another unit is running, some refrigerant will still flow through the unit.



11 Relocation

Contact your dealer to remove and reinstall the entire unit. Moving units requires technical expertise.



12 Disposal

This unit uses hydrofluorocarbon. Contact your dealer when discarding this unit. It is required by law to collect, transport and discard the refrigerant in accordance with the "hydrofluorocarbon collection and destruction" regulations.



NOTICE

Do NOT try to dismantle the system yourself: dismantling of the system, treatment of the refrigerant, oil and other parts MUST comply with applicable legislation. Units MUST be treated at a specialised treatment facility for reuse, recycling and recovery.



13 Technical data

13.1 Eco Design requirements

Follow the steps below to consult the Energy Label - Lot 21 data of the unit and outdoor/indoor combinations.

- 1 Open the following webpage: https://energylabel.daikin.eu/
- **2** To continue, choose:
 - "Continue to Europe" for the international website.
 - "Other country" for a country related site.

Result: You are directed to the "Seasonal efficiency" webpage.

- **3** Under "Eco Design Ener LOT 21", click "Generate your data".
 - **Result:** You are directed to the "Seasonal efficiency (LOT 21)" webpage.
- 4 Follow the instructions on the webpage to select the correct unit.

Result: When the selection is done, the LOT 21 datasheet can be viewed as a PDF or a HTML webpage.



INFORMATION

Other documents (e.g. manuals, ...) can also be consulted from the resulting webpage.



For the installer

RXYSA4~6A7V/Y1B VRV 5-S system air conditioner 4P600330-1D – 2023.02



14 About the box

Keep the following in mind:

- At delivery, the unit MUST be checked for damage and completeness. Any damage or missing parts MUST be reported immediately to the claims agent of the carrier.
- Bring the packed unit as close as possible to its final installation position to prevent damage during transport.
- Prepare in advance the path along which you want to bring the unit to its final installation position.

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14.1 Overview: About the box

This chapter describes what you have to do after the box with the outdoor unit is delivered on-site.

Keep the following in mind:

- At delivery, the unit MUST be checked for damage and completeness. Any damage or missing parts MUST be reported immediately to the claims agent of the carrier.
- Bring the packed unit as close as possible to its final installation position to prevent damage during transport.
- Prepare in advance the path along which you want to bring the unit to its final installation position.
- When handling the unit, take into account the following:



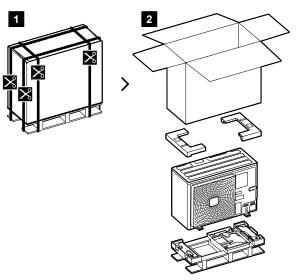
Fragile, handle the unit with care.

I Keep the unit upright in order to avoid compressor damage.



14.2 Outdoor unit

14.2.1 To unpack the outdoor unit



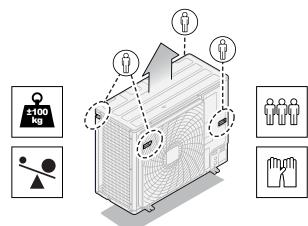
14.2.2 To handle the outdoor unit



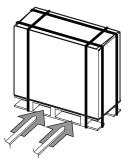
CAUTION

To avoid injury, do NOT touch the air inlet or aluminium fins of the unit.

Carry the unit slowly as shown:

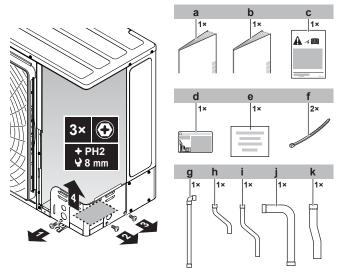


Forklift. As long as the unit remains on its pallet, you can also use a forklift.





- 14.2.3 To remove the accessories from the outdoor unit
 - **1** Remove the service cover. See "17.2.2 To open the outdoor unit" [> 76].



- **a** General safety precautions
- **b** Outdoor unit installation manual
- Caution label С
- d Fluorinated greenhouse gases label
- e Additional refrigerant charge label
- f Cable tie
- **g** Liquid line piping bend
- h Liquid line piping shorti Liquid line piping long
- **j** Gas line piping bend
- k Gas line piping



15 About the units and options

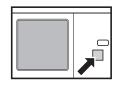
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15.1 Identification

15.1.1 Identification label: Outdoor unit

Location



Model identification

Example: R X Y S A 6 A7 Y1 B

Code	Explanation
R	Outdoor air cooled
X	Heat pump (no continuous heating)
Υ	Single module
S	S series
A	Refrigerant R32
4~6	Capacity class
A7	Model series
V1	Power supply: 1~, 220~240 V, 50 Hz
Y1	Power supply: 3N~, 380~415 V, 50 Hz
В	European market

15.2 About the outdoor unit

This installation manual concerns the VRV, full inverter driven, heat pump system.

These units are intended for outdoor installation and aimed for air to air heat pump applications.

Specif	ication	RXYSA4~6
Capacity	Heating	14.2~18.0 kW
	Cooling	12.1~15.5 kW



Specif	ication	RXYSA4~6
Ambient design temperature	Heating	-20~21°C DB -20~15.5°C WB
	Cooling	−5~46°C DB

15.3 System layout



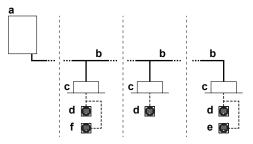
WARNING

The installation MUST comply with the requirements that apply to this R32 equipment. For more information, see "3.1 Instructions for equipment using R32 refrigerant" [> 18].



INFORMATION

Not all combinations of indoor units are allowed, for guidance, see "15.4.2 Possible combinations of indoor units" [\triangleright 59].



a Heat pump outdoor unit

- **b** Refrigerant piping
- c VRV direct expansion (DX) indoor unit
- **d** Remote controller in normal mode
- **e** Remote controller in alarm only mode
- f Remote controller in supervisor mode (mandatory in some situations)

15.4 Combining units and options



INFORMATION

Certain options may NOT be available in your country.

15.4.1 About combining units and options



NOTICE

To be sure your system setup (outdoor unit+indoor unit(s)) will work, you have to consult the latest technical engineering data for the VRV heat pump.

This heat pump system can be combined with several types of indoor units and is intended for R32 use only.

For an overview of available units are you can consult the product catalogue.

An overview is given indicating the allowed combinations of indoor units and outdoor units. Not all combinations are allowed. They are subject to rules (combination between outdoor units, indoor units and remote controllers, etc.) mentioned in the technical engineering data.



15.4.2 Possible combinations of indoor units

In general following type of indoor units can be connected to a VRV heat pump system. The list is non-exhaustive and is depending on both outdoor unit model and indoor unit model combinations.

- VRV direct expansion (DX) indoor units (air to air applications).
- 15.4.3 Possible options for the outdoor unit

Bottom plate heater (EKBPH250D7)

- Prevents freeze-up of the bottom plate.
- Recommended in areas with low ambient temperature and high humidity.
- For installation instructions, see the installation manual of the bottom plate heater.

Cool/heat selector (KRC19-26A)

To control the cooling or heating operation from a central location.

A surface-mounting kit (KJB111A) is available for installing the switch onto a wall.

For connecting the cool/heat selector switch to the outdoor unit, see "20.4 To connect the cool/heat selector switch option" [> 116].

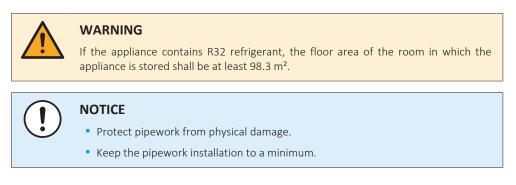


16 Special requirements for R32 units

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16.1 Installation space requirements



16.2 System layout requirements

The VRV 5-S uses R32 refrigerant which is rated as A2L and is mildly flammable.

To comply with the requirements of enhanced tightness refrigerating systems of the IEC 60335-2-40, this system is equipped with shut-off valves in the outdoor unit and an alarm in the remote controller. In case the requirements of this manual are followed, no additional safety measures are needed.

A big range of charge and room area combinations is allowed thanks to the countermeasures that are implemented in the unit by default.

Follow the installation requirements below to ensure that the complete system is compliant to legislation.

Outdoor unit installation

The outdoor unit must be installed outside. For indoor installation of the outdoor unit, additional measures can be necessary to comply with the applicable legislation.

A terminal for external output is available in the outdoor unit. This SVS output can be used when additional countermeasures are needed. The SVS output is a contact on terminal X2M that closes in case a leak is detected, failure or disconnection of the R32 sensor (located in the indoor unit).

For more information about the SVS output, see "20.3 To connect the external outputs" [\triangleright 115].

Indoor unit installation



NOTICE

If one or more rooms are connected to the unit using a duct system, make sure air inlet AND outlet are connected directly to the same room by ducting. Do NOT use spaces such as a false ceiling as a duct for the air inlet or outlet.



For installation of the indoor unit, refer to the installation and operation manual delivered with the indoor unit. For compatibility of indoor units refer to the latest version of the technical data book of this unit.

The total amount of refrigerant in the system shall be less than or equal to the maximum allowed total refrigerant amount. The maximum allowed total refrigerant amount depends on the area of the rooms being served by the system and the rooms in the lowest underground floor.

See "16.3 To determine the charge limit" [▶ 65] to check if your system meets the requirement for charge limitation.

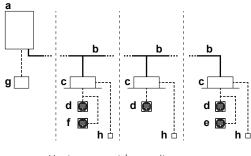
An optional output PCB for the indoor unit can be added to provide output for external device. The output PCB will trigger in case a leak is detected, the R32 sensor fails or when the sensor is disconnected. For exact model name see option list of the indoor unit. For more information about this option, refer to the installation manual of the optional output PCB.

Piping requirements

Piping must be installed according to instructions given in "18 Piping installation" [\triangleright 81]. Only mechanical joints (e.g. braze+flare connections) that are compliant with the latest version of ISO14903 can be used.

For piping installed in the occupied space, please make sure that the piping is protected against accidental damage. Piping should be checked according to procedure as mentioned in "18.3 Checking the refrigerant piping" [> 92].

Remote controller requirements



- a Heat pump outdoor unit
- **b** Refrigerant piping
- c VRV direct expansion (DX) indoor unit
- **d** Remote controller in normal mode
- e Remote controller in alarm only mode
- **f** Remote controller in supervisor mode (mandatory in some situations)
- **g** Centralised controller (optional)
- **h** Option PCB (optional)

For installation of the remote controller, please refer to the installation and operation manual delivered with the remote controller. Each indoor unit must be connected with a R32 safety system compatible remote controller (e.g. BRC1H52/82* or later type). These remote controllers have implemented safety measures that will warn the user visually and audibly in case of a leak.

For installation of the remote controller, it is mandatory to follow the requirements.

- 1 Only a safety system compatible remote controller can be used. See technical data sheet for remote controller compatibility (e.g. BRC1H52/82*).
- 2 Each indoor unit must be connected to a separate remote controller. In case indoor units are operating under group control, it is possible to use only one remote controller per room.

- **3** The remote controller put in the room served by the indoor unit must be in 'fully functional' or 'alarm only' mode. In case the indoor unit is serving a room other than where it is installed, a remote controller is required in both the installed and served room (some relaxations are possible, see examples below). For details about the different remote controller modes and how to set up, please check the note below or refer to the installation and operation manual delivered with the remote controller.
- **4** For buildings where sleeping facilities are offered (e.g. hotel), where persons are restricted in their movements (e.g. hospitals), an uncontrolled number of persons is present or buildings where people are not aware of the safety precautions it is mandatory to install one of the following devices at a location with 24-hour monitoring:
 - a supervisor remote controller
 - or a centralised controller. E.g., iTM with external alarm via WAGO module, iTM with built-in alarm, ...

Note: The remote controllers with built-in alarm will generate a visible and audible warning. E.g. the BRC1H52/82* remote controllers can generate an alarm of 65 dB (sound pressure, measured at 1 m distance of the alarm). Sound data is available in the technical data sheet of the remote controller. **The alarm should always be 15 dB louder than the background noise of the room.**

A field supply external alarm with a sound output 15 dB louder than the background noise of the room MUST be installed in the following cases:

- The sound output of the remote controller is not sufficient to guarantee the 15 dB difference. This alarm can be connected to the SVS output channel of the outdoor unit or to the optional output PCB of the indoor unit of that specific room. The outdoor SVS will trigger for any R32 leak detected in the complete system. For indoor units, the optional output is only triggered when its own R32 sensor detects a leak. For more information on the SVS output signal, see "20.2 To connect the electrical wiring to the outdoor unit" [> 112]. For more information on the optional output PCB of the indoor unit, please refer to the installer and user reference guide of the indoor unit.
- A centralised controller without built-in alarm is used, or the sound output of the centralised controller with built-in alarm is not sufficient to guarantee the 15 dB difference. Please refer to the installation manual of the centralised controller for the correct procedure to install the external alarm.

Note: Depending on the configuration, the remote controller is operable in three possible modes. Each mode offers different controller functionality. For detailed information about setting the operation mode of the remote controller and its function, please refer to the installer and user reference guide of the remote controller.

Mode	Function
Fully functional	The controller is fully functional. All normal functionality is available. This controller can be master or slave.
Alarm only	The controller only acts as leak detection alarm (for a single indoor unit). No functionality is available. The remote controller should always be put in the same room as the indoor unit. This controller can be master or slave.

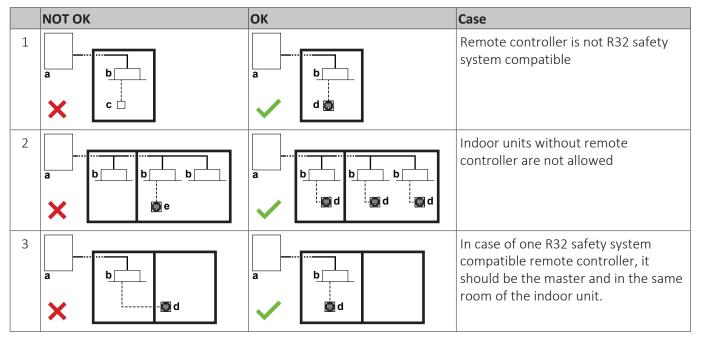


Mode	Function
Supervisor	The controller only acts as leak detection alarm (for the whole system, i.e. multiple indoor units and their respective controllers). No other functionality is available. The remote controller should be placed at a supervised location. This remote controller can only be the slave.
	Note: In order to add a supervisor remote controller to the system, a field setting should be set on both remote controller and outdoor unit.

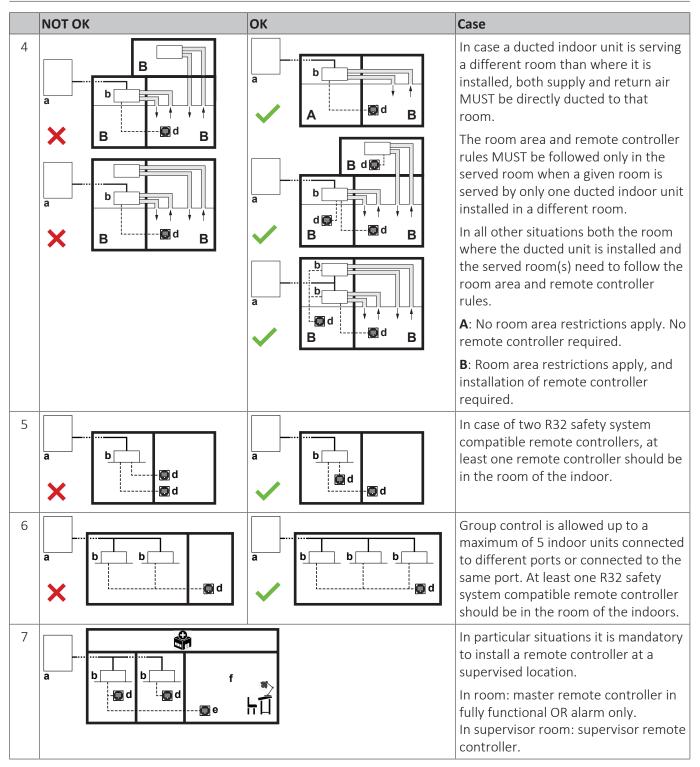
Note: Incorrect use of remote controllers can result in occurrence of error codes, non-operating system or system that is not compliant to applicable legislation.

Note: Some centralised controllers can also be used as supervisor remote controller. For further details on installation, please refer to the installation manual of the centralised controllers.

Examples







- **a** Outdoor unit
- **b** Indoor unit
- **c** Remote controller NOT compatible with R32 safety system
- **d** Remote controller compatible with R32 safety system
- e Remote controller in supervisor mode
- **f** Supervisor room
- **g** Ducts (supply and return air)



16.3 To determine the charge limit

Step 1 – In order to derive the total refrigerant charge limit in the system, determine the area:

- of the rooms where an indoor unit is installed.
- AND of the rooms served by a ducted indoor unit installed in a different room.

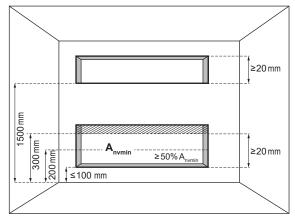
The room area can be determined by projecting the walls, doors and partitions to the floor and calculate the enclosed area. The area of the smallest room being served by the system is used in the next step to determine the maximum allowable total charge of the system.

Spaces connected by only false ceilings, ductwork, or similar connections shall not be considered a single space.

If the partition between two rooms on the same floor meets certain requirements, then the rooms are considered as one room and the areas of the rooms may be added up. In this way it is possible to increase the A_{min} value used to calculate the maximum allowed charge.

One of the following two requirements must be met to add up room areas:

- Rooms on the same floor that are connected with a permanent opening that extends to the floor and is intended for people to walk through can be considered as one room.
- Rooms on the same floor connected with openings that fulfil following requirements can be considered as a single room. The opening must consist out of two parts to allow for air circulation.



A_{nvmin} Minimal natural ventilation area

For the lower opening:

- It is not an opening to the outside
- The opening cannot be closed
- The opening must be $\geq 0.012 \text{ m}^2 (A_{\text{nvmin}})$
- The area of any openings above 300 mm from the floor does not count when determining $A_{\mbox{\scriptsize nvmin}}$
- At least 50% of $A_{\ensuremath{\text{nvmin}}}$ is less than 200 mm above the floor
- The bottom of the lower opening is ${\leq}100$ mm from the floor
- The height of the opening is ≥20 mm

For the upper opening:

- It is not an opening to the outside
- The opening cannot be closed
- The opening must be $\geq 0.006 \text{ m}^2 (50\% \text{ of } A_{\text{nymin}})$
- The bottom of the upper opening must be ≥1500 mm above the floor
- The height of the opening is $\geq 20 \text{ mm}$

Note: The requirement for the upper opening can be met by false ceilings, ventilation ducts or similar arrangements that provide an airflow path between the connected rooms.

Step 2 – Use the graph or table below to determine the total refrigerant charge limit in the system for each indoor unit AND for each room served by a ducted indoor unit.

Determine the value for both the lowest underground floor AND the other floors.

The total refrigerant charge limit depends on the effective installation height, measured between:

- the bottom side of the indoor unit and the lowest point of the floor, in case the indoor unit is installed in the same room.
- the bottom of the duct opening and the lowest point of the floor, for rooms served by a ducted indoor unit installed in a different room.

Note: If the height for your installation is not shown, use the closest lower height value in the table. E.g. for an installation height of 2.7 m, use the value corresponding with height 2.5 m of the table.

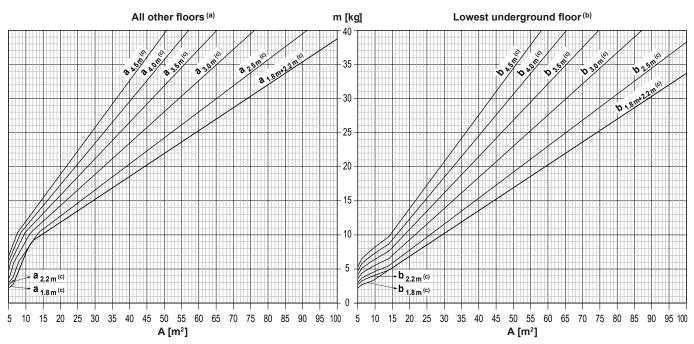
Refer to the databook for a more detailed table.

	NOTICE Indoor units and ducting cannot be installed lower than 1.8 m from the lowest point
\bigcirc	Indoor units and ducting cannot be installed lower than 1.8 m from the lowest point of the floor.

Note: The derived charge value should be rounded down.

