

Service manual

Water-Cooled Water Chillers

EWWQ014KCW1N EWWQ025KCW1N EWWQ033KCW1N EWWQ049KCW1N EWWQ064KCW1N

EWLQ014KCW1N EWLQ025KCW1N EWLQ033KCW1N EWLQ049KCW1N EWLQ064KCW1N draft – 31/03/2022 13:56

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Version log

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1 General operation



The new EWW(L)Q-KC series with R410A refrigerant has the same range extension from 14 kW to 192 kW as previous model but with a complete upgrade on the controls/switchbox.

Components	ents EWWQ EWLQ					z				
	EWWQ014KCW1N	EWWQ025KCW1N	EWWQ033KCW1N	EWWQ049KCW1N	EWWQ064KCW1N	EWLQ014KCW1N	EWLQ025KCW1N	EWLQ033KCW1N	EWLQ049KCW1N	EWLQ064KCW1N
Compressor	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	2	2
Evaporator	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Condenser	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
Thermostatic expansion valve	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Main PCB			Sier	mens	5 POL	468.	85/N	1CQ		
HMI					Ev	CO				

The refrigerant piping is similar to previous models EWW(L)Q-KA and EWW(L)Q-KB.

Main update for the piping is that the Brine Option is now standard thanks to the low pressure sensor replacing the low pressure switch. Thanks to this the unit is suitable for multiple applications such as brine and low brine.

Component	EWW(L)Q-KA/KB	EWW(L)Q-KC
Compressor	ON/OFF	ON/OFF (same models)
Refrigerant	R410A	R410A
Expansion valve	Thermostatic expansion valve	Thermostatic expansion valve
Pressure control	Pressure switches	Pressure sensors
Plate heat exchanger	Evaporator and condenser (EWLQ condenserless model)	Evaporator and condenser (EWLQ condenserless model)



The switchbox of the EWW(L)Q-KC has been completely redesigned to be able to offer more connectivity and Daikin on Site.







System [kW]	Bøttom unit 1 [kW]	Middle unit 2 [kW]	Top unit 3 [kW]
98	49	49	
113	64	49	
128	64	64	
147	49	49	49
162	64	49	49
177	64	64	49
192	64	64	64

1.1 To switch between user interface and service monitoring tool

Standard user interface is installed on the unit. To install the service monitoring tool, see procedure described below.

The passwords to be used for user interface (HMI) and service monitoring tool are:

- User: 2526
- Technician: 2201

To install the service monitoring tool

Stop the unit operation via the user interface. 1

2 Change the settings on the user interface as follows:

- Enter Tchnician password.
- Navigate to menu [15.15] HMI Type. Set to OFF.

[15.15]	HMI Type	OFF = Siemens		
		ON = EvCO		

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- After changing, navigate to menu [20.01] Apply Changes. Set to ON and wait until it returns to OFF.
- **3** Wait until automatic reboot is finished (ErrC is shown on the user interface display).
- **4** Turn OFF the main switch.
- **5** Remove the switch box cover, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].
- 6 Connect the LAN cable that was disconnected from the user interface to the service monitoring tool.
- 7 Turn ON the power of the unit with the main switch.

To re-install the user interface

- 1 Change the settings on the service monitoring tool as follows:
 - Enter technician password.
 - In the Main Menu, select Commission Unit > Configuration > MMI Selection. Set to EvCO.
 - In the Main Menu, select Application Save. Set to ON.
- 2 Turn OFF the main switch.
- **3** Disconnect the LAN cable from the service monitoring tool and remove the service monitoring tool from the unit.
- 4 Install the switch box cover (including the user interface), see "3.7 Plate work" [▶ 78].
- **5** Turn ON the power of the unit with the main switch.
- 1.2 To update the software of the main PCB using the service monitoring tool

To save the parameters

First all parameters of the OLD software need to be saved to be able to copy them to the new software when installed.

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

Prerequisite: Remove the required plate work, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].

- **1** Connect the service monitoring tool to the unit.
- 2 Turn ON the power of the unit via the main switch.
- **3** Enter technician password.

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6 Wait for the Status to be Fail > Pass > Idle (process finished correctly).



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Result: The file PARAM.ucf is saved on the USB drive.

To update the software

Prerequisite: Make sure that the parameters of the OLD software have been saved (see previous procedure).

1 Load the files shown in the picture onto an empty USB-drive.



1 Press the button, and keep pressed.

- 2 With the button still pressed, turn ON the main switch and power the unit. **Result:** The LED blinks green.
- **3** Keep the button pressed.

Result: The LED blinks green / red.

4 Immediately release the button.

Result: The LED lights up continuously orange.

- **5** Immediately turn OFF and ON the main switch.
- 6 On the user interface, check the menu > About. Result: Software version MUST be the latest version?

To upload the parameters

3

4

- 1 Connect the service monitoring tool to the unit.
- 2 Enter technician password.



While power is ON (LED = ON), insert the USB-drive containing the PARAM.ucf in the USB-port.

Go to the Main Menu > Save/Restore > Restore Parameter > Full.



- **5** Go to Application Save (bottom of the menu) > Yes.
- **6** Remove the USB-drive from the USB-port.
- 7 Go to Commission Unit > Configuration > Unit > Apply Changes > Yes.Result: The parameters are updated.

DAIKIN

1 General operation

Hain Menu 13/16 Unit Mode Heat Timers Heat Alarns Heat Commission Unit Heat Save/Restore Heat About Chiller Heat Application Save Off	E Commission Unit 1/6 Configuration > Alarm Limits > Manual Control > Calibrate Sensors > Input/Output > Scheduled Maintena as >
Be Configuration 1/2	Edit Configuration 12/12 Compressors C2 JT17K Fans C1 1 Fans C2 681mm (V6) FanMaxSpdCH 700rpm FanMaxSpdHP 900rpm Kpply Changes No
2/2 ~/ No	Configuration 2/12 Compressors C2 17K Fans C1 1 Fans C2 681mm (V6) FanMaxSpdCH 700rpm FanMaxSpdCH 900rpm FanMaxSpdHP 900rpm Kaply Changer Yes

1.3 To update the software of the main PCB using the user interface

To save the parameters

First all parameters of the OLD software need to be saved to be able to copy them to the new software when installed.

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

Prerequisite: Remove the required plate work, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].

- 1 Connect the user interface (HMI) to the unit.
- 2 Jurn ON the power of the unit via the main switch.
- **3** Enter technician password.
- 4 Insert an empty USB-drive in the USB-port.

- USB specifications:
- Type: USB 2.0
 - Maximum: 32 GB
 - System: FAT32
 - Current: 100 mA



a USB-drive

5 Go to the page [20.03] Save Parameters > On.



6 Wait for 30 seconds.

Result: The file PARAM.ucf is saved on the USB drive.

To update the software

Prerequisite: Make sure that the parameters of the OLD software have been saved (see previous procedure).

1 Load the files shown in the picture onto an empty USB-drive.





- **5** Immediately turn OFF and ON the main switch.
- 6 On the user interface, check the menu > AboutResult: Software version MUST be the latest version.

To upload the parameters

- **1** Connect the user interface (HMI) to the unit.
- 2 Enter technician password.
- **3** While power is ON (LED = ON), insert the USB-drive containing the PARAM.ucf in the USB-port.
- **4** Go to the page [20.04] Restore Parameter > Full.
- **5** Go to page [20.00] AppSave > On.
- 6 Remove the USB-drive from the USB-port.
- 7 Go to page [20.01] Apply Changes > On.Result: The parameters are updated.



2 Troubleshooting

2.1 To retrieve error codes and check error history

2.1.1 Via the unit user interface



In the Main Menu, select Alarms > Alarm Active.
Result: The string(s) of the active error code(s) are shown on the display.





2 Select the desired error code string (arrow) to display the Alarm Detail screen. **Result:** Date and time of the selected error are shown.





1 Press Up until page "-7- ALMS" is displayed.



- 2 Press SET to enter this menu.
- **3** Press Up/Down to select "007.1" Alarm Clear.
- 4 Press SET to enter the "007.1" Alarm Clear menu.
- **5** Press Up/Down to select On.



6 Press SET to confirm.

Result: The error codes have been reset

2.2.2 Via service monitoring tool

To reset the error codes

In the Main Menu, select Alarms > Alarm Active.
Result: The string(s) of the active error code(s) are shown on the display.



- 2 Select Clear (arrow) and set to On.
 - **Result:** The error code(s) have been reset.



To clear the error history

3 In the Main Menu, select Alarms > Alarm Log.

Result: The string(s) of the error code(s) are shown on the display.

Info	2	Main Menu				Info Info	1	Alarms			•
		Evaporator LWT	45.2°C		1			Alarm Active		1	•
		Unit Capacity	9.53					Alarm Log		50	*
		Unit Enable	Yes								
		Unit Mode	Heat	•							
		Timers									
		Alarms									
		Commission Unit									
		I						1			-
			ESC C		OK	64			ESC 🕥	(C

4 Select Clear (arrow) and set to Yes.

Result: The error code history has been deleted (cleared).