4													
l													
Ш	ALL O	THER I	LOORS	3									
Π	Choose the curve 'a' that corresponds to the effective installation height												
Z		••••••			•••••	•••••							
	LOWE	ST UNI	DERGRO	OUND FLOOR									
	Choose installa			nat corresponds	to the e	ffective							





							m	kg]								m [kg]													
Α		A	ll oth	er flo	ors (a	I) _		Lo	owest	unde	eraro	und f	loor ⁽	o) _	A	All other floors ^(a) -			Lowest underground floor ^(b) -										
[m²]	Ef			tallat			t (c)				•	ion h			[m²]				Effective installation height (c)										
	1.8m	2.2 m	2.5m	3.0m	3.5 m	4.0m	4.5m	1.8m	2.2m	2.5 m	3.0m	3.5m	4.0 m	4.5m		1.8r	n 2.2n	1 2.5 r	n 3.0 n	1 3.5m	4.0m	4.5m	1.8m	2.2m	2.5m	3.0 m	3.5m	4.0 m	4.5m
5	2.1	2.5	2.9	3.5	4.7	6.0	6.8	2.1	2.5	2.9	3.5	4.0	4.6	5.2	53	22.			3 29.4				17.9	17.9	20.3	24.4	28.5	32.5	36.6
6	2.5	3.0	3.5	4.9	6.3	7.2	8.1	2.5	3.0	3.5	4.1	4.8	5.5	6.2	54	23.			7 29.9		38.2			18.2		24.9		33.2	
7	3.5 4.7	3.5 4.7	4.7	6.3 7.2	7.4 8.4	8.4 9.6	9.5	2.7 2.9	3.3 3.6	3.8 4.0	4.5	5.3 5.7	6.0 6.5	6.8 7.3	55 56	23.			1 30.3	34.5	38.8	43.0		18.6 18.9		25.3	29.5 30.1	33.8 34.4	38.0 38.7
9	6.0	4.7 6.0	6.0 6.8	7.2 8.1	8.4 9.5	9.6	10.5 11.2	3.1	3.6	4.0	4.8 5.1	5.7 6.0	6.9	7.3	57	23.			9 31.2			43.7	19.2	10.9	21.5	25.0	30.1	35.0	39.4
10	7.2	7.2	7.5	9.0	10.4	11.1	11.9	3.4	4.0	4.5	5.4	6.3	7.2	8.1	58	24.	_		3 31.7		40.6	45.1	19.6				31.2	35.6	40.1
11	8.3	8.3	8.3	9.9		11.8	12.6	3.7	4.2	4.7	5.7	6.6	7.6	8.5	59	24.9			6 32.2		41.2		19.9	19.9		27.2	31.7	36.2	40.8
12	9.0	9.0	9.0	10.5	11.4	12.4	13.3	4.1	4.4	4.9	5.9	6.9	7.9	8.9	60	25.3	3 25.3	8 28.0	0 32.6	37.2	41.8	46.4	20.3	20.3	23.0	27.6	32.2	36.8	41.4
13	9.4	9.4	9.8			13.0	14.0	4.4	4.5	5.1	6.2	7.2	8.2	9.3	61	25.0			4 33.1				20.6	20.6		28.1		37.5	42.1
14	9.7	9.7	10.4		12.5		14.7	4.7	4.7	5.4	6.4	7.5	8.6	9.7	62	25.9		-	8 33.6		43.1			20.9		28.6		38.1	42.8
15	10.1		10.8	11.9	13.1	14.2	15.4	5.1	5.1	5.8	6.9	8.1	9.2	10.4	63	26.					43.7			21.3		29.0	33.8	38.7	43.5
16	10.4	10.4	11.1 11.5	12.4 12.8	13.6	14.8	16.1 16.7	5.4 5.7	5.4 5.7	6.1 6.5	7.4	8.6 9.1	9.8 10.4	11.1 11.7	64 65	26.			6 34.5 9 34.9		44.3	49.2 49.9	21.6	21.6	24.6 24.9	29.5 29.9	34.4 34.9	39.3 39.9	44.2 44.9
18	11.1		11.9	13.3		16.1	17.4	6.1	6.1	6.9	8.3	9.1	11.1	12.4	66		3 27.3		3 35.4		44.9						35.5	40.5	45.6
19	11.4	11.4			15.2	16.7	18.1	6.4	6.4	7.3	8.7		11.7	13.1	67	27.0							22.6		25.7	30.9	36.0	41.1	46.3
20	11.8	11.8			15.7	17.3	18.8	6.8	6.8	7.7	9.2	10.7	12.3	13.8	68	28.			_				23.0		26.1	31.3	36.5	41.8	47.0
21	12.1	12.1	13.1	14.7	16.3	17.9	19.5	7.1	7.1	8.1	9.7	11.3	12.9	14.5	69	28.3	3 28.3	31.5	5 36.8	42.1	47.4	52.7	23.3	23.3	26.5	31.8	37.1	42.4	47.7
22	12.4		13.4		16.8		20.2	7.4	7.4	8.4	10.1		13.5	15.2	70	28.0					48.0		23.6			32.2	37.6	43.0	48.4
23	12.8		13.8	15.6		19.1	20.9	7.8	7.8	8.8	10.6	12.4		15.9	71	29.0					48.6	54.0	24.0		27.2	32.7	38.1	43.6	49.0
24	13.1	13.1		16.1			21.6	8.1	8.1	9.2	11.1	12.9		16.6	72	29.			6 38.2				24.3		27.6	33.2	38.7	44.2	49.7
25 26	13.4		14.6 15.0	16.5 17.0		20.4	22.3 23.0	8.4 8.8	8.4 8.8	9.6 10.0	11.5	13.4	15.4 16.0	17.3 18.0	73	29.						55.4 56.1	24.7	24.7 25.0		33.6 34.1	39.2 39.8	44.8 45.4	50.4 51.1
20	14.1		15.4	17.4			23.0	9.1	9.1	10.0	12.0	14.0		18.7	74	30.							25.0		28.8	34.1	40.3	46.1	51.8
28	14.5	14.5			20.0		24.3	9.5	9.5	10.7	12.9	15.0		19.3	76	30.							25.7			35.0		46.7	52.5
29	14.8	14.8	16.1	18.4	20.6	22.8	25.0	9.8	9.8	11.1	13.4	15.6	17.8	20.0	77	31.0	0 31.0	34.	5 40.5	46.4	52.3	58.2	26.0	26.0	29.5	35.5	41.4	47.3	53.2
30	15.1	15.1	16.5	18.8		23.4	25.7	10.1		11.5	13.8	16.1	18.4	20.7	78	31.3			9 40.9			58.9	26.3	26.3		35.9	41.9	47.9	53.9
31	15.5	15.5	16.9		21.7	24.0	26.4	10.5	10.5	11.9	14.3	16.7	19.0	21.4	79	31.			-		53.5	59.6	26.7		30.3		42.4	48.5	54.6
32	15.8	15.8					27.1	10.8	10.8		14.7	17.2		22.1	80		32.0						27.0		30.7			49.1	55.3
33	16.1	16.1	17.7		22.7		27.8	11.1	11.1	12.7	15.2	17.7	20.3	22.8	81	32.4						61.0		27.4	31.1		43.5	49.7	56.0
34 35	16.5	16.5	18.0	20.7 21.1	23.3 23.8		28.5 29.2	11.5	11.5 11.8	13.0	15.7 16.1	18.3	20.9 21.5	23.5 24.2	82	32.			5 42.8 9 43.2	-		61.6 62.3	27.7 28.0		31.5 31.9	37.8 38.2	44.1	50.3 51.0	56.6 57.3
36	17.2	17.2	18.8	21.6			29.9		12.2	13.4	16.6	19.3		24.9	84	33.4								28.4			45.1	51.6	
37	17.5	17.5	19.2	22.0	24.9	27.7	30.6	12.5	12.5	14.2	17.0	19.9	22.7	25.6	85	33.					57.2			28.7	32.6		45.7	52.2	58.7
38	17.8	17.8	19.6	22.5	25.4	28.3	31.2			14.6	17.5	20.4	23.3	26.2	86	34.0	0 34.0	38.0	0 44.6	51.2	57.8		29.0		33.0	39.6	46.2	52.8	59.4
39	18.2	18.2	20.0		26.0	28.9	31.9	13.2	13.2	15.0	18.0	21.0		26.9	87	34.4					58.4	65.1		29.4	33.4	40.1	46.7	53.4	60.1
40	18.5	18.5	20.4	23.4		29.6	32.6		13.5		18.4	21.5		27.6	88	34.	-						29.7				47.3		
41	18.8	18.8	20.7	23.9	27.0	30.2	33.3	13.8		15.7	18.9	22.0	25.2	28.3	89	35.						66.5	30.1				47.8	54.6	61.5
42	19.2	19.2	21.1		27.6	30.8	34.0	14.2	14.2	16.1	19.3	22.6		29.0	90 91	35.4					60.3	67.2	30.4				48.4		62.2
43	19.5	19.5 19.9		24.8 25.3	28.1	31.4 32.0	34.7 35.4	14.5 14.9	14.5 14.9		19.8 20.3	23.1	26.4 27.0	29.7 30.4	91	35.					61.5	67.9 68.5	30.7	30.7 31.1			48.9 49.4	55.9 56.5	62.9 63.5
44	20.2	20.2	22.3		20.0	32.0	36.1	14.9		17.3	20.3	23.0		31.1	92	36.4			-			69.2	31.4			42.4	49.4 50.0	57.1	64.2
46	20.5	20.5		26.2			36.8				21.2		28.2	31.8	94	36.			1 48.3				31.7					57.7	64.9
47	20.9	20.9	23.0		30.3	33.9	37.5	15.9		18.0	21.6		28.9	32.5	95	37.						70.6	32.1					58.3	65.6
48	21.2	21.2	23.4	27.1	30.8	34.5	38.2	16.2			22.1	25.8	29.5	33.2	96	37.4					63.9	71.3		32.4		44.2	51.6	58.9	66.3
49	21.5	21.5	23.8	27.6	31.3	35.1	38.8			18.8	22.6	26.3	30.1	33.8	97	37.8					64.6	72.0	32.8	32.8	37.2	44.7	52.1	59.6	67.0
50		21.9			31.9	35.7	39.5		16.9		23.0	26.9		34.5	98	38.					65.2	72.7	33.1					60.2	
51	22.2		24.6	28.5	32.4		40.2			19.6	23.5	27.4		35.2	99	38.4		43.0				73.4				45.6		60.8	68.4
52	22.6	22.6	25.0	28.9	32.9	36.9	40.9	0.11	17.0	20.0	23.9	27.9	31.9	35.9	100	38.	0 30.6	43.4	4 51.1	58.7	00.4	74.1	33.8	33.8	38.4	40.1	33.7	01.4	09.1

A Smallest room area

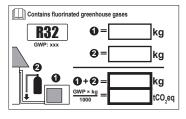
m Total refrigerant charge limit in the system

(a) All other floors

(=All other floors)



- (b) Lowest underground floor
 - (=Lowest underground floor)
- (c) Effective installation height (=Effective installation height)



Step 3 – Determine the total amount of refrigerant in the system:

Total charge=Factory charge $\mathbf{0}$ +additional charge $\mathbf{0}$ =3.4 kg+R^(a)

^(a) The R value is calculated in "19.4 To determine the additional refrigerant amount" [> 99].

Step 4 – The total refrigerant charge in the system **MUST be less than** the lowest value of the refrigerant charge limit for each room where an indoor unit is installed or that is served by a ducted indoor unit installed in a different room. If NOT, change the installation (see choices below) and repeat all of the above steps.

1. Increase the area of the room restricting the total charge.

OR

2. Decrease the piping length by changing the system layout.

OR

3. Increase the installation height of the unit or the duct.

OR

4. Add additional countermeasures as described in applicable legislation.

SVS output or optional output PCB for indoor unit can be used to connect and activate the additional countermeasures (e.g. mechanical ventilation). For more information, see "20.3 To connect the external outputs" [\triangleright 115].

OR

5. Fine-tune system with more detailed calculations in VRV Xpress.

The total refrigerant charge amount in the system MUST always be lower than the number of connected indoor units ×15.96 [kg], with a maximum of 63.84 kg.

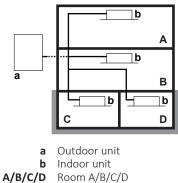
E.g. In a system with one indoor unit, the maximum refrigerant charge amount is: 1×15.96=15.96 kg.

Example 1:

		Ro	om	
	Α	В	С	D
Area [m²]	20	30	50	50
Installation height [m]	3.5	2.2	1.8	2.5
Lowest underground floor	_	—	•	•
Other floors	•	•	_	
Charge limit [kg]	15.7	15.1	16.9	19.2

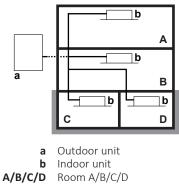


		Room A B C D					
	Α	В	С	D			
System charge limit [kg]		15.1					
System charge [kg]		16.0					
Judgement	lgement ×						



Example 2:

	Room			
	Α	В	С	D
Area [m²]	10 20 10		20	
Installation height [m]	3.0	2.2	3.0	2.2
Lowest underground floor	—	_	•	•
Other floors		•	—	_
Charge limit [kg]	9.0	11.8	5.4	6.8
System charge limit [kg]	5.4			
System charge [kg]	5.0			
Judgement	 ✓ 			

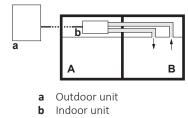


Example 3:

	Room		
	А	В	
Area [m²]	20	30	
Installation height [m]	2.5	2.5	
Lowest underground floor	—	_	
Other floors	•	•	

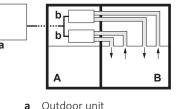


	Ro	Room		
	Α	В		
Charge limit [kg]	—	16.5		
System charge limit [kg]	1	16.5		
System charge [kg]	1	14.0		
Judgement		✓		



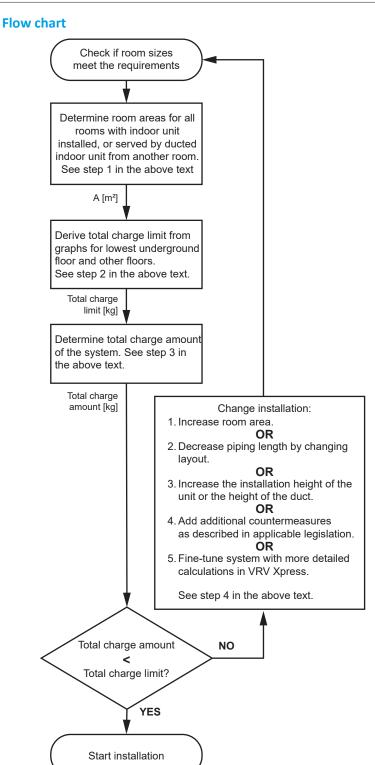
- **b** Indoor unit **A/B** Room A/B
- Example 4:

	Room		
	А	В	
Area [m²]	8 20		
Installation height [m]	2.5	2.5	
Lowest underground floor	ground floor — —		
Other floors	• •		
Charge limit [kg]	6.0 12.7		
System charge limit [kg]	6.0		
System charge [kg]	12.0		
Judgement	×		



- a Outdoor unitb Indoor unit
- A/B Room A/B







17 Unit installation



WARNING

The installation MUST comply with the requirements that apply to this R32 equipment. For more information, see "3.1 Instructions for equipment using R32 refrigerant" [\triangleright 18].

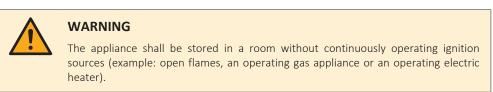
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17.1 Preparing the installation site

Choose an installation location with sufficient space to transport the unit in and out of the site.

Do NOT install the unit in places often used as work place. In case of construction works (e.g. grinding works) where a lot of dust is created, the unit MUST be covered.



17.1.1 Installation site requirements of the outdoor unit



INFORMATION

Also read the following requirements:

- General installation site requirements. See the "General safety precautions" chapter.
- Service space requirements. See the "Technical data" chapter.
- Refrigerant piping requirements (length, height difference). See further in this "Preparation" chapter.



CAUTION

Appliance NOT accessible to the general public. Install it in a secured area, protected from easy access.

This unit is suitable for installation in a commercial and light industrial environment.



The outdoor unit is designed for outdoor installation only, and for the following ambient temperatures:

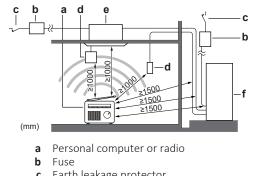
Heating	−20~21°C DB −20~15.5°C WB
Cooling	−5~46°C DB

Note: For indoor installation of the outdoor unit, check the applicable legislation.

NOTICE

The equipment described in this manual may cause electronic noise generated from radio-frequency energy. The equipment complies to specifications that are designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

It is therefore recommended to install the equipment and electric wires in such a way that they keep a proper distance from stereo equipment, personal computers, etc.



- c Earth leakage protector
- **d** User interface
- e Indoor unitf Outdoor unit
- In places with weak reception, keep distances of 3 m or more to avoid electromagnetic disturbance of other equipment and use conduit tubes for power and transmission lines.
- Select a place where rain can be avoided as much as possible.
- Take care that in the event of a water leak, water cannot cause any damage to the installation space and surroundings.
- Choose a location where the operation noise or the hot/cold air discharged from the unit will not disturb anyone and the location is selected according the applicable legislation.
- Heat exchanger fins are sharp and injury is possible. Choose an installation location where there is no risk for injury (especially in areas where children play).

Do NOT install the unit in the following places:

- In potentially explosive atmospheres.
- In places where there is machinery that emits electromagnetic waves. Electromagnetic waves may disturb the control system, and cause malfunction of the equipment.
- In places where there is a risk of fire due to the leakage of flammable gases (example: thinner or gasoline), carbon fibre, ignitable dust.
- In places where corrosive gas (example: sulphurous acid gas) is produced. Corrosion of copper pipes or soldered parts may cause the refrigerant to leak.
- In places where a mineral oil mist, spray or vapour may be present in the atmosphere. Plastic parts may deteriorate and fall off or cause water leakage.

 Sound sensitive areas (e.g. near a bedroom), so that the operation noise will cause no trouble.

Note: If the sound is measured under actual installation conditions, the measured value might be higher than the sound pressure level mentioned in Sound spectrum in the data book due to environmental noise and sound reflections.



The sound pressure level is less than 70 dBA.

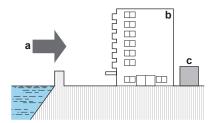
It is NOT recommended to install the unit in the following places because it may shorten the life of the unit:

- Where the voltage fluctuates a lot
- In vehicles or vessels
- Where acidic or alkaline vapour is present

Seaside installation. Make sure the outdoor unit is NOT directly exposed to sea winds. This is to prevent corrosion caused by high levels of salt in the air, which might shorten the life of the unit.

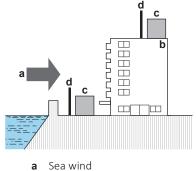
Install the outdoor unit away from direct sea winds.

Example: Behind the building.



If the outdoor unit is exposed to direct sea winds, install a windbreaker.

- Height of windbreaker≥1.5×height of outdoor unit
- Mind the service space requirements when installing the windbreaker.



- Building h
- Outdoor unit С
- **d** Windbreaker

Strong winds (≥18 km/h) blowing against the outdoor unit's air outlet causes short circuit (suction of discharge air). This may result in:

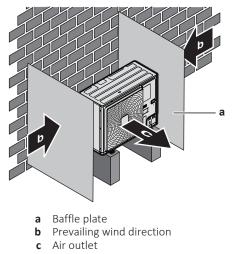
- deterioration of the operational capacity;
- frequent frost acceleration in heating operation;
- · disruption of operation due to decrease of low pressure or increase of high pressure;



• a broken fan (if a strong wind blows continuously on the fan, it may start rotating very fast, until it breaks).

It is recommended to install a baffle plate when the air outlet is exposed to wind.

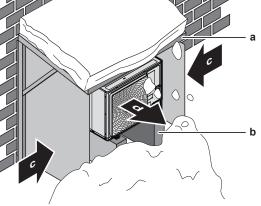
It is recommended to install the outdoor unit with the air inlet facing the wall and NOT directly exposed to the wind.



17.1.2 Additional installation site requirements of the outdoor unit in cold climates

is NEVER snowed up.

Protect the outdoor unit against direct snowfall and take care that the outdoor unit



- **a** Snow cover or shed
- **b** Pedestal (minimum height=150 mm)
- c Prevailing wind direction
- **d** Air outlet

Snow might build up and freeze between the heat exchanger and the casing of the unit. This might decrease the operating efficiency. For instructions on how to prevent this (after mounting of the unit), see "17.3.5 To provide drainage" [> 78].