Info	1	Alarm Log	•
		Alarms: 50 Clear: No	A 1
		+C1Cmp1 OffEvpPressLo	•
		-C1Cmp1 OffEvpPressLo	•
		+C1Cmp1 OffEvpPressLo	•
		-C1Cmp1 OffEvpPressLo	•
		+C1Cmp1 OffEvpPressLo	•
		-C1Cmp1 OffEvpPressLo	•
		+C1Cmp1 OffEvoPressLo	1
۰. A		ESC (ок

2.3 Error based troubleshooting

2.3.1 Overview of error codes

Unit alarms

Error type	Error code	Description	Error string			
Unit Rapid Stop	U003	Water Flow Alarm	UnitOff EvapFlowLoss			
Alarm	U004	Evaporator freezing alarm	UnitOff EvapFreeze			
	U005	External alarm	UnitOff ExtAlm			
	U006	Evaporator leaving water temperature sensor fault	UnitOff EvpLvgWTempSen			
	U007 Evaporator entering water temperature sensor fault					
	Water temperature under minimum limit	UnitOff CondFreeze				
	U023	Temperature sensor not detected	UnitOff CondLwtSenf			
	U024	Temperature sensor not detected	UnitOff CondEwtSenf			
	U025	Evaporator Pump 1 Error	UnitOff EvapPump1Fault			
	U026	Evaporator Pump 2 Error	UnitOff EvapPump2Fault			
	U027	Condenser Pump Error	UnitOff CondPump1Fault			
Unit Alert	U 001	External/Event	UnitOff ExtEvent			
	V010	Setpoint reset signal out of range	UnitOff BadSpOverInpt			

• Unit Rapid Stop Alarm: These errors cause an immediate stop of the unit.

- Unit Alert: These errors ONLY create a visual information and an item in the alarm log. Unit continues operating.
- Error codes can be retrieved via the outdoor unit user interface.
- Error strings can be retrieved via the service monitoring tool.

	Ci	cuit 1 alarms		
Error type	Error code	Description	Error string	
Circuit Rapid Stop	C102	No Pressure Change at start	Cir1Off NoPrChgAtStrt	
Alarm	C105	Low Evaporator Pressure Alarm	Cir1Off LowEvPr	
	C107	High Discharge Temperature Alarm	Cir1Off HiDischTemp	
	C110	Evaporating Pressure Sensor Fault	Cir1Off EvapPSenf	
	C114	Discharge Temperature Sensor Alarm	Cir1Off DischTempSenf	
	C122	Compressor Alarm	Cir1Off Compressor Alarm	

- Circuit Rapid Stop Alarm: These errors cause an immediate stop of the circuit.
- Error codes and sub codes can be retrieved via the outdoor unit user interface.
- Error strings can be retrieved via the service monitoring tool.

Circuit 2 alarms

Error type	Error code	Description	Error string
Circuit Rapid Stop Alarm	C202	No Pressure Change at start	Cir2Off NoPrChgAtStrt
	C205	Low Evaporator Pressure Alarm	Cir2Off LowEvPr
	C207	High Discharge Temperature Alarm	Cir2Off HiDischTemp
	C210	Evaporating Pressure Sensor Fault	Cir2Off EvapPSenf
	C214	Discharge Temperature Sensor Alarm	Cir2Qff DischTempSenf
	C222	Compressor Alarm	Cir2Off Compressor Alarm
L	1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

- Circuit Rapid Stop Alarm: These errors cause an immediate stop of the circuit.
- Error codes and sub codes can be retrieved via the outdoor unit user interface.
- Error strings can be retrieved via the service monitoring tool.

Other errors

Error type	Error code	Sub code	Description	7				Error string
Other	ErrC	-	Communication e	rror	\bigvee	~ /	>	-

2.3.2 Unit Rapid Stop Alarms

U003 – W	ater flow	alarn	h /
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

Trigger	VI	Effect	Reset
Detection of water flow		Unit will stop operating.	Reset via user interface.
loss to the chiller.			Reset on network.

To solve the error code

INFORMATION

It is recommended to perform the checks in the listed order.

- 1 Perform a check of the flow switch. See "3.4 Flow switch" [> 59].
 - **Possible cause:** Faulty flow switch.
- 2 Check the water flow of the evaporator water circuit. See "4.3 Water circuit" [▶ 107].

Possible cause: Water flow is too low.

3 Check if the evaporator water circuit is clogged. See "4.3 Water circuit" [▶ 107].

Possible cause: Clogged water circuit.

4 Clean the water filter of the evaporator water circuit. See "4.4 Manufacturer components" [▶ 114].

Possible cause: Clogged water filter.