When operating the unit in a low outdoor ambient temperature with high humidity conditions, make sure to take precautions to keep the drain holes of the unit free by using the optional bottom plate heater (see "15 About the units and options" [> 57]).



17.2 Opening and closing the unit

17.2.1 About opening the units

At certain times, you have to open the unit. **Example:**

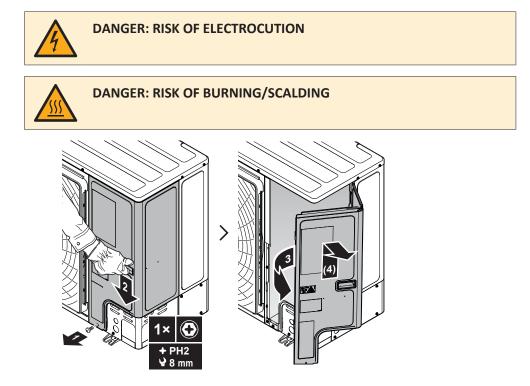
- When connecting the refrigerant piping
- When connecting the electrical wiring
- When maintaining or servicing the unit



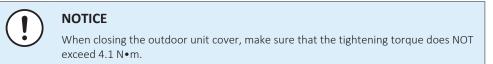
DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

Do NOT leave the unit unattended when the service cover is removed.

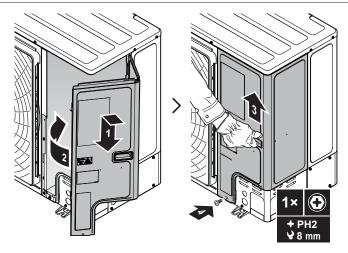
17.2.2 To open the outdoor unit



17.2.3 To close the outdoor unit







17.3 Mounting the outdoor unit

17.3.1 About mounting the outdoor unit

Typical workflow

Mounting the outdoor unit typically consists of the following stages:

- 1 Providing the installation structure.
- 2 Installing the outdoor unit.
- 3 Providing drainage.
- 4 Preventing the unit from falling over.

17.3.2 Precautions when mounting the outdoor unit



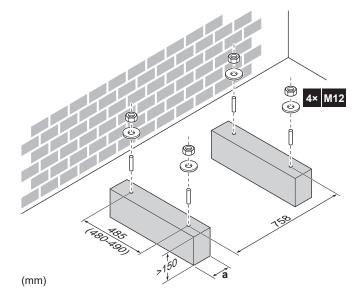
17.3.3 To provide the installation structure

Check the strength and level of the installation ground so that the unit will not cause any operating vibration or noise.

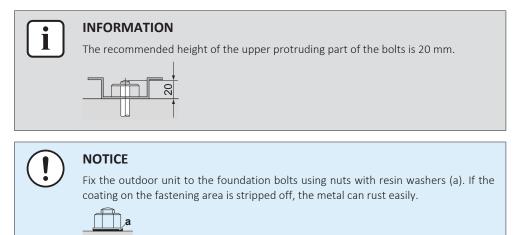
Fix the unit securely by means of foundation bolts in accordance with the foundation drawing.

Prepare 4 sets of anchor bolts, nuts and washers (field supply) as follows:

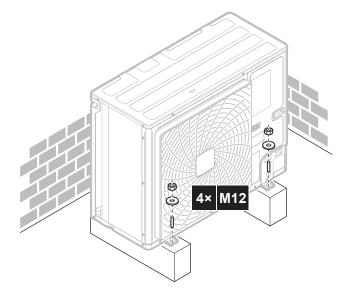




a Make sure not to cover the drain holes of the bottom plate of the unit.



17.3.4 To install the outdoor unit



- 17.3.5 To provide drainage
 - Make sure that condensation water can be evacuated properly.



- Install the unit on a base to make sure that there is proper drainage in order to avoid ice accumulation.
- Prepare a water drainage channel around the foundation to drain waste water away from the unit.
- Avoid drain water flowing over the footpath, so that it does NOT become slippery in case of ambient freezing temperatures.
- If you install the unit on a frame, install a waterproof plate within 150 mm of the bottom side of the unit in order to prevent water from getting into the unit and to avoid drain water dripping (see the following figure).





INFORMATION



If necessary, you can use a drain pan (field supply) to prevent drain water from dripping.



NOTICE

If the unit CANNOT be installed fully level, always make sure that the inclination is towards the backside of the unit. This is required to guarantee proper drainage.

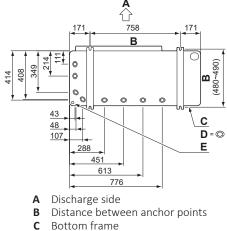


NOTICE

If drain holes of the outdoor unit are covered by a mounting base or by floor surface, raise the unit to provide a free space of more than 150 mm under the outdoor unit.



Drain holes (dimensions in mm)



- D Drain holes
- Ε Knockout hole for snow

Snow

In regions with snowfall, snow might build up and freeze between the heat exchanger and the casing of the unit. This might decrease the operating efficiency.





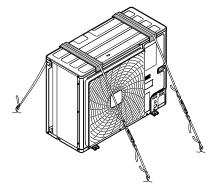
INFORMATION

It is recommended to install the optional bottom plate heater (EKBPH250D7) when the unit is installed in cold climates.

17.3.6 To prevent the outdoor unit from falling over

In case the unit is installed in places where strong wind can tilt the unit, take following measure:

- **1** Prepare 2 cables as indicated in the following illustration (field supply).
- **2** Place the 2 cables over the outdoor unit.
- **3** Insert a rubber sheet between the cables and the outdoor unit to prevent the cables from scratching the paint (field supply).
- **4** Attach the ends of the cables.
- **5** Tighten the cables.





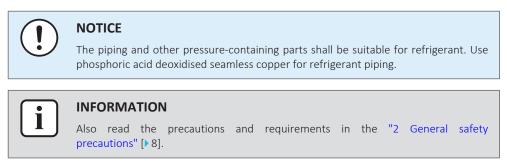
18 Piping installation

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18.1 Preparing refrigerant piping

18.1.1 Refrigerant piping requirements



• Foreign materials inside pipes (including oils for fabrication) must be ${\leq}30~\text{mg}/10~\text{m}.$

18.1.2 Refrigerant piping material

- Piping material: phosphoric acid deoxidised seamless copper
- Flare connections: Only use annealed material.

Piping temper grade and thickness:

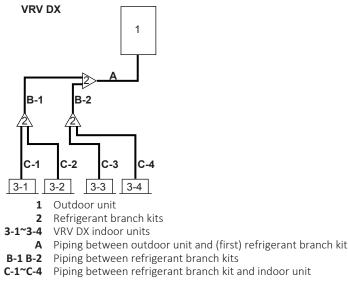
Outer diameter (Ø)	Temper grade	Thickness (t) ^(a)	
6.4 mm (1/4")	Annealed (O)	≥0.80 mm	Ø
9.5 mm (3/8")			Q
12.7 mm (1/2")			
15.9 mm (5/8")	Annealed (O)	≥0.99 mm	
19.1 mm (3/4")	Half hard (1/2H)	≥0.80 mm	



^(a) Depending on the applicable legislation and the maximum working pressure of the unit (see "PS High" on the unit name plate), larger piping thickness might be required.

18.1.3 To select the piping size

Determine the proper size using the following tables and reference figure (only for indication).

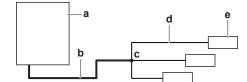


In case the required pipe sizes (inch sizes) are not available, it is also allowed to use other diameters (mm sizes), taken the following into account:

- Select the pipe size nearest to the required size.
- Use the suitable adapters for the change-over from inch to mm pipes (field supply).
- The additional refrigerant calculation has to be adjusted as mentioned in "19.4 To determine the additional refrigerant amount" [▶ 99].

A: Piping between outdoor unit and (first) refrigerant branch kit

When the equivalent pipe length between outdoor unit and the furthest indoor unit is 90 m or more (b+d), the size of the main gas pipe (b) must be increased (size-up). If the recommended gas pipe (size-up) is not available, you must use the standard size (which might result in a small capacity decrease).



- a Outdoor unit
- **b** Main gas pipe (increase piping size if length $b+d \ge 90$ m)
- c First refrigerant branch kit
- ${\boldsymbol{\mathsf{d}}} \quad \text{Piping between indoor unit and first refrigerant branch kit}$
- e Furthest indoor unit

Outdoor unit	Piping outer diameter size (mm)		(mm)
capacity type (HP)	Gas pipe		Liquid pipe
	Standard	Size-up (only 'b')	
4+5+6	15.9	19.1	9.5



B: Piping between refrigerant branch kits

Choose from the following table in accordance with the indoor unit total capacity type, connected downstream. Do not let the connection piping exceed the refrigerant piping size chosen by the general system model name.

Indoor unit capacity index	Piping outer diameter size (mm)	
	Gas pipe	Liquid pipe
0≤x≤182	15.9	9.5

Example: Downstream capacity for B-1 = capacity index of unit 3-1 + capacity index of unit 3-2

C: Piping between refrigerant branch kit and indoor unit

Use the same diameters as the connections (liquid, gas) on the indoor units. The diameters of the indoor units are as follows:

Indoor unit capacity index	Piping outer diameter size (mm)	
	Gas pipe	Liquid pipe
10~32	9.5	6.4
40~80	12.7	6.4
100~140	15.9	9.5

18.1.4 To select refrigerant branch kits

For piping example, refer to "18.1.3 To select the piping size" [> 82].

Refnet joint at first branch (counting from outdoor unit)

When using refnet joints at the first branch counted from the outdoor unit side, choose from the following table in accordance with the capacity of the outdoor unit. **Example:** Refnet joint $A \rightarrow B-1$.

Outdoor unit capacity type (HP)	Refrigerant branch kit
4~6	KHRQ22M20TA

Refnet joints at other branches

For refnet joints other than the first branch, select the proper branch kit model based on the total capacity index of all indoor units connected after the refrigerant branch. **Example:** Refnet joint B-1 \rightarrow C-1.

Indoor unit capacity index	Refrigerant branch kit
<182	KHRQ22M20TA

Refnet headers

Concerning refnet headers, choose from the following table in accordance with the total capacity of all the indoor units connected below the refnet header.

Indoor unit capacity index	Refrigerant branch kit
<182	KHRQ22M29H

INFORMATION

Maximum 8 branches can be connected to a header.

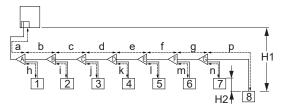


18.1.5 Refrigerant piping length and height difference

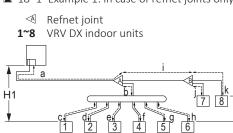
The piping lengths and height differences must comply with the following requirements.

Requirement		Limit
Maximum actual piping length		120 m
• Example 1, unit 8: a+b+c+d+e+f+g	g+p≤Limit	
• Example 2, unit 6: a+b+h≤Limit		
▪ Example 2, unit 8: a+i+k≤Limit		
■ Example 3, unit 8: a+i≤Limit		
Maximum equivalent piping lengt	h ^(a)	150 m
Maximum total piping length		300 m
 Example 1: a+b+c+d+e+f+g+h+i+j+k+l+m+n+p≤Limit 		
Maximum length first branch kit-indoor unit		40 m
 Example 1, unit 8: b+c+d+e+f+g+p≤Limit 		
 Example 2, unit 6: b+h≤Limit 		
 Example 2, unit 8: i+k≤Limit 		
• Example 3, unit 8: i≤Limit		
Maximum height difference Outdoor higher than indoor		50 m
outdoor-indoor	outdoor-indoor • Examples: H1≤Limit	
	Outdoor lower than indoor	40 m

 $^{(a)}\,$ Assume equivalent piping length of refnet joint=0.5 m and refnet header=1 m (for calculation purposes of equivalent piping length, not for refrigerant charge calculations).

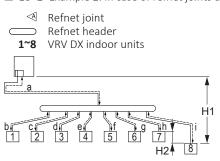


■ 18-1 Example 1: in case of refnet joints only



4 18–2 Example 2: in case of refnet joints and header

6



[1]

🔳 18–3 Example 3: in case of refnet header only





18.2 Connecting the refrigerant piping

18.2.1 About connecting the refrigerant piping

Before connecting the refrigerant piping

Make sure the outdoor and indoor units are mounted.

Typical workflow

Connecting the refrigerant piping involves:

- Connecting the refrigerant piping to the outdoor unit
- Connecting refrigerant branch kits
- Connecting the refrigerant piping to the indoor units (see the installation manual of the indoor units)
- Insulating the refrigerant piping
- Keeping in mind the guidelines for:
 - Pipe bending
 - Flaring pipe ends
 - Brazing
 - Using the stop valves

18.2.2 Precautions when connecting the refrigerant piping

<u>sss</u>	DANGER: RISK OF BURNING/SCALDING
!	NOTICE NEVER install a drier to this unit to guarantee its lifetime. The drying material may dissolve and damage the system.
	NOTICE
\bullet	Take the following precautions on refrigerant piping into account:Avoid anything but the designated refrigerant to get mixed into the refrigerant cycle (e.g. air).
	 Only use R32 when adding refrigerant.
	 Only use installation tools (e.g. manifold gauge set) that are exclusively used for R32 installations to withstand the pressure and to prevent foreign materials (e.g. mineral oils and moisture) from mixing into the system.
	 Protect the piping as described in the following table to prevent dirt, liquid of dust from entering the piping.
	 Use caution when passing copper tubes through walls.



Unit	Installation period	Protection method
Outdoor unit	>1 month	Pinch the pipe
	<1 month	Pinch or tape the pipe
Indoor unit	Regardless of the period	

NOTICE

Do NOT open the refrigerant stop valve before checking the refrigerant piping. When you need to charge additional refrigerant it is recommended to open the refrigerant stop valve after charging.

18.2.3 Pipe bending guidelines

Use a pipe bender for bending. All pipe bends should be as gentle as possible (bending radius should be 30^{40} mm or larger).

18.2.4 To remove the spun pipes

WARNING

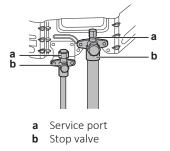
Any gas or oil remaining inside the stop valve may blow off the spun piping. If these instructions are NOT followed correctly it may result in property damage or personal injury, which may be serious depending on the circumstances.

Use the following procedure to remove the spun piping:

1 Make sure that the stop valves are fully closed.



2 Connect the vacuuming/recovery unit through a manifold to the service port of all stop valves.



3 Recover gas and oil from the spun piping by using a recovery unit.

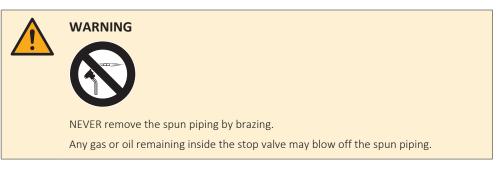


Do NOT vent gases into the atmosphere.

- **4** When all gas and oil is recovered from the spun piping, disconnect the charge hose and close the service ports.
- **5** Cut off the lower part of the gas and liquid stop valve pipes along the black line. Use an appropriate tool (e.g. a pipe cutter).

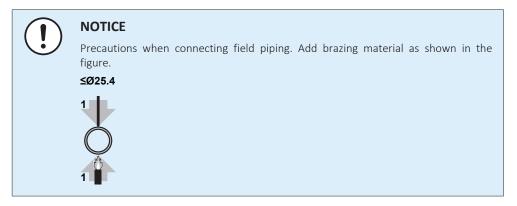




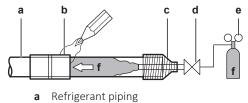


6 Wait until all oil has dripped out before continuing with the connection of the field piping in case the recovery was not complete.

18.2.5 To braze the pipe end



- When brazing, blow through with nitrogen to prevent creation of large quantities of oxidised film on the inside of the piping. This film adversely affects valves and compressors in the refrigerating system and prevents proper operation.
- Set the nitrogen pressure to 20 kPa (0.2 bar) (just enough so it can be felt on the skin) with a pressure-reducing valve.



- **b** Part to be brazed
- c Taping
- **d** Manual valve
- e Pressure-reducing valve
- **f** Nitrogen
- Do NOT use anti-oxidants when brazing pipe joints. Residue can clog pipes and break equipment.



• Do NOT use flux when brazing copper-to-copper refrigerant piping. Use phosphor copper brazing filler alloy (BCuP), which does NOT require flux.

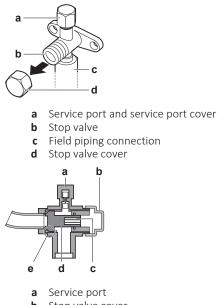
Flux has an extremely harmful influence on refrigerant piping systems. For instance, if chlorine based flux is used, it will cause pipe corrosion or, in particular, if the flux contains fluorine, it will deteriorate the refrigerant oil.

- ALWAYS protect the surrounding surfaces (e.g. insulation foam) from heat when brazing.
- 18.2.6 Using the stop valve and service port

To handle the stop valve

Take the following guidelines into account:

- The gas and liquid stop valves are factory closed.
- Make sure to keep all stop valves open during operation.
- The figures below show the name of each part required in handling the stop valve.



- **b** Stop valve cover
- c Hexagon holed Shaft
- e Valve seat
- Do NOT apply excessive force to the stop valve. Doing so may break the valve body.

To open/close the stop valve

- **1** Remove the stop valve cover.
- **2** Insert a hexagon wrench (liquid side: 4 mm, gas side: 6 mm) into the valve stem and turn the valve stem:



Counterclockwise to open Clockwise to close

3 When the stop valve CANNOT be turned any further, stop turning.



4 Tighten the stop valve securely when opening or closing the stop valve. For the correct tightening torque value, refer to the table below.



NOTICE

Inadequate torque may cause leakage of refrigerant and breakage of the stop valve.

5 Install the stop valve cover.

Result: The valve is now open/closed.

To handle the service port

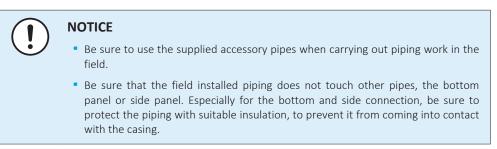
- Always use a charge hose equipped with a valve depressor pin, since the service port is a Schrader type valve.
- After handling the service port, make sure to tighten the service port cover securely. For the tightening torque, refer to the table below.
- Check for refrigerant leaks after tightening the service port cover.

Tightening torques

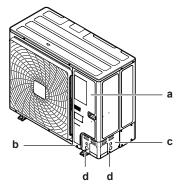
Tightening torque N•m (turn clockwise to close)			
Shaft			
Valve body	Hexagonal	Cap (valve lid)	Service port
5 4~6 6		13 5~16 5	11.5~13.9
13.5~16.5	6 mm	22.5~27.5	11.0 10.0
	Valve body 5.4~6.6	Valve body Hexagonal wrench 5.4~6.6 4 mm	Shaft Valve body Hexagonal wrench Cap (valve lid) 5.4~6.6 4 mm 13.5~16.5

18.2.7 To connect the refrigerant piping to the outdoor unit

- **Piping length.** Keep field piping as short as possible.
- **Piping protection.** Protect the field piping against physical damage.

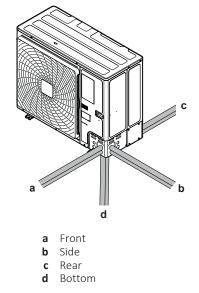


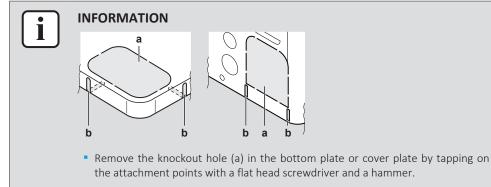
- **1** Do the following:
 - Remove the service cover (a) with screw (b).
 - Remove the piping intake plate (c) with screws (d).





2 Choose a piping route (a, b, c or d).



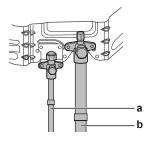


• Optionally, cut out the slits (b) with a metal saw.

NOTICE

Precautions when making knockout holes:

- Avoid damaging the casing and underlying piping.
- After making the knockout holes, we recommend to remove the burrs and paint the edges and areas around the edges using repair paint to prevent rusting.
- When passing electrical wiring through the knockout holes, wrap the wiring with protective tape to prevent damage.
- **3** Do the following:
 - Connect the accessory liquid pipe (a) to the liquid stop valve (brazing).
 - Connect the accessory gas pipe (b) to the gas stop valve (brazing).

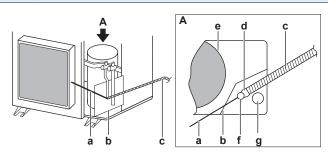




NOTICE

When brazing: First braze the liquid side piping, then the gas side piping. Enter the filler rod from the front of the unit and the brazing torch from the right side to braze with the flame pointing outside. Avoid heating the compressor sound insulation and other piping.

Wrap both stop valves in a wet cloth in order to protect the valve internals from overheating.



- a Filler rod
- **b** Fire resistant plate
- **c** Torch **d** Flame
- d Flamee Compressor sound insulation
- **f** Liquid side piping
- **g** Gas side piping
- 4 Connect the field piping to the accessory pipes using the accessory bend pipes (brazing). Mind the orientation of the bends.



NOTICE

Always protect the surrounding surfaces (e.g. wiring, insulation foam, ...) from heat when brazing.



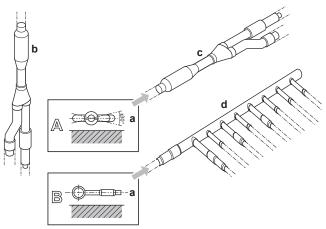
NOTICE

Make sure to open the stop valves after installing the refrigerant piping and performing vacuum drying. Running the system with the stop valves closed may break the compressor.

18.2.8 To connect the refrigerant branching kit

For installation of the refrigerant branching kit, refer to the installation manual delivered with the kit.

- Mount the refnet joint so that it branches either horizontally or vertically.
- Mount the refnet header so that it branches horizontally.

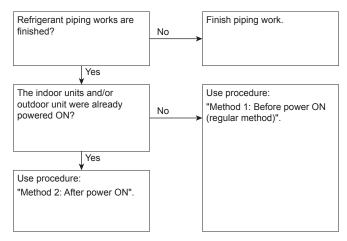




- Horizontal surface а
- Refnet joint mounted vertically b
- c Refnet joint mounted horizontally
- **d** Header

18.3 Checking the refrigerant piping

18.3.1 About checking the refrigerant piping



It is very important that all refrigerant piping work is done before the units (outdoor or indoor) are powered on. When the units are powered on, the expansion valves will initialise. This means that the valves will close.



NOTICE

Leak test and vacuum drying of field piping and indoor units is impossible when field expansion valves are closed.

Method 1: Before power ON

If the system has not yet been powered on, no special action is required to perform the leak test and the vacuum drying.

Method 2: After power ON

If the system has already been powered on, activate setting [2-21] (refer to "22.2.4 To access mode 1 or 2" [124]). This setting will open field expansion valves to guarantee a refrigerant piping pathway and make it possible to perform the leak test and the vacuum drying.



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION



NOTICE

Make sure that all indoor units connected to the outdoor unit are powered on.



NOTICE

Wait to apply setting [2-21] until the outdoor unit has finished the initialisation.

Leak test and vacuum drying

Checking the refrigerant piping involves:



- Checking for any leakages in the refrigerant piping.
- Performing vacuum drying to remove all moisture, air or nitrogen in the refrigerant piping.

If there is a possibility of moisture being present in the refrigerant piping (for example, water may have entered the piping), first carry out the vacuum drying procedure below until all moisture has been removed.

All piping inside the unit has been factory tested for leaks.

Only field installed refrigerant piping needs to be checked. Therefore, make sure that all the outdoor unit stop valves are firmly closed before performing leak test or vacuum drying.



NOTICE

Make sure that all (field supplied) field piping valves are OPEN (not outdoor unit stop valves!) before you start leak test and vacuuming.

For more information on the state of the valves, refer to "18.3.3 Checking refrigerant piping: Setup" [> 93].

18.3.2 Checking refrigerant piping: General guidelines

Connect the vacuum pump through a manifold to the service port of all stop valves to increase efficiency (refer to "18.3.3 Checking refrigerant piping: Setup" [> 93]).



NOTICE

Use a 2-stage vacuum pump with a non-return valve or a solenoid valve that can evacuate to a gauge pressure of -100.7 kPa (-1.007 bar).

NOTICE

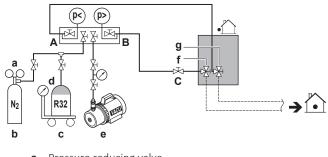
Make sure the pump oil does not flow oppositely into the system while the pump is not working.



NOTICE

Do NOT purge the air with refrigerants. Use a vacuum pump to evacuate the installation.

18.3.3 Checking refrigerant piping: Setup

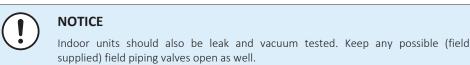


- Pressure reducing valve а
- h Nitrogen
- С Weighing scales
- d Refrigerant R32 tank (siphon system)
- Vacuum pump е
- Liquid line stop valve f
- Gas line stop valve g
- Α Valve A



B Valve BC Valve C

Valve	Status
Valve A	Open
Valve B	Open
Valve C	Open
Liquid line stop valve	Close
Gas line stop valve	Close



18.3.4 To perform a leak test

Vacuum leak test

- **1** Evacuate the system from the liquid and gas piping to a gauge pressure of -100.7 kPa (-1.007 bar) for more than 2 hours.
- **2** Once reached, turn off the vacuum pump and check that the pressure does not rise for at least 1 minute.
- **3** Should the pressure rise, the system may either contain moisture (see vacuum drying below) or have leaks.

Pressure leak test

- **1** Break the vacuum by pressurising with nitrogen gas to a minimum gauge pressure of 0.2 MPa (2 bar). Never set the gauge pressure higher than the maximum working pressure of the unit, i.e. 3.52 MPa (35.2 bar).
- 2 Test for leaks by applying a bubble test solution to all piping connections.
- **3** Discharge all nitrogen gas.

	NOTICE
\bigcirc	ALWAYS use a recommended bubble test solution from your wholesaler.
	NEVER use soap water:
	 Soap water may cause cracking of components, such as flare nuts or stop valve caps.
	 Soap water may contain salt, which absorbs moisture that will freeze when the piping gets cold.
	 Soap water contains ammonia which may lead to corrosion of flared joints (between the brass flare nut and the copper flare).

To check for leaks after charging refrigerant

After charging refrigerant in the system an additional leak test must be performed. Refer to "19.8 To check for refrigerant leaks after charging" [> 103].



18.3.5 To perform vacuum drying



NOTICE

The connections to the indoor units and all indoor units should also be leak and vacuum tested. Keep, if existing, all (field supplied) field valves to the indoor units open as well.

Leak test and vacuum drying should be done before the power supply is set to the unit. If not, see "18.3.1 About checking the refrigerant piping" [> 92] for more information.

To remove all moisture from the system, proceed as follows:

- **1** Evacuate the system for at least 2 hours to a target vacuum of -100.7 kPa (-1.007 bar)(5 Torr absolute).
- **2** Check that, with the vacuum pump turned off, the target vacuum is maintained for at least 1 hour.
- **3** Should you fail to reach the target vacuum within 2 hours or maintain the vacuum for 1 hour, the system may contain too much moisture. In that case, break the vacuum by pressurising with nitrogen gas to a gauge pressure of 0.05 MPa (0.5 bar) and repeat steps 1 to 3 until all moisture has been removed.
- 4 Depending on whether you want to immediately charge refrigerant through the refrigerant charge port or first pre-charge a portion of refrigerant through the liquid line, either open the outdoor unit stop valves, or keep them closed. See "19.5 To charge refrigerant" [▶ 100] for more information.



INFORMATION

After opening the stop valve, it is possible that the pressure in the refrigerant piping does NOT increase. This might be caused by e.g. the closed state of the expansion valve in the outdoor unit circuit, but does NOT present any problem for correct operation of the unit.



19 Charging refrigerant

In this chapter

19.1	Precautions when charging refrigerant	96
19.2	About charging refrigerant	97
19.3	About the refrigerant	97
19.4	To determine the additional refrigerant amount	99
19.5	To charge refrigerant	100
19.6	Error codes when charging refrigerant	102
19.7	To fix the fluorinated greenhouse gases label	102
19.8	To check for refrigerant leaks after charging	103
19.9	To insulate the refrigerant piping	103

19.1 Precautions when charging refrigerant

i	INFORMATIONAlso read the precautions and requirements in the following chapters:General safety precautionsPreparation
	 WARNING Only use R32 as refrigerant. Other substances may cause explosions and accidents. R32 contains fluorinated greenhouse gases. Its global warming potential (GWP) value is 675. Do NOT vent these gases into the atmosphere. When charging refrigerant, ALWAYS use protective gloves and safety glasses.
	NOTICE If the power of some units is turned off, the charging procedure cannot be finished



NOTICE

properly.

Turn ON the power 6 hours before operation in order to have power running to the crankcase heater and to protect the compressor.



NOTICE

If operation is performed within 12 minutes after the indoor and outdoor units are powered on, the compressor will not operate before the communication is established in a correct way between outdoor unit(s) and indoor units.

NOTICE

Before starting charging procedures, check if the 7-segment display indication of the outdoor unit A1P PCB is as normal (see "22.2.4 To access mode 1 or 2" [\triangleright 124]). If a malfunction code is present, see "26.3 Solving problems based on error codes" [\triangleright 147].



NOTICE

Make sure all connected indoor units are recognised (setting [1-10]).



Close the front panel before any refrigerant charge operation is executed. Without the front panel attached the unit cannot judge correctly whether it is operating properly or not.

NOTICE

In case of maintenance and the system (outdoor unit+field piping+indoor units) does not contain any refrigerant any more (e.g., after refrigerant reclaim operation), the unit has to be charged with its original amount of refrigerant (refer to the nameplate on the unit) and the determined additional refrigerant amount.

NOTICE

- Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment.
- Charging hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimise the amount of refrigerant contained in them.
- Cylinders shall be kept in an appropriate position according to the instructions.
- Ensure that the refrigerating system is earthed prior to charging the system with refrigerant. See "20.2 To connect the electrical wiring to the outdoor unit" [▶ 112].
- Label the system when charging is complete.
- Extreme care shall be taken not to overfill the refrigerating system.

NOTICE

Prior to charging the system, it shall be pressure tested with the appropriate purging gas. The system shall be leak tested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning. A follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to leaving the site.

19.2 About charging refrigerant

The outdoor unit is factory charged with refrigerant, but depending on the field piping you have to charge additional refrigerant.

Before charging refrigerant

Make sure the outdoor unit's **external** refrigerant piping is checked (leak test, vacuum drying).

Typical workflow

Charging additional refrigerant typically consists of the following stages:

- 1 Determining how much you have to charge additionally.
- 2 Charging additional refrigerant (pre-charging and/or charging).
- 3 Filling in the fluorinated greenhouse gases label, and fixing it to the inside of the outdoor unit.

19.3 About the refrigerant

This product contains fluorinated greenhouse gases. Do NOT vent gases into the atmosphere.

Refrigerant type: R32



Global warming potential (GWP) value: 675

Periodical inspections for refrigerant leaks may be required depending on the applicable legislation. Contact your installer for more information.



Applicable legislation on **fluorinated greenhouse gases** requires that the refrigerant charge of the unit is indicated both in weight and CO_2 equivalent.

Formula to calculate the quantity in CO_2 equivalent tonnes: GWP value of the refrigerant × total refrigerant charge [in kg]/1000

Contact your installer for more information.



WARNING: MILDLY FLAMMABLE MATERIAL

The refrigerant inside this unit is mildly flammable.



WARNING

- The refrigerant inside the unit is mildly flammable, but normally does NOT leak. If the refrigerant leaks in the room and comes in contact with fire from a burner, a heater, or a cooker, this may result in fire, or the formation of a harmful gas.
- Turn OFF any combustible heating devices, ventilate the room, and contact the dealer where you purchased the unit.
- Do NOT use the unit until a service person confirms that the part from which the refrigerant leaked has been repaired.



WARNING

The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater).



WARNING

- Do NOT pierce or burn refrigerant cycle parts.
- Do NOT use cleaning materials or means to accelerate the defrosting process other than those recommended by the manufacturer.
- Be aware that the refrigerant inside the system is odourless.



19.4 To determine the additional refrigerant amount



WARNING

The maximum allowable total refrigerant amount is determined based on the smallest room being served by the system.

See "16.2 System layout requirements" [> 60] to determine the maximum allowable total refrigerant amount.



INFORMATION

For final charge adjustment in a test laboratory, contact your dealer.



INFORMATION

Note down the amount of additional refrigerant that is calculated here, for later use on the additional refrigerant charge label. See "19.7 To fix the fluorinated greenhouse gases label" [> 102].

Formula:

R=[(X₁×**Ø9.5**)×0.053+(X₂×**Ø6.4**)×0.020]

R Additional refrigerant to be charged [in kg and rounded off to 1 decimal place] $X_{1...2}$ Total length [m] of liquid piping size at Øa

Metric piping. When using metric piping, replace the weight factors in the formula by the ones from the following table:

Inch piping		Metric piping	
Piping	Weight factor	Piping	Weight factor
Ø6.4 mm 0.020		Ø6 mm	0.016
Ø9.5 mm	0.053	Ø10 mm	0.058

Connection ratio requirements. When selecting indoor units, the connection ratio must comply with the following requirements. For more information, see the technical engineering data.

Indoor units	Total CR ^(a)
VRV DX	50~130%

^(a) Total CR = Total indoor unit capacity connection ratio



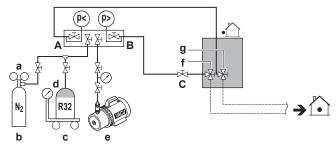
19.5 To charge refrigerant

To speed up the refrigerant charging process, it is in case of larger systems recommended to first pre-charge a portion of refrigerant through the liquid line before proceeding with the manual charging. It can be skipped, but charging will take longer then.

Pre-charging refrigerant

Pre-charging can be done without compressor operation, by connecting the refrigerant bottle to the service port of the liquid stop valve.

1 Connect as shown. Make sure that all outdoor unit stop valves, as well as valve A are closed.



- **a** Pressure reducing valve
- **b** Nitrogen
- c Weighing scales
- **d** Refrigerant R32 tank (siphon system)
- e Vacuum pump
- f Liquid line stop valveg Gas line stop valve
- g Gas line: A Valve A
- B Valve B
- C Valve C
- **2** Open valves C and B.
- **3** Pre-charge refrigerant until the determined additional refrigerant amount is reached or pre-charging is not possible anymore, and then close valves C and B.
- **4** Do one of the following:

If	Then
The determined additional refrigerant amount is reached	Disconnect the manifold from the liquid line.
	You do not have to perform the "Charging refrigerant (in manual additional refrigerant charge mode)" instructions.
Too much refrigerant is charged	Recover refrigerant.
	Disconnect the manifold from the liquid line.
	You do not have to perform the "Charging refrigerant (in manual additional refrigerant charge mode)" instructions.

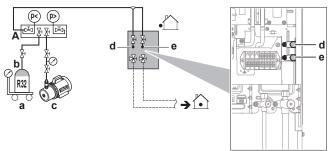


If	Then
The determined additional refrigerant amount is not reached yet	Disconnect the manifold from the liquid line.
	Continue with the "Charging refrigerant (in manual additional refrigerant charge mode)" instructions.

Charging refrigerant (in manual additional refrigerant charge mode)

The remaining additional refrigerant charge can be charged by operating the outdoor unit by means of the manual additional refrigerant charge mode.

5 Connect as shown. Make sure valve A is closed.



- a Weighing scales
- **b** Refrigerant R32 tank (siphon system)
- c Vacuum pump
- **d** Refrigerant charge port (heat exchanger)
- e Refrigerant charge port (suction)A Valve A



The refrigerant charging port is connected to the piping inside the unit. The unit's internal piping is already factory charged with refrigerant, so be careful when connecting the charge hose.

- 6 Open all outdoor unit stop valves. At this point, valve A must remain closed!
- 7 Take all the precautions mentioned in "22 Configuration" [▶ 121] and "23 Commissioning" [▶ 139] into account.
- 8 Turn on the power of the indoor units and outdoor unit.
- 9 Activate setting [2-20] to start the manual additional refrigerant charge mode. For details, see "22.2.8 Mode 2: field settings" [▶ 128].

Result: The unit will start operation.



INFORMATION

The manual refrigerant charge operation will automatically stop within 30 minutes. If charging is not completed after 30 minutes, perform the additional refrigerant charging operation again.



INFORMATION

When a malfunction is detected during the procedure (e.g., in case of closed stop valve), a malfunction code will be displayed. In that case, refer to "19.6 Error codes when charging refrigerant" [> 102] and solve the malfunction accordingly. Resetting the malfunction can be done by pushing BS3. You can restart the "Charging" instructions.

- Aborting the manual refrigerant charge is possible by pushing BS3. The unit will stop and return to idle condition.
- 10 Open valve A.

- 11 Charge refrigerant until the remaining determined additional refrigerant amount is added, and then close valve A.
- **12** Press BS3 to stop the manual additional refrigerant charge mode.



Make sure to open all stop valves after (pre-) charging the refrigerant.

Operating with the stop valves closed will damage the compressor.



NOTICE

After adding the refrigerant, do not forget to close the lid of the refrigerant charging port. The tightening torque for the lid is 11.5 to 13.9 N•m.

19.6 Error codes when charging refrigerant



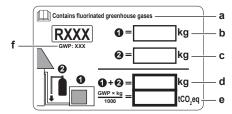
INFORMATION

If a malfunction occurs, the error code is displayed on the outdoor unit's 7-segments display and on the user interface of the indoor unit.

If a malfunction occurs, close valve A immediately. Confirm the malfunction code and take corresponding action, "26.3 Solving problems based on error codes" [> 147].

19.7 To fix the fluorinated greenhouse gases label

1 Fill in the label as follows:



- If a multilingual fluorinated greenhouse gases label is delivered with the unit (see а accessories), peel off the applicable language and stick it on top of **a**.
- Factory refrigerant charge: see unit name plate b
- Additional refrigerant amount charged С
- Total refrigerant charge d
- Quantity of fluorinated greenhouse gases of the total refrigerant charge е expressed as tonnes CO₂ equivalent.
- **f** GWP = Global Warming Potential





Applicable legislation on **fluorinated greenhouse gases** requires that the refrigerant charge of the unit is indicated both in weight and CO_2 equivalent.

Formula to calculate the quantity in CO_2 equivalent tonnes: GWP value of the refrigerant × total refrigerant charge [in kg] / 1000

Use the GWP value mentioned on the refrigerant charge label.

2 Fix the label on the inside of the outdoor unit. There is a dedicated place for it on the wiring diagram label.

19.8 To check for refrigerant leaks after charging

All field made refrigerant joints must be tested for tightness.

No leak shall be detected with a test method that has a sensitivity of 5 grams refrigerant per year or better, at a pressure of at least 0.25 times the maximum working pressure (see "PS High" on the unit name plate).

In case a leak is detected

- **1** Recover the refrigerant and repair the joint(s).
- 2 Perform the leak tests see "18.3.4 To perform a leak test" [> 94].
- **3** Charge refrigerant.
- 4 Check for refrigerant leaks after charging (see above).

19.9 To insulate the refrigerant piping

After finishing the charging procedure, the piping must be insulated. Take into account the following points:

- Make sure to insulate the connection piping and refrigerant branch kits entirely.
- Be sure to insulate the liquid and gas piping (for all units).
- Use heat resistant polyethylene foam which can withstand a temperature of 70°C for liquid piping and polyethylene foam which can withstand a temperature of 120°C for gas piping.
- Reinforce the insulation on the refrigerant piping according to the installation environment.

Ambient temperature	Humidity	Minimum thickness
≤30°C	75% to 80% RH	15 mm
>30°C	≥80% RH	20 mm

Between outdoor and indoor unit

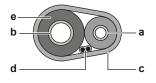


NOTICE

It is recommended that the refrigerant piping between indoor and outdoor unit is installed in a ducting or the refrigerant piping is wrapped with finishing tape.

1 Insulate and fix the refrigerant piping and cables as follows:

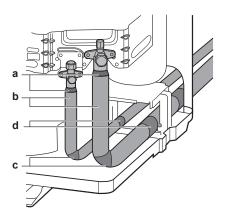




- **a** Liquid pipe
- b Gas pipec Finishing ta
- c Finishing taped Interconnection cable (F1/F2)
- e Insulation
- **2** Install the service cover.