5 Perform a check of the water pump of the evaporator water circuit. See "4.4 Manufacturer components" [▶ 114].

Possible cause: Faulty water pump.

6 Perform a check of the main PCB. See "3.6 Main PCB" [> 67].

Possible cause: Faulty main PCB.

INFORMATION

If all procedures listed above have been performed and the problem is still present, contact the helpdesk.

U004 – Evaporator freezing alarm

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Water temperature	Unit will stop operating.	Reset via user interface.
(entering or leaving) has		Auto reset.
limit (set on monitoring		
tool).		

To solve the error code

INFORMATION

It is recommended to perform the checks in the listed order.

1 Check the water flow of the evaporator water circuit. See "4.3 Water circuit" [▶ 107].

Possible cause: Water flow is too low.

2 Check the inlet water temperature of the evaporator water circuit. Increase inlet water temperature as needed.

Possible cause: Inlet water temperature is too low.

3 Perform a check of the flow switch. See "3.4 Flow switch" [> 59].

Possible cause: Faulty flow switch.

4 Perform a check of the water pump of the evaporator water circuit. See "4.4 Manufacturer components" [▶ 114].

Possible cause: Faulty water pump.

5 Check the freeze limit setpoint. See service monitoring tool.

Possible cause: The freeze limit has not been set correctly (as a function of glycol percentage).

6 Perform a check of the inlet water thermistor of the evaporator water circuit. See "3.9 Thermistors" [▶ 83].

Possible cause: Faulty inlet water thermistor.

7 Perform a check of the outlet water thermistor of the evaporator water circuit. See "3.9 Thermistors" [▶ 83].

Possible cause: Faulty outlet water thermistor.



INFORMATION

If all procedures listed above have been performed and the problem is still present, contact the helpdesk.

U005 – External alarm

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Faulty external device (pump, inverter,) detected.	Unit will stop operating.	Auto reset.

To solve the error code



INFORMATION It is recommended to perform the checker in the listed order.

Check the correct operation of the external device. See '4.4 Manufacturer components" [▶ 114].

Possible cause: Faulty external device.

2 Check the wiring between the external device and the unit. See "6.2 Wiring diagram" [▶ 119].

Possible cause: Faulty wixing between the external device and the unit.

3 Perform a check of the main PCB. See "**3.6** Main PCB" [**•** 67].

Possible cause: Faulty main PCB.

INFORMATION

If all procedures listed above have been performed and the problem is still present, contact the helpdesk.

U006 - Evaporator leaving water temperature sensor fault

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Outlet water thermistor	Unit will stop operating.	Reset via user interface.
(evaporator water circuit)		Reset on network.
and a source runge.		Automatic reset.

o solve the error code

i

INFORMATION

It is recommended to perform the checks in the listed order.

1 Perform a check of the outlet water thermistor of the evaporator water circuit. See "3.9 Thermistors" [▶ 83].

Possible cause: Faulty outlet water thermistor.

2 Perform a check of the main PCB. See "3.6 Main PCB" [▶ 67].Possible cause: Faulty main PCB.

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If all procedures listed above have been performed and the problem is still present, contact the helpdesk.

U007 – Evaporator entering water temperature sensor fault

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Inlet water thermistor	Unit will stop operating.	Reset via user interface.
(evaporator water circuit)		Reset on network.
input is out of funge.		Automatic reset.

To solve the error code



INFORMATION

- It is recommended to perform the checks in the listed order.
- 1 Check if pump control settings [15:00] and [15:04] are correctly set. Correct as needed. See "6.7 Field settings" [135].

Possible cause: Incorrect setting [15.00] or [15.04].

2 Perform a check of the inlet water thermistor of the evaporator water circuit. See "3.9 Thermistors" [> 83].

Possible cause: Faulty inlet water thermistor

3 Perform a check of the main PCB. See "3.6 Main PCB" [▶ 67].
Possible cause: Faulty main PCB.

INFORMATION

If all procedures listed above have been performed and the problem is still present, gontact the helpdesk.

U022 - Condenser freezing alarm

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Water temperature (entering or leaving) has dropped below a safety limit ([09.07] on user interface).	Unit will stop operating.	Reset via user interface.

To solve the error code

INFORMATION

It is recommended to perform the checks in the listed order.

1 Check the water flow of the condenser water circuit. See "4.3 Water circuit" [▶ 107].

Possible cause: Water flow is too low.

2 Check the inlet water temperature of the condenser water circuit. Increase inlet water temperature as needed.

Possible cause: Inlet water temperature is too low.

2 | Troubleshooting

3 Perform a check of the water pump of the condenser water circuit. See "4.4 Manufacturer components" [▶ 114].

Possible cause: Faulty water pump.