Inside the outdoor unit

To insulate the refrigerant piping, proceed as follows:

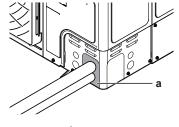


- **1** Insulate the liquid and gas piping.
- **2** Wind heat insulation around the curves, and then cover it with vinyl tape (c, see above).
- **3** Make sure the field piping does not touch any compressor components.
- 4 Seal the insulation ends (sealant etc.) (b, see above).
- **5** Wrap the field piping with vinyl tape (d, see above) to protect it against sharp edges
- **6** If the outdoor unit is installed above the indoor unit, cover the stop valves with sealing material to prevent condensed water on the stop valves from moving to the indoor unit.

NOTICE

Any exposed piping might cause condensation.

- 7 Reattach the service cover and the piping intake plate.
- 8 Seal all gaps to prevent snow and small animals from entering the system.

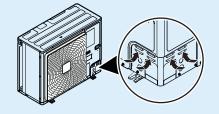






NOTICE

Do not block the air vents. This could affect air circulation inside the unit.





WARNING

Provide adequate measures to prevent that the unit can be used as a shelter by small animals. Small animals that make contact with electrical parts can cause malfunctions, smoke or fire.



20 Electrical installation

In this chapter

20.1	About co	onnecting the electrical wiring	106
	20.1.1	Precautions when connecting the electrical wiring	106
	20.1.2	About the electrical wiring	107
	20.1.3	Guidelines when knocking out knockout holes	108
	20.1.4	Guidelines when connecting the electrical wiring	109
	20.1.5	About electrical compliance	111
	20.1.6	Specifications of standard wiring components	111
20.2	To conn	ect the electrical wiring to the outdoor unit	112
20.3	To conn	ect the external outputs	115
20.4	To conn	ect the cool/heat selector switch option	116
20.5	To check the insulation resistance of the compressor 1		117

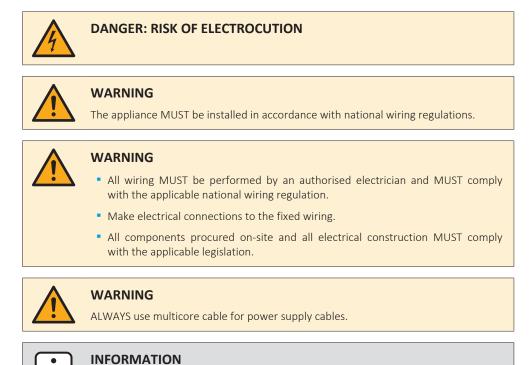
20.1 About connecting the electrical wiring

Typical workflow

Connecting the electrical wiring typically consists of the following stages:

- 1 Making sure the power supply system complies with the electrical specifications of the units.
- 2 Connecting the electrical wiring to the outdoor unit.
- 3 Connecting the electrical wiring to the indoor unit.
- 4 Connecting the main power supply.

20.1.1 Precautions when connecting the electrical wiring



Also read the precautions and requirements in the "2 General safety





precautions" [> 8].



WARNING

- If the power supply has a missing or wrong N-phase, equipment might break down.
- Establish proper earthing. Do NOT earth the unit to a utility pipe, surge absorber, or telephone earth. Incomplete earthing may cause electrical shock.
- Install the required fuses or circuit breakers.
- Secure the electrical wiring with cable ties so that the cables do NOT come in contact with sharp edges or piping, particularly on the high-pressure side.
- Do NOT use taped wires, extension cords, or connections from a star system. They can cause overheating, electrical shock or fire.
- Do NOT install a phase advancing capacitor, because this unit is equipped with an inverter. A phase advancing capacitor will reduce performance and may cause accidents.



CAUTION

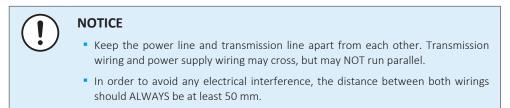
Do NOT push or place redundant cable length into the unit.



NOTICE

The distance between the high voltage and low voltage cables should be at least 50 mm.

20.1.2 About the electrical wiring



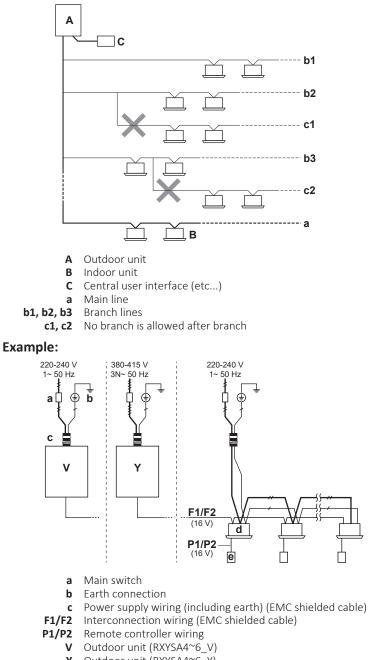
The interconnection wiring outside the unit should be wrapped and routed together with the field piping.

Interconnection wiring specification and limits ^(a)		
See "20.1.6 Specifications of standard wiring components" [> 111] for wiring requirements		
Maximum number of branches for unit-to-unit cabling 9		
Maximum wiring length	300 m	
(distance between outdoor and furthest indoor unit)		
Total wiring length	600 m	
(sum of distances between outdoor and all indoor units)		

^(a) If the total interconnection wiring exceeds these limits, communication errors might occur.

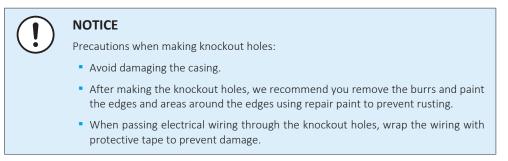
No secondary branching is allowed after any interconnection wire branching.



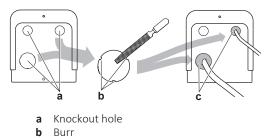


- Υ Outdoor unit (RXYSA4~6 Y)
- **d** Indoor unit
- User interface е

20.1.3 Guidelines when knocking out knockout holes







c Sealant etc.

20.1.4 Guidelines when connecting the electrical wiring

Keep the following in mind:



We recommend using solid (single-core) wires. If stranded wires are used, slightly twist the strands to consolidate the end of the conductor for either direct use in the terminal clamp or insertion in a round crimp-style terminal.

To prepare stranded conductor wire for installation

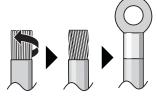
Method 1: Twisting conductor

- **1** Strip insulation (20 mm) from the wires.
- 2 Slightly twist the end of the conductor to create a "solid-like" connection.



Method 2: Using round crimp-style terminal

- **1** Strip insulation from wires and slightly twist the end of each wire.
- **2** Install a round crimp-style terminal on the end of the wire. Place the round crimp-style terminal on the wire up to the covered part and fasten the terminal with the appropriate tool.





Wire type	Installation method
Single-core wire Or Stranded conductor wire twisted to "solid-like" connection	
	a Curled wire (single-core or twisted stranded conductor wire)
	b Screw
	c Flat washer
Stranded conductor wire with round crimp-style terminal	cb B B C B C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
	a Terminal
	b Screw
	c Flat washer
	✓ Allowed
	× NOT allowed

Use the following methods for installing wires:

Tightening torques

In case of RXYSA4~6_V:

Terminal	Wiring	Screw size	Tightening torque (N∙m)
X1M	Power supply wiring	M5	2.2~2.7
	SVEO output	M4	1.3~1.6
X2M	Transmission wiring	M3.5	0.8~0.97

In case of RXYSA4~6_Y:

Terminal	Wiring	Screw size	Tightening torque (N∙m)
X1M	Power supply wiring	M5	2.0~3.0
	SVEO output	M4	1.2~1.8
X2M	Transmission wiring	M3.5	0.8~0.97



20.1.5 About electrical compliance

This equipment complies with:

- **EN/IEC 61000-3-12** provided that the short-circuit power S_{sc} is greater than or equal to the minimum S_{sc} value at the interface point between the user's supply and the public system.
 - EN/IEC 61000-3-12 = European/International Technical Standard setting the limits for harmonic currents produced by equipment connected to public low-voltage systems with input current >16 A and \leq 75 A per phase.
 - It is the responsibility of the installer or user of the equipment to ensure, by consultation with the distribution network operator if necessary, that the equipment is connected ONLY to a supply with a short-circuit power S_{sc} greater than or equal to the minimum S_{sc} value.

Model	Minimum S _{sc} value
RXYSA4_V	122.95 kVA
RXYSA5_V	154.07 kVA
RXYSA6_V	173.05 kVA

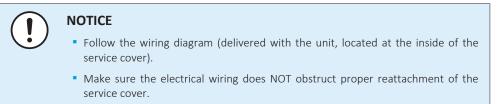
20.1.6 Specifications of standard wiring components

Component		RXYSA*_V	RXYSA*_Y
Power supply cable	MCA ^(a)	27.0 A	13.6 A
	Voltage	220-240 V	380-415 V
	Phase	1~	3N~
	Frequency	50 Hz	
	Wire size	MUST comply with national wiring regulation.	
		3-core cable	5-core cable
		Wire size based on the current, but not less than:	
		4.0 mm ²	2.5 mm ²
Interconnection	Voltage	220-240 V	
cable (indoor ↔ outdoor)	Wire size	Only use harmonised wire providing dou insulation and suitable for applicable voltage.	
		2-core cable	
		0.75-1.5 mm ²	
Recommended field fuse		32 A, C curve	16 A, C curve
Earth leakage circuit breaker / residual current device		30 mA – MUST compl regul	

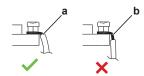
^(a) MCA=Minimum circuit ampacity. Stated values are maximum values (see electrical data of combination with indoor units for exact values).



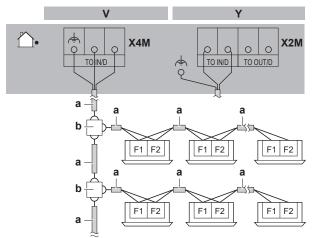
20.2 To connect the electrical wiring to the outdoor unit



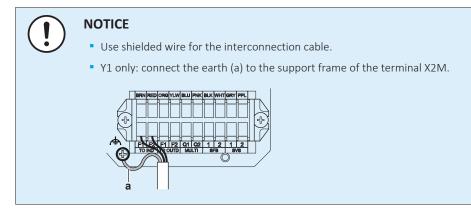
- 1 Remove the service cover. See "17.2.2 To open the outdoor unit" [> 76].
- **2** Strip insulation (20 mm) from the wires.



- **a** Strip wire end to this point
- **b** An excessive strip length may cause electrical shock or leakage
- **3** Connect the interconnection cable as follows:

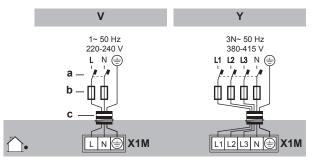


- a Interconnection cable (see "20.1.6 Specifications of standard wiring components" [▶ 111] for wiring requirements)
- **b** Terminal board (field supply)
- c Shielded cable

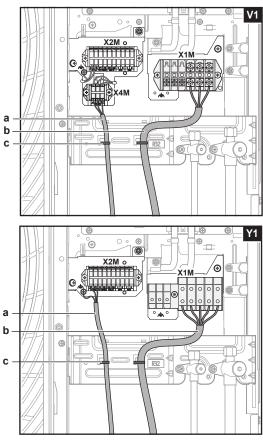


4 Connect the power supply as follows:





- **a** Earth leakage circuit breaker
- **b** Fuse
- c Power supply cable (see "20.1.6 Specifications of standard wiring components" [▶ 111] for wiring requirements)
- **5** Fix the cables (power supply and interconnection cable) with a cable tie to the stop valve attachment plate and route the wiring according to the illustration below.



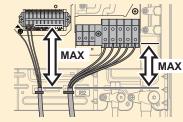
a Interconnection cable

- **b** Power supply cable
- **c** Cable tie



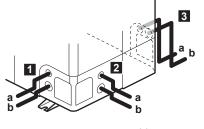
WARNING

Do NOT strip the outer cable jacket lower than the fixation point on the stop valve attachment plate.

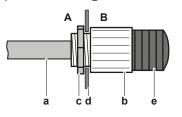




6 Choose one of the 3 possibilities to route the cables through the frame:



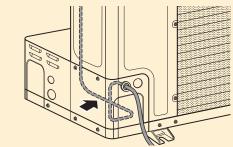
- **a** Interconnection cable
- **b** Power supply cable
- **7** Remove the selected knockout holes by tapping on the attachment points with a flat head screwdriver and a hammer.
- **8** Install a cable protection in the knockout hole:
 - It is recommended to install a PG type cable gland in the knockout hole.
 - When you do not use a cable gland, protect the cables with vinyl tubes to prevent the edge of the knockout hole from cutting the wires:



- **A** Inside of the outdoor unit
- **B** Outside of the outdoor unit
- a Cable
- **b** Bush
- c Nutd Frame
- e Tube
- **9** Route the cables out of the unit.

WARNING

Avoid sharp edges when routing cables to the rear. Make sure to route the cables through the left side of the accumulator foot when passing through the tunnel:

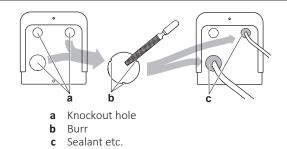


NOTICE

Precautions when making knockout holes:

- Avoid damaging the casing and underlying piping.
- After making the knockout holes, we recommend to remove the burrs and paint the edges and areas around the edges using repair paint to prevent rusting.
- When passing electrical wiring through the knockout holes, wrap the wiring with protective tape to prevent damage.





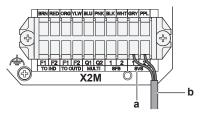
- **10** Reattach the service cover. See "17.2.3 To close the outdoor unit" [> 76].
- **11** Connect an earth leakage circuit breaker and fuse to the power supply line as specified in "20.1.6 Specifications of standard wiring components" [▶ 111].

20.3 To connect the external outputs

SVS output

b

The SVS output is a contact on terminal X2M that closes in case a leak is detected, failure or disconnection of the R32 sensor (located in the indoor unit).



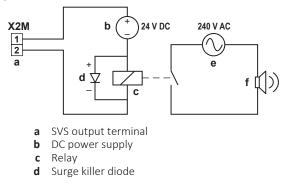
a SVS output terminals (1 and 2)

Cable to SVS output device

SVS connection requirements		
Voltage	<40 VDC	
Maximum current	0.025 A	
Wire size	Only use harmonised wire providing double insulation and suitable for 220~240 V	
	2-core cable	
	Minimum cable section of 0.75 mm ²	
Polarity of terminal 1	+	
Polarity of terminal 2	_	

It is mandatory to use a surge killer to protect the internal circuit of the outdoor unit PCB (e.g. a separate surge killer diode or a relay with a built-in surge killer diode).

Example:





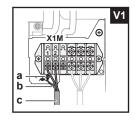
- e AC power supply
- **f** External alarm

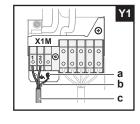
SVEO output

The SVEO output is a contact on terminal X1M that closes in case of occurrence of general errors. See "10.1 Error codes: Overview" [> 45] and "26.3.1 Error codes: Overview" [> 148] for errors that will trigger this output.

SVEO connection requirements		
Voltage	220~240 V AC	
Maximum current	0.5 A	
Wire size	Only use harmonised wire providing double insulation and suitable for the applicable voltage	
	2-core cable	
	Minimum cable section of 0.75 mm ²	

For the SVEO connection it is recommended to use a shielded cable. The cable shield must be earthed at the marked earthing point that is located on the support frame of the terminal.





a Earthing point

- **b** Cable shield
- ${\bf c} \quad {\rm Cable \ to \ SVEO \ output \ device}$

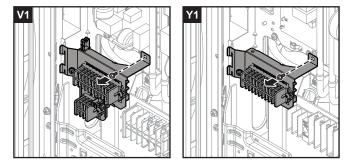
INFORMATION

Sound data about the refrigerant leakage alarm are available in the technical data sheet of the user interface. E.g. the BRC1H52* controller generates an alarm of 65 dB (sound pressure, measured at 1 m distance from the alarm).

20.4 To connect the cool/heat selector switch option

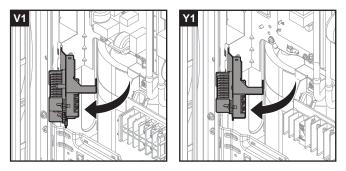
In order to control the cooling or heating operation from a central location, the following optional cool/heat selector switch (KRC19-26A) can be connected:

1 Remove the mounting screw from the terminal mounting plate.

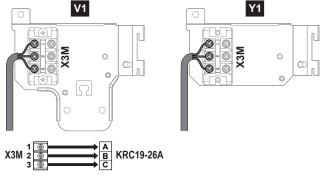


2 Turn the terminal mounting plate to reach the other side of the plate.



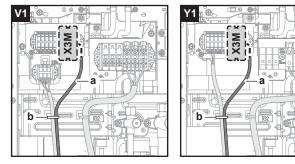


3 Connect the cool/heat selector switch to terminal X3M.

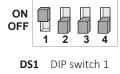


X3MTerminal on the unitKRC19-26ACool/heat selector switch

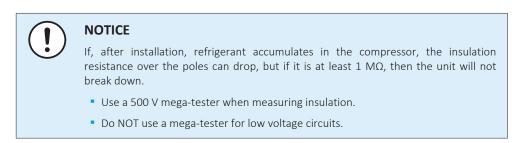
- 4 Turn back the terminal mounting plate and reinstall the screw.
- **5** Fix the cables with cable ties.



- a Cool/heat selector switch cable
- **b** Cable tie
- **6** Turn ON the DIP switch (DS1-1). See "22.2.3 Field setting components" [▶ 123] for more information on the DIP switch.



20.5 To check the insulation resistance of the compressor





1 Measure the insulation resistance over the poles.

If	Then
≥1 MΩ	Insulation resistance is OK. This procedure is finished.
<1 MΩ	Insulation resistance is not OK. Go to the next step.

2 Turn ON the power and leave it on for 6 hours.

Result: The compressor will heat up and evaporate any refrigerant in the compressor.

3 Measure the insulation resistance again.



21 Finishing the outdoor unit installation

21.1 To insulate the refrigerant piping

After finishing the charging procedure, the piping must be insulated. Take into account the following points:

- Make sure to insulate the connection piping and refrigerant branch kits entirely.
- Be sure to insulate the liquid and gas piping (for all units).
- Use heat resistant polyethylene foam which can withstand a temperature of 70°C for liquid piping and polyethylene foam which can withstand a temperature of 120°C for gas piping.
- Reinforce the insulation on the refrigerant piping according to the installation environment.

Ambient temperature	Humidity	Minimum thickness
≤30°C	75% to 80% RH	15 mm
>30°C	≥80% RH	20 mm

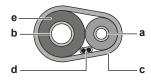
Between outdoor and indoor unit



NOTICE

It is recommended that the refrigerant piping between indoor and outdoor unit is installed in a ducting or the refrigerant piping is wrapped with finishing tape.

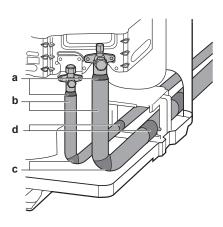
1 Insulate and fix the refrigerant piping and cables as follows:



- a Liquid pipe
- **b** Gas pipe
- c Finishing tape
- **d** Interconnection cable (F1/F2)
- e Insulation
- 2 Install the service cover.

Inside the outdoor unit

To insulate the refrigerant piping, proceed as follows:



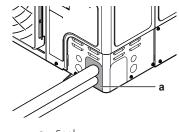


- **1** Insulate the liquid and gas piping.
- **2** Wind heat insulation around the curves, and then cover it with vinyl tape (c, see above).
- **3** Make sure the field piping does not touch any compressor components.
- 4 Seal the insulation ends (sealant etc.) (b, see above).
- **5** Wrap the field piping with vinyl tape (d, see above) to protect it against sharp edges
- **6** If the outdoor unit is installed above the indoor unit, cover the stop valves with sealing material to prevent condensed water on the stop valves from moving to the indoor unit.

NOTICE

Any exposed piping might cause condensation.

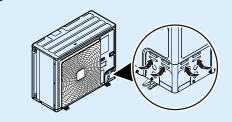
- 7 Reattach the service cover and the piping intake plate.
- 8 Seal all gaps to prevent snow and small animals from entering the system.



a Seal

NOTICE

Do not block the air vents. This could affect air circulation inside the unit.





WARNING

Provide adequate measures to prevent that the unit can be used as a shelter by small animals. Small animals that make contact with electrical parts can cause malfunctions, smoke or fire.



22 Configuration



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

INFORMATION

It is important that all information in this chapter is read sequentially by the installer and that the system is configured as applicable.

In this chapter

22.1		v: Configuration	
22.2	Making f	ield settings	122
	22.2.1	About making field settings	122
	22.2.2	To access the field setting components	123
	22.2.3	Field setting components	123
	22.2.4	To access mode 1 or 2	124
	22.2.5	To use mode 1	
	22.2.6	To use mode 2	
	22.2.7	Mode 1: monitoring settings	
	22.2.8	Mode 2: field settings	128
22.3	Energy s	aving and optimum operation	
	22.3.1	Available main operation methods	133
	22.3.2	Available comfort settings	134
	22.3.3	Example: Automatic mode during cooling	136
	22.3.4	Example: Automatic mode during heating	137

22.1 Overview: Configuration





INFORMATION

It is important that all information in this chapter is read sequentially by the installer and that the system is configured as applicable.

This chapter describes what you have to do and know to configure the system after it is installed.

It contains information about:

- Making field settings
- Energy saving and optimum operation



22.2 Making field settings

22.2.1 About making field settings

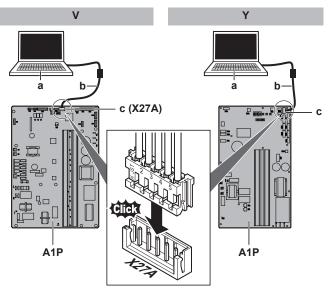
To configure the heat pump system, you must give input to the outdoor unit's main PCB (A1P). This involves the following field setting components:

- Push buttons to give input to the PCB
- A display to read feedback from the PCB
- DIP switches (only change the factory settings if you install a cool/heat selector switch).

See also:

- "22.2.3 Field setting components" [> 123]
- "22.2.2 To access the field setting components" [> 123]

PC configurator



- a PC
- **b** Cable (EKPCCAB*)
- c Extension cable connected to X27A
- X27A Connector
- A1P Outdoor unit main PCB

Mode 1 and 2

Mode	Description
	Mode 1 can be used to monitor the current situation of the outdoor unit. Some field setting contents can be monitored as well.



Mode	Description
Mode 2 (field settings)	Mode 2 is used to change the field settings of the system. Consulting the current field setting value and changing the current field setting value is possible.
	In general, normal operation can be resumed without special intervention after changing field settings.
	Some field settings are used for special operation (e.g., one time operation, recovery/vacuuming setting, manual adding refrigerant setting, etc.). In such a case, it is required to abort the special operation before normal operation can restart. It will be indicated in below explanations.

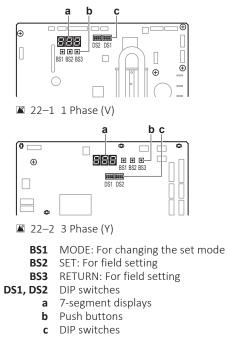
See also:

- "22.2.4 To access mode 1 or 2" [> 124]
- "22.2.5 To use mode 1" [▶ 125]
- "22.2.6 To use mode 2" [▶ 126]
- "22.2.7 Mode 1: monitoring settings" [> 127]
- "22.2.8 Mode 2: field settings" [> 128]
- 22.2.2 To access the field setting components

See "17.2.2 To open the outdoor unit" [> 76].

22.2.3 Field setting components

Location of the 7-segment displays, buttons and DIP switches:



DIP switches

Only change the factory settings if you install a cool/heat selector switch.

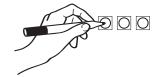


22 | Configuration

DS1-1	COOL/HEAT selector (refer to the manual of the cool/heat selector switch). ON= COOL/HEAT selector active; OFF=not installed=factory setting
DS1-2	NOT USED. DO NOT CHANGE THE FACTORY SETTING.

Push buttons

Use the push buttons to make the field settings. Operate the push buttons with an insulated stick (such as a closed ball-point pen) to avoid touching live parts.



7-segment displays

The display gives feedback about the field settings, which are defined as [Mode-Setting]=Value.

Example

888	Description
	Default situation
↓ B âÈ	Mode 1
	Mode 2
↓ 	Setting 8
	(in mode 2)
	Value 4
	(in mode 2)

22.2.4 To access mode 1 or 2

Initialisation: default situation



Turn ON the power 6 hours before operation in order to have power running to the crankcase heater and to protect the compressor.

Turn on the power supply of the outdoor unit and all indoor units. When the communication between indoor units and outdoor unit(s) is established and normal, the 7-segment display indication state will be as below (default situation when shipped from factory).

Stage	Display
When turning on the power supply: flashing as indicated. First checks on power supply are executed $(1^{2} min)$.	8.8.8.
When no trouble occurs: lighted as indicated (8~10 min).	

Installer and user reference guide $124\,$



Stage	Display
Ready for operation: blank display indication as indicated.	

7-segment display indications:

\sim	Off
\bigcirc	Blinking
-	On

In case of malfunction, the malfunction code is displayed on the indoor unit user interface and the outdoor unit 7-segment display. Solve the malfunction code accordingly. The communication wiring should be checked at first.

Access

BS1 is used to switch between the default situation, mode 1 and mode 2.

Access	Action
Default situation	
Mode 1	Push BS1 one time.
	7-segment display indication changes to:
	Push BS1 one more time to return to the default situation.
Mode 2	Push BS1 for at least 5 seconds.
	7-segment display indication changes to:
	Push BS1 one more time (shortly) to return to the default situation.



INFORMATION

If you get confused in the middle of the process, push BS1 to return to the default situation (no indication on 7-segment displays: blank, see "22.2.4 To access mode 1 or 2" [> 124].

22.2.5 To use mode 1

Mode 1 is used to set basic settings and to monitor the status of the unit.

What	How
Changing and accessing the setting in mode 1	 Push BS1 one time to select mode 1. Push BS2 to select the required setting. Push BS3 one time to access the selected setting's value.
To quit and return to the initial status	Push BS1.

Example:

Checking the content of parameter [1-10] (to know how many indoor units are connected to the system).

[A-B]=C in this case defined as: A=1; B=10; C=the value we want to know/monitor:

- **1** Make sure the 7-segment display indication is in the default situation (normal operation).
- **2** Push BS1 one time.



3 Push BS2 10 times.

Result: Mode 1 setting 10 is addressed:

4 Push BS3 one time; the value which is returned (depending on the actual field situation), is the amount of indoor units which are connected to the system.

Result: Mode 1 setting 10 is addressed and selected, return value is monitored information

5 To quit mode 1, push BS1 one time.

22.2.6 To use mode 2

The master unit should be used to input field settings in mode 2.

Mode 2 is used to set field settings of the outdoor unit and system.

What	How
Changing and accessing the setting in mode 2	 Push BS1 for more than five seconds to select mode 2.
	 Push BS2 to select the required setting.
	 Push BS3 one time to access the selected setting's value.
To quit and return to the initial status	Push BS1.
Changing the value of the selected setting in mode 2	 Push BS1 for more than five seconds to select mode 2.
	 Push BS2 to select the required setting.
	 Push BS3 one time to access the selected setting's value.
	 Push BS2 to select the required value of the selected setting.
	 Push BS3 one time to validate the change.
	 Push BS3 again to start operation with the chosen value.

Example:

Checking the content of parameter [2-18] (to activate or deactivate the high static pressure setting of the outdoor unit's fan).

[Mode-Setting]=Value in this case is defined as: Mode=2; Setting=7; Value=the value we want to know/change.

- **1** Make sure the 7-segment display indication is in the default situation (normal operation).
- **2** Push BS1 for more than five seconds.

Result: Mode 2 is accessed:



3 Push BS2 18 times.

Result: Mode 2 setting 18 is addressed:

4 Push BS3 one time. The display shows the status of the setting (depending on the actual field situation). In the case of [2-18], the default value is "0", which means the ventilated enclosure function is deactivated.

Result: Mode 2 setting 18 is addressed and selected, return value is the current setting situation.

- **5** To change the value of the setting, push BS2 till the required value appears on the 7-segment display indication.
- **6** Push BS3 one time to validate the change.
- 7 Push BS3 to start operation according to the chosen setting.
- **8** Push BS1 one time to quit mode 2.

22.2.7 Mode 1: monitoring settings

[1-1]

Shows the status of low noise operation.

Low noise operation reduces the sound generated by the unit compared to nominal operating conditions.

[1-1]	Description
0	Unit is currently not operating under low noise restrictions.
1	Unit is currently operating under low noise restrictions.

Low noise operation can be set in mode 2. There are two methods to activate low noise operation of the outdoor unit system.

- The first method is to enable an automatic low noise operation during night time by field setting. The unit will operate at the selected low noise level during the selected time frames.
- The second method is to enable low noise operation based on an external input. For this operation an optional accessory is required.

[1-2]

Shows the status of power consumption limitation operation.

Power consumption limitation reduces the power consumption of the unit compared to nominal operating conditions.

[1-2]	Description
0	Unit is currently not operating under power consumption limitations.
1	Unit is currently operating under power consumption limitation.

Power consumption limitation can be set in mode 2. There are two methods to activate power consumption limitation of the outdoor unit system.

• The first method is to enable a forced power consumption limitation by field setting. The unit will always operate at the selected power consumption limitation.

• The second method is to enable power consumption limitation based on an external input. For this operation an optional accessory is required.

[1-5] [1-6]

Code	Shows
[1-5]	The current T_e target parameter position
[1-6]	The current T_c target parameter position

For more information and advice about the impact of these settings, see "22.3 Energy saving and optimum operation" [▶ 133].

[1-10]

Shows the total number of connected indoor units.

It can be convenient to check if the total number of indoor units which are installed match the total number of indoor units which are recognised by the system. In case there is a mismatch, it is recommended to check the communication wiring path between outdoor and indoor units (F1/F2 communication line).

[1-17] [1-18] [1-19]

Code	Shows
[1-17]	The latest malfunction code
[1-18]	The 2nd last malfunction code
[1-19]	The 3rd last malfunction code

When the latest malfunction codes were reset by accident on an indoor unit user interface, they can be checked again through this monitoring settings.

For the content or reason behind the malfunction code see "26.3 Solving problems based on error codes" [> 147], where most relevant malfunction codes are explained. Detailed information about malfunction codes can be consulted in the service manual of this unit.

[1-40] [1-41]

Code	Shows
[1-40]	The current cooling comfort setting
[1-41]	The current heating comfort setting

See "22.3 Energy saving and optimum operation" [> 133] for more details about this setting.

22.2.8 Mode 2: field settings

[2-8]

 $\rm T_e$ target temperature during cooling operation.

[2-8]	T _e target [°C]
0 (default)	Auto
2	6
3	7
4	8
5	9



[2-8]	T _e target [°C]
6	10
7	11

For more information and advice about the impact of these settings, see "22.3 Energy saving and optimum operation" [▶ 133].

[2-9]

T_c target temperature during heating operation.

[2-9]	T _c target (°C)
0 (default)	Auto
1	41
3	43
6	46

For more information and advice about the impact of these settings, see "22.3 Energy saving and optimum operation" [▶ 133].

[2-12]

Enable the low noise function and/or power consumption limitation via external control adaptor (DTA104A61/62).

If the system needs to be running under low noise operation or under power consumption limitation conditions when an external signal is sent to the unit, this setting should be changed. This setting will only be effective when the optional external control adaptor (DTA104A61/62) is installed.

[2-12]	Description
0 (default)	Deactivated.
1	Activated.

[2-18]

Fan high static pressure setting.

If the static pressure of the outdoor unit fan increases, the airflow decreases and the fan motor power input increases. The unit can estimate the ESP via measurements.

Via this setting, the installer can set the ESP to a fixed level or change the moment of ESP evaluation.

Note: For an ESP level higher than 45 Pa, level 0 is kept for reliability of the fan motor.

[2-18]	Description	
0 (default)	Auto setting at commissioning mode and stand-by mode	
1	Auto setting at commissioning mode only	
2	Level 0 (ESP between 0-20 Pa)	
3	Level 1 (ESP between 20-35 Pa)	
4	Level 2 (ESP between 35-45 Pa)	

[2-20]

Manual additional refrigerant charge.



[2-20]	Description
0 (default)	Deactivated.
1	Activated.
	To stop the manual additional refrigerant charge operation (when the required additional refrigerant amount is charged), push BS3. If this function was not aborted by pushing BS3, the unit will stop its operation after 30 minutes. If 30 minutes was not sufficient to add the needed refrigerant amount, the function can be reactivated by changing the field setting again.

[2-21]

Refrigerant recovery/vacuuming mode.

In order to achieve a free pathway to reclaim refrigerant out of the system or to remove residual substances or to vacuum the system it is necessary to apply a setting which will open required valves in the refrigerant circuit so the reclaim of refrigerant or vacuuming process can be done properly.

[2-21]	Description
0 (default)	Deactivated.
1	Activated.
	To stop the refrigerant recovery/vacuuming mode, push BS3. If BS3 is not pushed, the system will remain in refrigerant recovery/vacuuming mode.

[2-22]

Automatic low noise setting and level during night time.

By changing this setting, you activate the automatic low noise operation function of the unit and define the level of operation. Depending on the chosen level, the noise level will be lowered. The start and stop moments for this function are defined under setting [2-26] and [2-27] (see descriptions below).

[2-22]		Description
0 (default)	Deactivated	
1	Level 1	Level 5 <level 3<level<="" 4<level="" td=""></level>
2	Level 2	2 <level 1<="" td=""></level>
3	Level 3	
4	Level 4	
5	Level 5	

[2-25]

Low noise operation level via the external control adaptor.

If the system needs to be running under low noise operation conditions when an external signal is sent to the unit, this setting defines the level of low noise that will be applied.

This setting will only be effective when the optional external control adaptor (DTA104A61/62) is installed and the setting [2-12] was activated.



[2-25]		Description
1	Level 1	Level 5 <level 3<level<="" 4<level="" td=""></level>
2 (default)	Level 2	2 <level 1<="" td=""></level>
3	Level 3	
4	Level 4	
5	Level 5	

[2-26]

Low noise operation start time.

This setting is used in conjunction with setting [2-22].

[2-26]	Start time automatic low noise operation (approximately)
1	20h00
2 (default)	22h00
3	24h00

[2-27]

Low noise operation stop time.

This setting is used in conjunction with setting [2-22].

[2-27]	Stop time automatic low noise operation (approximately)
1	6h00
2	7h00
3 (default)	8h00

[2-30]

Power consumption limitation level (step 1) via the external control adaptor (DTA104A61/62).

If the system needs to be running under power consumption limitation conditions when an external signal is sent to the unit, this setting defines the level power consumption limitation that will be applied for step 1. The level is according to the table.

[2-30]	Power consumption limitation (approximately)
1	60%
2	65%
3 (default)	70%
4	75%
5	80%
6	85%
7	90%
8	95%



[2-31]

Power consumption limitation level (step 2) via the external control adaptor (DTA104A61/62).

If the system needs to be running under power consumption limitation conditions when an external signal is sent to the unit, this setting defines the level power consumption limitation that will be applied for step 2. The level is according to the table.

[2-31]	Power consumption limitation (approximately)
1 (default)	40%
2	50%
3	55%

[2-32]

Forced, all time, power consumption limitation operation (no external control adaptor is required to perform power consumption limitation).

If the system always needs to be running under power consumption limitation conditions, this setting activates and defines the level power consumption limitation that will be applied continuously. The level is according to the table.

[2-32]	Restriction reference
0 (default)	Function not active.
1	Follows [2-30] setting.
2	Follows [2-31] setting.

[2-60]

Supervisor remote controller setting. A power reset is required to save this setting.

For details about the supervisor remote controller, see "16.2 System layout requirements" [> 60] or refer to the remote controller installation and user reference guide.

[2-60]	Description
0 (default)	No supervisor remote controller connected to the system
1	Supervisor remote controller connected to system

[2-81]

Cooling comfort setting.

This setting is used in conjunction with setting [2-8].

-	
[2-81]	Cooling comfort setting
0	Eco
1 (default)	Mild
2	Quick
3	Powerful

For more information and advice about the impact of these settings, see "22.3 Energy saving and optimum operation" [▶ 133].

[2-82]

Heating comfort setting.

DAIKIN

This setting is used in conjunction with setting [2-9].

0	
[2-82]	Heating comfort setting
0	Eco
1 (default)	Mild
2	Quick
3	Powerful

For more information and advice about the impact of these settings, see "22.3 Energy saving and optimum operation" [▶ 133].

22.3 Energy saving and optimum operation

This heat pump system is equipped with advanced energy saving functionality. Depending on the priority, emphasises can be put on energy saving or comfort level. Several parameters can be selected, resulting in the optimal balance between energy consumption and comfort for the particular application.

Several patterns are available and explained below. Modify the parameters to the needs of your building and to realize the best balance between energy consumption and comfort.

No matter which control is selected, variations on the behaviour of the system are still possible due to protection controls to keep the unit operating under reliable conditions. The intentional target, however, is fixed and will be used to obtain the best balance between energy consumption and comfort, depending on the application type.

22.3.1 Available main operation methods

Basic

The refrigerant temperature is fixed independent from the situation. It corresponds to the standard operation which is known and can be expected from/ under previous VRV systems.

To activate this in	Change
Cooling operation	[2-8]=2
Heating operation	[2-9]=2

Automatic

The refrigerant temperature is set depending on the outdoor ambient conditions. As such adjusting the refrigerant temperature to match the required load (which is also related to the outdoor ambient conditions).

E.g., when your system is operating in cooling, you do not need as much cooling under low outdoor ambient temperatures (e.g., 25°C) as under high outdoor ambient temperatures (e.g., 35°C). Using this idea, the system automatically starts increasing its refrigerant temperature, automatically reducing the delivered capacity and increasing the system's efficiency.

E.g., when your system is operating in heating, you do not need as much heating under high outdoor ambient temperatures (e.g., 15° C) as under low outdoor ambient temperatures (e.g., -5° C). Using this idea, the system automatically starts decreasing its refrigerant temperature, automatically reducing the delivered capacity and increasing the system's efficiency.



To activate this in	Change
Cooling operation	[2-8]=3 (default)
Heating operation	[2-9]=1 (default)

Hi-sensible/economic (cooling/heating)

The refrigerant temperature is set higher/lower (cooling/heating) compared to basic operation. The focus under high sensible mode is comfort feeling for the customer.

The selection method of indoor units is important and has to be considered as the available capacity is not the same as under basic operation.

For details concerning to Hi-sensible applications, please contact your dealer.

To activate this in	Change
Cooling operation	[2-8] to the appropriate value, matching the requirements of the pre-designed system containing a high sensible solution.
Heating operation	[2-9] to the appropriate value, matching the requirements of the pre-designed system containing a high sensible solution.
[2-8]	T _e target (°C)
[2-8] 4	T _e target (°C) 8
4	8
4	8
4 5 6	8 9 10

22.3.2 Available comfort settings

For each of above modes a comfort level can be selected. The comfort level is related to the timing and the effort (energy consumption) which is put in achieving a certain room temperature by temporarily changing the refrigerant temperature to different values in order to achieve requested conditions more quickly.

Powerful

Overshoot (during heating operation) or undershoot (during cooling operation) is allowed compared to the requested refrigerant temperature, in order to achieve the required room temperature very fast. The overshoot is allowed from the start up moment.

- In case of cooling operation the evaporating temperature is allowed to go down to 3°C on temporary base depending on the situation.
- In case of heating operation the condense temperature is allowed to go up to 49°C on temporary base depending on the situation.
- When the request from the indoor units becomes more moderate, the system will eventually go to the steady state condition which is defined by the operation method above.

To activate this in	Change
Cooling operation	[2-41]=3.
	This setting is used in conjunction with setting [2-8].
Heating operation	[2-42]=3.
	This setting is used in conjunction with setting [2-9]

Quick

Overshoot (during heating operation) or undershoot (during cooling operation) is allowed compared to the requested refrigerant temperature, in order to achieve the required room temperature very fast. The overshoot is allowed from the start up moment.

- In case of cooling operation the evaporating temperature is allowed to go down to 6°C on temporary base depending on the situation.
- In case of heating operation the condense temperature is allowed to go up to 46°C on temporary base depending on the situation.
- When the request from the indoor units becomes more moderate, the system will eventually go to the steady state condition which is defined by the operation method above.

To activate this in	Change
Cooling operation	[2-41]=2.
	This setting is used in conjunction with setting [2-8].
Heating operation	[2-42]=2.
	This setting is used in conjunction with setting [2-9].

Mild

Overshoot (during heating operation) or undershoot (during cooling operation) is allowed compared to the requested refrigerant temperature, in order to achieve the required room temperature very fast. The overshoot is not allowed from the start up moment. The start up occurs under the condition which is defined by the operation mode above.

- In case of cooling operation the evaporating temperature is allowed to go down to 6°C on temporary base depending on the situation.
- In case of heating operation the condense temperature is allowed to go up to 46°C on temporary base depending on the situation.
- When the request from the indoor units becomes more moderate, the system will eventually go to the steady state condition which is defined by the operation method above.
- The start up condition is different from the powerful and quick comfort setting.

To activate this in	Change
Cooling operation	[2-41]=1.
	This setting is used in conjunction with setting [2-8].



22 | Configuration

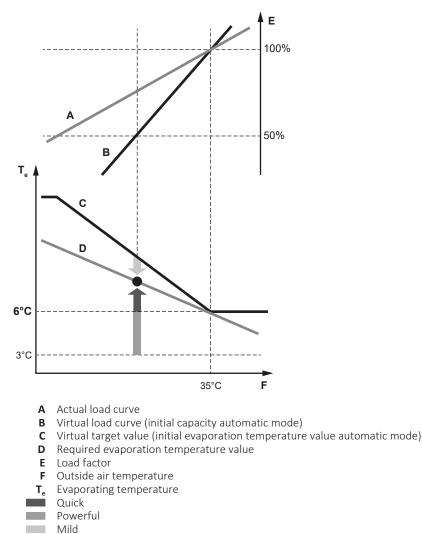
To activate this in	Change
Heating operation	[2-42]=1.
	This setting is used in conjunction with setting [2-9].

Eco

The original refrigerant temperature target, which is defined by the operation method (see above) is kept without any correction, unless for protection control.

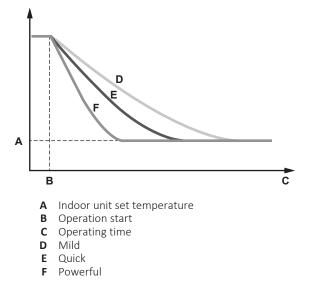
To activate this in	Change
Cooling operation	[2-41]=0.
	This setting is used in conjunction with setting [2-8].
Heating operation	[2-42]=0.
	This setting is used in conjunction with setting [2-9].

22.3.3 Example: Automatic mode during cooling

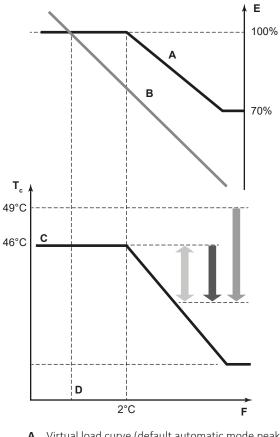




Room temperature evolution:

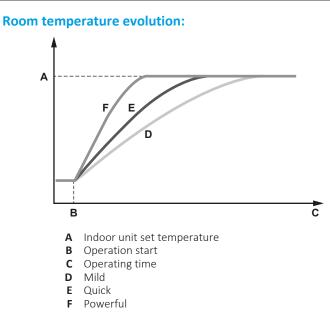


22.3.4 Example: Automatic mode during heating



- A Virtual load curve (default automatic mode peak capacity)
- **B** Load curve
- **C** Virtual target value (initial condensation temperature value automatic mode)
- **D** Design temperature
- E Load factor
- **F** Outside air temperature
- $\mathbf{T_c}$ $\ \ Condensing temperature$
- Quick
- Powerful
- Mild







23 Commissioning



NOTICE

General commissioning checklist. Next to the commissioning instructions in this chapter, a general commissioning checklist is also available on the Daikin Business Portal (authentication required).

The general commissioning checklist is complementary to the instructions in this chapter and can be used as a guideline and reporting template during commissioning and hand-over to the user.

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23.1	Precautions when commissioning	139
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23.1 Precautions when commissioning



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION



DANGER: RISK OF BURNING/SCALDING



CAUTION

Do NOT perform the test operation while working on the indoor units.

When performing the test operation, NOT ONLY the outdoor unit, but the connected indoor unit will operate as well. Working on an indoor unit while performing a test operation is dangerous.



CAUTION

Do NOT insert fingers, rods or other objects into the air inlet or outlet. Do NOT remove the fan guard. When the fan is rotating at high speed, it will cause injury.



INFORMATION

During the first running period of the unit, the required power may be higher than stated on the nameplate of the unit. This phenomenon is caused by the compressor, that needs a continuous run time of 50 hours before reaching smooth operation and stable power consumption.



NOTICE

Turn ON the power 6 hours before operation in order to have power running to the crankcase heater and to protect the compressor.

During test operation, the outdoor unit and the indoor units will start up. Make sure that the preparations of all indoor units are finished (field piping, electrical wiring, air purge, ...). See installation manual of the indoor units for details.



23.2 Checklist before commissioning

- **1** After the installation of the unit, check the items listed below.
- 2 Close the unit.

3 P	ower up the unit.
	You have read the complete installation and operation instructions described in the installer and user reference guide .
	Installation
	Check that the unit is properly installed, to avoid abnormal noises and vibrations when starting up the unit.
	Field wiring
	Check that the field wiring has been carried out according to the instructions described in the chapter Electrical installation, according to the wiring diagrams and according to the applicable national wiring regulation.
	Power supply voltage
	Check the power supply voltage on the local supply panel. The voltage MUST correspond to the voltage on the nameplate of the unit.
	Earth wiring
	Be sure that the earth wires have been connected properly and that the earth terminals are tightened.
	Insulation test of the main power circuit
	Using a megatester for 500 V, check that the insulation resistance of 2 M Ω or more is attained by applying a voltage of 500 V DC between power terminals and earth. NEVER use the megatester for the interconnection wiring.
	Fuses, circuit breakers, or protection devices
	Check that the fuses, circuit breakers, or the locally installed protection devices are of the size and type specified in the chapter Electrical installation. Be sure that neither a fuse nor a protection device has been bypassed.
	Internal wiring
	Visually check the electrical component box and the inside of the unit for loose connections or damaged electrical components.
	Pipe size and pipe insulation
	Be sure that correct pipe sizes are installed and that the insulation work is properly executed.
	Stop valves
	Be sure that the stop valves are open on both liquid and gas side.
	Damaged equipment
	Check the inside of the unit for damaged components or squeezed pipes.
	Refrigerant leak
	Check the inside of the unit on refrigerant leakage. If there is a refrigerant leak, try to repair the leak. If the repair is unsuccessful, call your local dealer. Do not touch any refrigerant which has leaked out from refrigerant piping connections. This may result in frostbite.
	Oil leak
	Check the compressor for oil leakage. If there is an oil leak, try to repair the leak. If the repairing is unsuccessful, call your local dealer.
	Air inlet/outlet
	Check that the air inlet and outlet of the unit is NOT obstructed by paper sheets, cardboard, or any other material.



Additional refrigerant charge	
The amount of refrigerant to be added to the unit shall be written on the included "Added refrigerant" plate and attached to the rear side of the front cover.	
Requirements for R32 equipment	
Make sure the system meets all requirements that are described in the following chapter: "3.1 Instructions for equipment using R32 refrigerant" [\blacktriangleright 18].	
Field settings	
Make sure all field settings you want are set. See "22.2 Making field settings" [> 122].	
Installation date and field setting	
Be sure to keep a record of the installation date on the sticker on the rear of the front panel according to EN60335-2-40 and keep record of the contents of the field setting(s).	

23.3 Checklist during commissioning

To perform a test run.

23.4 About the test run



NOTICE

Make sure to carry out the test run after the first installation. Otherwise, the malfunction code UJ will be displayed on the user interface and normal operation or individual indoor unit test run cannot be carried out.

The procedure below describes the test operation of the complete system. This operation checks and judges following items:

- Check for incorrect wiring (communication check with indoor units).
- Check of the stop valves opening.
- Judgement of piping length.
- Abnormalities on indoor units cannot be checked for each unit separately. After the test operation is finished, check the indoor units one by one by performing a normal operation using the user interface. Refer to the indoor unit installation manual for more details concerning the individual test run.



INFORMATION

- It may take 10 minutes to achieve a uniform refrigerant state before the compressor starts.
- During the test operation, the refrigerant running sound or the magnetic sound of a solenoid valve may become loud and the display indication may change. These are not malfunctions.

23.5 To perform a test run (7-segment display)

- 1 Make sure all field settings you want are set; see "22.2 Making field settings" [> 122].
- 2 Turn ON the power to the outdoor unit and the connected indoor units.





NOTICE

Turn ON the power 6 hours before operation in order to have power running to the crankcase heater and to protect the compressor.

3 Make sure the default (idle) situation is existing; see "22.2.4 To access mode 1 or 2" [▶ 124]. Push BS2 for 5 seconds or more. The unit will start test operation.

Result: The test operation is automatically carried out, the outdoor unit display will indicate "LD I" and the indication "Test operation" and "Under centralised control" will display on the user interface of indoor units.

Step	Description
£0 I	Control before start up (pressure equalisation)
£02	Cooling start up control
£03	Cooling stable condition
204	Communication check
£05	Stop valve check
£05	Pipe length check
209	Pump down operation
E 10	Unit stop

Steps during the automatic system test run procedure:



INFORMATION

During the test operation, it is not possible to stop the unit operation from a user interface. To abort the operation, press BS3. The unit will stop after ±30 seconds.

4 Check the test operation results on the outdoor unit 7-segment display.

Completion	Description
Normal completion	No indication on the 7-segment display (idle).
Abnormal completion	Indication of malfunction code on the 7-segment display. Refer to "23.6 Correcting after abnormal completion of the test run" [▶ 142] to take actions for correcting the abnormality. When the test operation is fully completed, normal operation will be possible after 5 minutes.

23.6 Correcting after abnormal completion of the test run

The test operation is only completed if there is no malfunction code displayed on the user interface or outdoor unit 7-segment display. In case of a displayed malfunction code, perform correcting actions as explained in the malfunction code table. Carry out the test operation again and confirm that the abnormality is properly corrected.



INFORMATION

Refer to the installation manual of the indoor unit for detailed malfunction codes related to indoor units.



24 Hand-over to the user

Once the test run is finished and the unit operates properly, make sure the following is clear for the user:

- Make sure that the user has the printed documentation and ask him/her to keep it for future reference. Inform the user that he can find the complete documentation at the URL mentioned earlier in this manual.
- Explain the user how to properly operate the system and what to do in case of problems.
- Show the user what to do for the maintenance of the unit.



25 Maintenance and service

!	NOTICE Maintenance MUST be done by an authorised installer or service agent. We recommend performing maintenance at least once a year. However, applicable legislation might require shorter maintenance intervals.
!	NOTICE Applicable legislation on fluorinated greenhouse gases requires that the refrigerant charge of the unit is indicated both in weight and CO ₂ equivalent. Formula to calculate the quantity in CO ₂ equivalent tonnes: GWP value of the

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25.1 Maintenance safety precautions

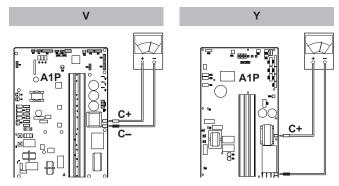
4	DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION
	DANGER: RISK OF BURNING/SCALDING
	WARNING Prior to start working on systems containing flammable refrigerant, safety checks are necessary to ensure that the risk of ignition is minimised. Therefore, some instructions should be followed. Please refer to the service manual for more information.
!	NOTICE: Risk of electrostatic discharge Before performing any maintenance or service work, touch a metal part of the unit in order to eliminate static electricity and to protect the PCB.



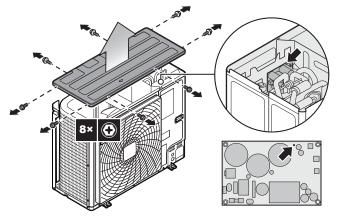
25.1.1 To prevent electrical hazards

When performing service to inverter equipment:

- **1** Do NOT open the electrical component box cover for 10 minutes after turning off the power supply.
- 2 Measure the voltage between terminals on the terminal block for power supply with a tester and confirm that the power supply is shut off. In addition, measure points as shown in the figure, with a tester and confirm that the voltage of the capacitor in the main circuit is less than 50 V DC. If the voltage measured is still higher than 50 V DC, discharge the capacitors in a safe manner by using a dedicated capacitor discharge pen to avoid possibility of sparking.



- **3** To prevent damaging the PCB, touch a non-coated metal part to eliminate static electricity before pulling out or plugging in connectors.
- **4** The backup PCB (A3P) at the back of the switch box mounting plate may contain residual power. Before servicing, wait for at least 20 minutes until the green indicator light on the PCB turns OFF (see illustration below).



- **5** Pull out junction connector X106A (A1P) for the fan motor in the outdoor unit before starting service operation on the inverter equipment. Be careful NOT to touch the live parts. (If a fan rotates due to strong wind, it may store electricity in the capacitor or in the main circuit and cause electrical shock.)
- **6** After the service is finished, plug the junction connector back in. Otherwise the malfunction code E7 will be displayed and normal operation will NOT be performed.

For details refer to the wiring diagram labelled on the back of the service cover.

Pay attention to the fan. It is dangerous to inspect the unit while the fan is running. Make sure to turn off the main switch and to remove the fuses from the control circuit located in the outdoor unit.

25.2 Checklist for yearly maintenance of the outdoor unit

Check the following at least once a year:

Heat exchanger

The heat exchanger of the outdoor unit can get blocked up due to dust, dirt, leaves, etc. It is recommended to clean the heat exchanger yearly. A blocked heat exchanger can lead to too low pressure or too high pressure leading to worse performance.

25.3 About service mode operation

Refrigerant recovery operation/vacuuming operation is possible by applying setting [2-21]. Refer to "22.2 Making field settings" [> 122] for details how to set mode 2.

When vacuuming/recovery mode is used, check very carefully what should be vacuumed/recovered before starting. See installation manual of the indoor unit for more information about vacuuming and recovery.

25.3.1 To use vacuum mode

1 When the unit is at standstill, activate setting [2-21] to start vacuuming mode.

Result: When confirmed, the indoor and outdoor unit expansion valves will fully open. At that moment H1P lights and the user interface of all indoor units indicate TEST (test operation) and EA (external control) and the operation will be prohibited.

- 2 Evacuate the system with a vacuum pump.
- **3** Press BS1 to stop vacuuming mode.

25.3.2 To recover refrigerant

This should be done with a refrigerant recovery unit. Follow the same procedure as for vacuuming method.



DANGER: RISK OF EXPLOSION

Pump down – Refrigerant leakage. If you want to pump down the system, and there is a leak in the refrigerant circuit:

- Do NOT use the unit's automatic pump down function, with which you can collect all refrigerant from the system into the outdoor unit. Possible consequence: Selfcombustion and explosion of the compressor because of air going into the operating compressor.
- Use a separate recovery system so that the unit's compressor does NOT have to operate.



NOTICE

Make sure to NOT recover any oil while recovering refrigerant. **Example:** By using an oil separator.



26 Troubleshooting

In this chapter

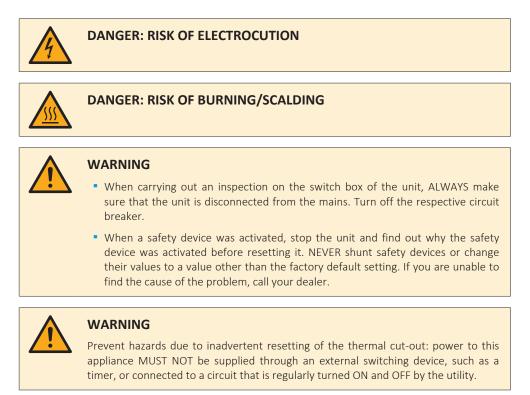
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26.1 Overview: Troubleshooting

Before troubleshooting

Carry out a thorough visual inspection of the unit and look for obvious defects such as loose connections or defective wiring.

26.2 Precautions when troubleshooting



26.3 Solving problems based on error codes

In case of a displayed malfunction code, perform correcting actions as explained in the malfunction code table.

After correcting the abnormality, press BS3 to reset the malfunction code and retry operation.





INFORMATION

If a malfunction occurs, the error code is displayed on the outdoor unit's 7-segments display and on the user interface of the indoor unit.

26.3.1 Error codes: Overview

In case other error codes appear, contact your dealer.

Main code	Cause	Solution	SVEO ^(a)	SVS ^(b)
R0- I I	RD-11 The R32 sensor in one of the indoor units has detected a refrigerant leak ^(c) Possible R32 leak. The system will automatically start refrigerant recovery operation to store all refrigerant into the outdoor unit. When refrigerant recovery operation is finished, the system unit goes i locked status. Service is needed to repair th leak and activate the system. Refer to the service manual for more information.		~	~
ЯО/СН	Safety system error (leak detection) ^(c)	An error related to the safety system occurred. Refer to the service manual for more information.	~	
СН-О І	R32 sensor malfunction in one of the indoor units ^(c)	Check connection on PCB or actuator. The system will continue operation, but indoor unit in scope will stop operating. Refer to the service manual for more information.		V
CH-02	R32 sensor end of lifetime in one of the indoor units ^(c)	One of the sensors is at the end of lifetime and must be replaced. Refer to the service manual for more information.		
CH-05	R32 sensor 6 months before end of lifetime in one of the indoor units ^(c)	One of the R32 sensors is close to the end of lifetime and will have to be replaced soon.		
Ен- 10	Waiting for R32 sensor replacement confirmation from one of the indoor units ^(c)	Waiting for confirmation that the R32 sensor has been replaced in one of the indoor units. Refer to the service manual for more information.		
Ε3	 The stop valve of an outdoor unit is left closed. Refrigerant overcharge 	 Open the stop valve on both the gas and liquid side. Recalculate the required amount of refrigerant from the piping length and correct the refrigerant charge level by recovering any excessive refrigerant with a refrigerant recovery machine. 	~	



Main code	Cause	Solution	SVEO ^(a)	SVS ^(b)
ЕЧ	• The stop valve of an outdoor unit is left closed.	 Open the stop valve on both the gas and liquid side. 	~	
	 Insufficient refrigerant 	 Check if the additional refrigerant charge has been finished correctly. Recalculate the required amount of refrigerant from the piping length and add an adequate amount of refrigerant. 		
E9	Electronic expansion valve malfunction (Y1E) - A1P (X21A) / (Y3E) - A1P (X23A)	Check connection on PCB or actuator.	✓	
FB	• The stop valve of an outdoor unit is left closed.	 Open the stop valve on both the gas and liquid side. 	~	
	 Insufficient refrigerant 	 Check if the additional refrigerant charge has been finished correctly. Recalculate the required amount of refrigerant from the piping length and add an adequate amount of refrigerant. 		
F6	Refrigerant overcharge	Recalculate the required amount of refrigerant from the piping length and correct the refrigerant charge level by recovering any excessive refrigerant with a refrigerant recovery machine.	✓	
ня	Ambient temperature sensor malfunction (R1T) - A1P (X18A)	Check connection on PCB or actuator.	✓	
EL	Discharge temperature sensor malfunction (R21T): open circuit / short circuit - A1P (X19A)	Check connection on PCB or actuator.	~	
5 ل	Suction temperature sensor malfunction (R3T) - A1P (X30A) (suction) / (R5T) - A1P (X30A) (subcool)	Check connection on PCB or actuator.	~	
ЗС	Liquid temperature sensor (coil) malfunction (R4T) - A1P (X30A)	Check connection on PCB or actuator.	~	
רנ	Liquid temperature sensor (after subcool HE) malfunction (R7T) - A1P (X30A)	Check connection on PCB or actuator.	~	
٦٩	Gas temperature sensor (after subcool HE) malfunction (R6T) - A1P (X30A) (superheat)	Check connection on PCB or actuator.	~	
RL	High pressure sensor malfunction (S1NPH): open circuit / short circuit - A1P (X32A)	Check connection on PCB or actuator.	~	
JL	Low pressure sensor malfunction (S1NPL): open circuit / short circuit - A1P (X31A)	Check connection on PCB or actuator.	~	
LE	Transmission outdoor unit - inverter: INV1 / FAN1 transmission trouble	Check connection.	~	
PI	INV1 unbalanced power supply voltage	Check if power supply is within range.		



26 | Troubleshooting

Main code	Cause	Solution	SVEO ^(a)	SVS ^(b)
U2	Insufficient supply voltage	Check if the supply voltage is supplied properly.	~	
UЗ	Malfunction code: System test run not yet executed (system operation not possible)	Execute system test run.		
UЧ	No power is supplied to the outdoor unit.	Check if the power wiring for the outdoor unit is connected correctly.	~	
IJ٩	indoor units combined (R410A, R407C, RA, etc)	Check if other indoor units have malfunction and confirm indoor unit mix is allowed.	~	
	 Indoor unit malfunction 			
UR	Improper type of indoor units are connected.	Check the type of indoor units that are currently connected. If they are not proper, replace them with proper ones.	~	
υн	Incorrect interconnections between units.	Connect interconnections F1 and F2 of the connected BP unit correctly to the outdoor unit's PCB (TO BP UNIT). Make sure that the communication with the BP unit is enabled.	~	
UF	• The stop valve of an outdoor unit is left closed.	 Open the stop valve on both the gas and liquid side. 	~	
	 The piping and wiring of the specified indoor unit are not connected correctly to the outdoor unit. 			

^(a) The SVEO terminal provides an electrical contact that closes in case the indicated error occurs.

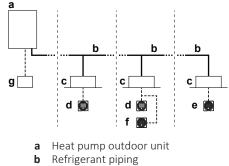
^(b) The SVS terminal provides an electrical contact that closes in case the indicated error occurs.

 $^{\scriptscriptstyle (c)}\,$ The error code is only shown on the user interface of the indoor unit where the error occurs.

26.4 Refrigerant leak detection system

Normal operation

During normal operation, the alarm only and supervisor remote controller have no functionality. The screen of the remote controller in alarm only and supervisor mode will be off. Operation of the remote controller can be checked by pushing the \Box button to open the installer menu.



- c VRV direct expansion (DX) indoor unit
- **d** Remote controller in normal mode
- e Remote controller in alarm only mode



- f Remote controller in supervisor mode (mandatory in some situations)
- **g** Centralised controller (optional)

Note: During start-up of the system, the mode of the remote control can be verified from the screen.

Leak detection operation

If the R32 sensor in the indoor unit detects a refrigerant leak, the user will be warned by both audible and visible signals of the remote controller of the leaking indoor unit (and the supervisor remote controller, if applicable). At the same time the outdoor unit will start refrigerant recovery operation in order to reduce the amount of refrigerant in the indoor system.

After refrigerant recovery operation, an error code is displayed and the unit is in locked state. Feedback of the remote controller after leak detection operation will depend on its mode.

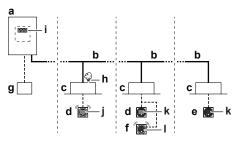
Service is needed to repair the leak and activate the system. Refer to the service manual for more information.



WARNING

The unit is equipped with a refrigerant leak detection system for safety.

To be effective, the unit MUST be electrically powered at all times after installation, except for maintenance.



- **a** Heat pump outdoor unit
- **b** Refrigerant piping
- c VRV direct expansion (DX) indoor unit
- **d** Remote controller in normal mode
- e Remote controller in alarm only mode
- f Remote controller in supervisor mode (mandatory in some situations)
- g Centralised controller (optional)
- **h** Refrigerant leak
- i Outdoor unit error code on 7-segment display
- **j** Error code 'A0–11' and audible alarm and red warning signal is generated from this remote controller.
- **k** Error code 'U9–02' is displayed on this remote controller. No alarm or warning lights.
- I Error code 'A0–11' and audible alarm and red warning signal is generated from this **supervisor** remote controller. The unit **address** is displayed on this remote controller.

Note: It is possible to stop the leak detection alarm from the remote controller and from the app. To stop the alarm from the remote controller, press \blacksquare for 3 seconds.

Note: Leak detection will trigger SVS output. For more information, see "20.3 To connect the external outputs" [> 115].

Note: An optional output PCB for the indoor unit can be added to provide output for external device. The output PCB will trigger in case a leak is detected. For exact model name see option list of the indoor unit. For more information about this option, refer to the installation manual of the optional output PCB



Note: Some centralised controllers can also be used as supervisor remote controller. For further details on installation, please refer to the installation manual of the centralised controllers.



NOTICE

The R32 refrigerant leakage sensor is a semiconductor detector which may incorrectly detect substances other than R32 refrigerant. Avoid using chemical substances (e.g. organic solvents, hair spray, paint) in high concentrations, in the close proximity of the indoor unit because this may cause misdetection by the R32 refrigerant leakage sensor.



27 Disposal



NOTICE

Do NOT try to dismantle the system yourself: dismantling of the system, treatment of the refrigerant, oil and other parts MUST comply with applicable legislation. Units MUST be treated at a specialised treatment facility for reuse, recycling and recovery.



28 Technical data

A **subset** of the latest technical data is available on the regional Daikin website (publicly accessible). The **full set** of latest technical data is available on the Daikin Business Portal (authentication required).

In this chapter

28.1	Service space: Outdoor unit	155
28.2	Piping diagram: Outdoor unit	157
28.3	Wiring diagram: Outdoor unit	158



28.1 Service space: Outdoor unit

Suction side	In the illustrations below, the service space at the suction side is based on 35°C DB and cooling operation. Foresee more space in the following cases:			
	 When the suction side temperature regularly exceeds this temperature. 			
	 When the heat load of the outdoor units is expected to regularly exceed the maximum operating capacity. 			
Discharge side	Take refrigerant piping work into account when positioning the units. If your layout does not match with any of the layouts below, contact your dealer.			

Single unit (\square) | Single row of units (\longleftrightarrow)

				(mm)								
	A~E		$H_{B} H_{D} H_{U}$		b	С	d	е	e _B	e _D		
	В	—			≥100]	
e _B	A, B, C	—		≥100 ⁽¹⁾	≥100	≥100					1	
, E	B, E	_			≥100			≥1000		≤500	1	
e _p -	A, B, C, E	—		≥150 ⁽¹⁾	≥150	≥150		≥1000		≤500	1	
e	D	—					≥500				1	
	D, E	_					≥500	≥1000	≤500		1	
СВВ	B, D	$H_{D}>H_{U}$			≥100		≥500				1	
		H _D ≤H _U			≥100		≥500				1	
	B, D, E	H _D >H _U	H _B ≤½H _U		≥250		≥750	≥1000	≤500			
			$1/_2H_U < H_B \le H_U$		≥250		≥1000	≥1000	≤500			
D d a a			H _B >H _U				\otimes					
		H _D ≤H _U	H _D ≤½H _U		≥100		≥1000	≥1000		≤500		
			$1/_2H_U < H_D \le H_U$		≥200		≥1000	≥1000		≤500		
			H _D >H _U				\otimes					
	A, B, C	_		≥200 ⁽¹⁾	≥300	≥1000						
	A, B, C, E	_		≥200 ⁽¹⁾	≥300	≥1000		≥1000		≤500	1	
E	D	_					≥1000				1	
e _D ^E	D, E	_					≥1000	≥1000	≤500		1	
e	B, D	H _D >H _U			≥300		≥1000				1	
			H _D ≤H _U	H _D ≤½H _U		≥250		≥1500				1
			$1/_2H_U < H_D \le H_U$		≥300		≥1500				1	
c n _u b H _B H _B	B, D, E	H _D >H _U	H _B ≤½H _U		≥300		≥1000	≥1000	≤500			
			$1/_2H_U < H_B \le H_U$		≥300		≥1250	≥1000	≤500			
d			H _B >H _U	\otimes				1-				
		H _D ≤H _U	H _D ≤½H _U		≥250		≥1500	≥1000		≤500		
H _D a A			$1/_2H_U < H_D \le H_U$		≥300		≥1500	≥1000		≤500		
			H _D >H _U	[\odot					

(1) For better serviceability, use a distance ≥250 mm

A,B,C,D Obstacles (walls/baffle plates)

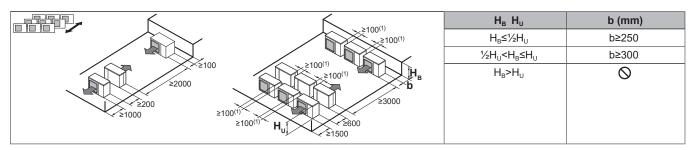
E Obstacle (roof)

- a,b,c,d,e Minimum service space between the unit and obstacles A, B, C, D and E
 - \mathbf{e}_{B} Maximum distance between the unit and the edge of obstacle E, in the direction of obstacle B
 - \mathbf{e}_{D} Maximum distance between the unit and the edge of obstacle E, in the direction of obstacle D
 - H_{u} Height of the unit
 - H_B, H_D Height of obstacles B and D
 - 1 Seal the bottom of the installation frame to prevent discharged air from flowing back to the suction side through the bottom of the unit.
 - 2 Maximum tw Not allowed Maximum two units can be installed.

Multiple rows of units (

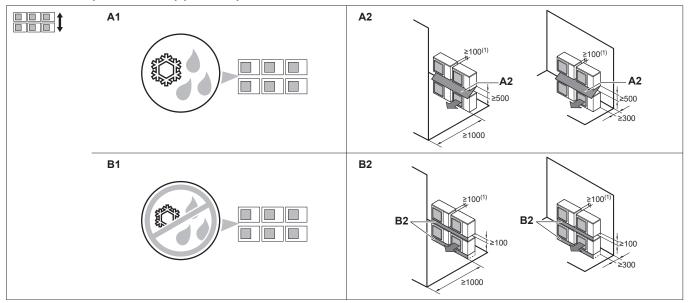


28 | Technical data



(1) For better serviceability, use a distance ≥250 mm

Stacked units (max. 2 levels) (



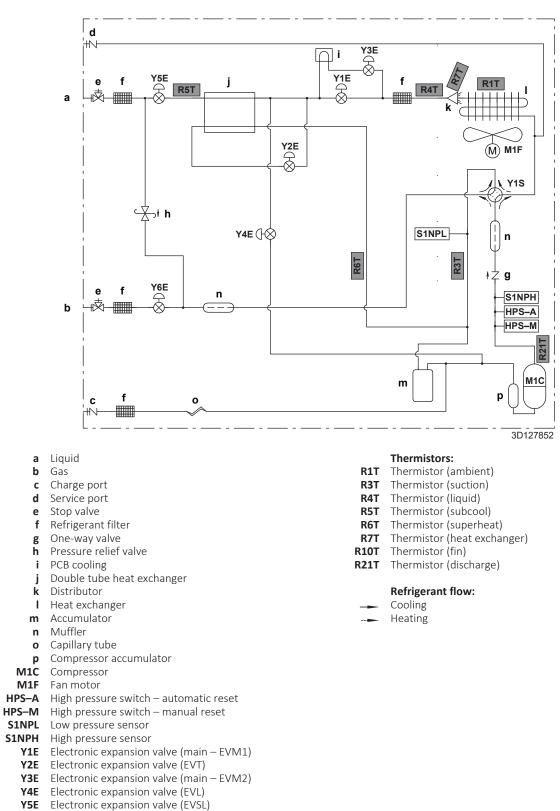
(1) For better serviceability, use a distance ≥250 mm

A1=>A2 (A1) If there is danger of drainage dripping and freezing between the upper and lower units...

- (A2) Then install a **roof** between the upper and lower units. Install the upper unit high enough above the lower unit to prevent ice buildup at the upper unit's bottom plate.
- B1=>B2 (B1) If there is no danger of drainage dripping and freezing between the upper and lower units...
 (B2) Then it is not required to install a roof, but seal the gap between the upper and lower units to prevent discharged air from flowing back to the suction side through the bottom of the unit.



28.2 Piping diagram: Outdoor unit



Y6E Electronic expansion valve (EVSG)

Y1S 4-way valve



28.3 Wiring diagram: Outdoor unit

The wiring diagram is delivered with the unit, located at the inside of the service cover.

Symbols:

X1M	Main terminal
	Earth wiring
15	Wire number 15
	Field wire
	Field cable
—> **/12.2	Connection ** continues on page 12 column 2
1	Several wiring possibilities
<u> </u>	Option
[]	Not mounted in switch box
j	Wiring depending on model
	PCB

Legend for wiring diagram RXYSA4~6_V:

A1P	Printed circuit board (main)
A2P	Printed circuit board (sub)
A3P	Printed circuit board (back-up)
A4P	Printed circuit board (cool/heat selector)
BS* (A1P)	Push buttons (mode, set, return, test, reset)
DS* (A1P)	DIP switch
E1H	Bottom plate heater (option)
E1HC	Crank case heater
F1U (A1P)	Fuse (M 56 A / 250 V)
F1U (A2P)	Fuse (T 3.15 A / 250 V)
F1U	Fuse (T 1.0 A / 250 V)
F2U (A1P)	Fuse (T 6.3 A / 250 V)
F3U (A1P)	Fuse (T 6.3 A / 250 V)
F6U (A1P)	Fuse (T 5.0 A / 250 V)
F101U (A3P)	Fuse (T 2.0 A / 250 V)
HAP (A1P)	Running LED (service monitor green)
K*M (A1P)	Contactor on PCB
K*R (A*P)	Relay on PCB
M1C	Motor (compressor)
M1F	Motor (fan)
PS (A*P)	Switching power supply



Q1	Overload switch
Q1DI	Earth leakage circuit breaker (field supply)
R1T	Thermistor (ambient)
R3T	Thermistor (suction)
R4T	Thermistor (liquid)
R5T	Thermistor (subcool)
R6T	Thermistor (superheat)
R7T	Thermistor (heat exchanger)
R10T	Thermistor (fin)
R21T	Thermistor (discharge)
R*T	PTC thermistor
S1NPH	High pressure sensor
S1NPL	Low pressure sensor
S1PH	High pressure switch
S1S	Air control switch (option)
S2S	Cool/heat selector switch (option)
SEG* (A1P)	7-segment display
SFB	Mechanical ventilation error input (field supply)
	Mechanical ventilation error input (field supply) IGBT power module
V1R, V2R (A1P)	IGBT power module
V1R, V2R (A1P) V3R (A1P)	IGBT power module Diode module
V1R, V2R (A1P) V3R (A1P) X*A	IGBT power module Diode module PCB connector
V1R, V2R (A1P) V3R (A1P) X*A X*M	IGBT power module Diode module PCB connector Terminal strip
V1R, V2R (A1P) V3R (A1P) X*A X*M X*Y	IGBT power module Diode module PCB connector Terminal strip Connector
V1R, V2R (A1P) V3R (A1P) X*A X*M X*Y Y1E	IGBT power module Diode module PCB connector Terminal strip Connector Electronic expansion valve (main – EVM1)
V1R, V2R (A1P) V3R (A1P) X*A X*M X*Y Y1E Y2E	IGBT power module Diode module PCB connector Terminal strip Connector Electronic expansion valve (main – EVM1) Electronic expansion valve (EVT)
V1R, V2R (A1P) V3R (A1P) X*A X*M X*Y Y1E Y2E Y3E	IGBT power module Diode module PCB connector Terminal strip Connector Electronic expansion valve (main – EVM1) Electronic expansion valve (EVT) Electronic expansion valve (main – EVM2)
V1R, V2R (A1P) V3R (A1P) X*A X*M X*Y Y1E Y2E Y3E Y4E	IGBT power module Diode module PCB connector Terminal strip Connector Electronic expansion valve (main – EVM1) Electronic expansion valve (EVT) Electronic expansion valve (EVL)
V1R, V2R (A1P) V3R (A1P) X*A X*M X*Y Y1E Y2E Y3E Y4E Y5E	IGBT power module Diode module PCB connector Terminal strip Connector Electronic expansion valve (main – EVM1) Electronic expansion valve (EVT) Electronic expansion valve (main – EVM2) Electronic expansion valve (EVL) Electronic expansion valve (EVSL)
V1R, V2R (A1P) V3R (A1P) X*A X*M X*Y Y1E Y2E Y3E Y4E Y5E Y6E	IGBT power module Diode module PCB connector Terminal strip Connector Electronic expansion valve (main – EVM1) Electronic expansion valve (EVT) Electronic expansion valve (EVL) Electronic expansion valve (EVSL) Electronic expansion valve (EVSG)
V1R, V2R (A1P) V3R (A1P) X*A X*M X*Y Y1E Y2E Y3E Y4E Y5E Y6E Y1S	IGBT power module Diode module PCB connector Terminal strip Connector Electronic expansion valve (main – EVM1) Electronic expansion valve (EVT) Electronic expansion valve (EVL) Electronic expansion valve (EVSL) Electronic expansion valve (EVSG) Solenoid valve (4-way valve)
V1R, V2R (A1P) V3R (A1P) X*A X*M X*Y Y1E Y2E Y3E Y3E Y4E Y5E Y6E Y1S Y3S Y4S Z*C	IGBT power module Diode module PCB connector Terminal strip Connector Electronic expansion valve (main – EVM1) Electronic expansion valve (EVT) Electronic expansion valve (EVT) Electronic expansion valve (EVL) Electronic expansion valve (EVSL) Electronic expansion valve (EVSG) Solenoid valve (4-way valve) Error operation output (SVEO) (field supply) Leak sensor output (SVS) (field supply) Noise filter (ferrite core)
V1R, V2R (A1P) V3R (A1P) X*A X*M X*Y Y1E Y2E Y3E Y4E Y5E Y6E Y1S Y3S Y4S	IGBT power module Diode module PCB connector Terminal strip Connector Electronic expansion valve (main – EVM1) Electronic expansion valve (EVT) Electronic expansion valve (EVT) Electronic expansion valve (EVL) Electronic expansion valve (EVSL) Electronic expansion valve (EVSL) Electronic expansion valve (EVSG) Solenoid valve (4-way valve) Error operation output (SVEO) (field supply) Leak sensor output (SVS) (field supply)

Legend for wiring diagram RXYSA4~6_Y:

A1P	Printed circuit board (main)
A2P	Printed circuit board (sub)
A3P	Printed circuit board (back-up)

A4P	Printed circuit board (cool/heat selector)
A5P	Printed circuit board (noise filter)
BS* (A1P)	Push buttons (mode, set, return, test, reset)
C* (A1P)	Capacitors
DS* (A1P)	DIP switch
E1H	Bottom plate heater (option)
E1HC	Crank case heater
F1U (A1P)	Fuse (T 6.3 A / 250 V)
F1U (A2P)	Fuse (T 3.15 A / 250 V)
F1U	Fuse (T 1.0 A / 250 V)
F6U (A1P)	Fuse (T 6.3 A / 250 V)
F7U (A1P)	Fuse (T 5.0 A / 250 V)
F101U (A3P)	Fuse (T 2.0 A / 250 V)
HAP (A1P)	Running LED (service monitor green)
K*M (A1P)	Contactor on PCB
K*R (A*P)	Relay on PCB
L1R (A*P)	Reactor
M1C	Motor (compressor)
M1F	Motor (fan)
PS (A*P)	Switching power supply
Q1	Overload switch
Q1DI	Earth leakage circuit breaker (field supply)
R* (A*P)	Resistor
R1T	Thermistor (ambient)
R3T	Thermistor (suction)
R4T	Thermistor (liquid)
R5T	Thermistor (subcool)
R6T	Thermistor (superheat)
R7T	Thermistor (heat exchanger)
R10T	Thermistor (fin)
R21T	Thermistor (discharge)
R*T	PTC thermistor
S1NPH	High pressure sensor
S1NPL	Low pressure sensor
S1PH	High pressure switch
S1S	Air control switch (option)
S2S	Cool/heat selector switch (option)
SEG* (A1P)	7-segment display



SFB	Mechanical ventilation error input (field supply)
V*D	Diode module
V1R, V2R (A1P)	IGBT power module
V3R (A1P)	Diode module
X*A	PCB connector
X*M	Terminal strip
Х*Ү	Connector
Y1E	Electronic expansion valve (main – EVM1)
Y2E	Electronic expansion valve (EVT)
Y3E	Electronic expansion valve (main – EVM2)
Y4E	Electronic expansion valve (EVL)
Y5E	Electronic expansion valve (EVSL)
Y6E	Electronic expansion valve (EVSG)
Y1S	Solenoid valve (4-way valve)
Y3S	Error operation output (SVEO) (field supply)
Y4S	Leak sensor output (SVS) (field supply)
Z*C	Noise filter (ferrite core)
Z*F (A*P)	Noise filter



29 Glossary

Dealer

Sales distributor for the product.

Authorised installer

Technical skilled person who is qualified to install the product.

User

Person who is owner of the product and/or operates the product.

Applicable legislation

All international, European, national and local directives, laws, regulations and/or codes that are relevant and applicable for a certain product or domain.

Service company

Qualified company which can perform or coordinate the required service to the product.

Installation manual

Instruction manual specified for a certain product or application, explaining how to install, configure and maintain it.

Operation manual

Instruction manual specified for a certain product or application, explaining how to operate it.

Maintenance instructions

Instruction manual specified for a certain product or application, which explains (if relevant) how to install, configure, operate and/or maintain the product or application.

Accessories

Labels, manuals, information sheets and equipment that are delivered with the product and that need to be installed according to the instructions in the accompanying documentation.

Optional equipment

Equipment made or approved by Daikin that can be combined with the product according to the instructions in the accompanying documentation.

Field supply

Equipment NOT made by Daikin that can be combined with the product according to the instructions in the accompanying documentation.





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