4 Check the freeze limit setpoint. See setting [09.07] on the user interface.

Possible cause: The freeze limit has not been set correctly (as a function of glycol percentage).

5 Perform a check of the inlet water thermistor of the condenser water circuit. See "3.9 Thermistors" [▶ 83].

Possible cause: Faulty inlet water thermistor.

6 Perform a check of the outlet water thermistor of the condenser water circuit. See "3.9 Thermistors" [▶ 83].

Possible cause: Faulty outlet water thermistor



If all procedures listed above have been performed and the problem is still present, contact the helpdesk.

U023 - Condenser leaving water temperature sensor fault

т	rigger	Effect	Reset
C	Outlet water thermistor	Unit will stop operating.	Reset via user interface.
(condenser water circuit)		Reset on network.
	iput is out of runge.		Automatic reset.
Т	o solve the error code	\checkmark	
	It is recommended t	to perform the checks in the listed	order.
	For EWLQ units ONLY	Check if EWLQ unit has b	een correctly set at setting
	[14.00]. See "6.7 Field s	settings" (> 135].	
	Possible cause: EvvvQ	was set.	
	See "3.9 Thermistors" [83].	the condenser water circuit.
	Possible cause: Faulty of	outlet water thermistor.	
	B Perform a check of the	main PCB. See "3.6 Main PC	CB" [▶ 67].
$\langle \rangle / \rangle$	Possible cause: Faulty r	nain PCB.	
\ · / [
		ad above have been performed	and the problem is still present

If all procedures listed above have been performed and the problem is still present, contact the helpdesk.

U024 – Condenser entering water temperature sensor fault

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Inlet water thermistor	Unit will stop operating.	Reset via user interface.
(condenser water circuit)		Reset on network.
input is out of runge.		Automatic reset.





4 Perform a check of the main PCB. See "3.6 Main PCB" [> 67].

Possible cause: Faulty main PCB.



INFORMATION

If all procedures listed above have been performed and the problem is still present, contact the helpdesk.

U010 – Setpoint reset signal out of range



2.3.4 Circuit Rapid Stop Alarms

INFORMATION

Error codes C1xx are applicable for the main circuit. Error codes C2xx are applicable for the secondary circuit.

C102 & C202 – No pressure change at start

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Compressor is NOT able	Unit will stop operating.	Reset via user interface.
to start or to create a		Reset on network.
variation of the		Auto reset.
evaporating or		
condensing pressures		
after start.		



To solve the error code

i IN

INFORMATION

It is recommended to perform the checks in the listed order.

1 Perform a check of the refrigerant low pressure sensor. See "3.8 Refrigerant low pressure sensor" [▶ 75]

Possible cause: Faulty refrigerant low pressure sensor.

2 Perform a check of the expansion valve. See Expansion valve

Possible cause: Faulty expansion valve.

3 Check if the refrigerant circuit is correctly charged. See "4.2 Refrigerant circuit" [▶ 101].

Possible cause: Refrigerant shortage,

INFORMATION



If all procedures listed above have been performed and the problem is still present, contact the helpdesk.

C105 & C205 – Low evaporator pressure alarm

Trigger	\wedge	Effect			Reset
Evaporating pres	ssure	Unit will	stop oper	rating.	Reset via user interface.
drops below the Pressure Unload	Low				Reset on network.
·	$ \rightarrow $	×	$\sim \sim$		1

INFORMATION

To solve the error code

It is recommended to perform the checks in the listed order.

Check the inlet water temperature of the evaporator water circuit. Increase inlet water temperature as needed.

Rossible cause: Inlet water temperature is too low.

2 Check the water flow of the evaporator water circuit. See "4.3 Water circuit" [▶ 107].

Possible cause: Water flow is too low.

3 Clean the water filter of the evaporator water circuit. See "4.4 Manufacturer components" [▶ 114].

Possible cause: Clogged water filter.

4 Perform a check of the water pump of the evaporator water circuit. See "4.4 Manufacturer components" [▶ 114].

Possible cause: Faulty water pump.

5 Perform a check of the refrigerant low pressure sensor. See "3.8 Refrigerant low pressure sensor" [▶ 75]

Possible cause: Faulty refrigerant low pressure sensor.

6 For EWLQ units: Perform a check of the condenser heat exchanger. See "4.4 Manufacturer components" [▶ 114].

Possible cause: Faulty heat exchanger.

7 For EWLQ units: Check if a transitory condition (e.g. staging up of an other fan) may cause the error. Wait until normal condition is recovered, or perform reset on the unit.

8 Check for leaks in the refrigerant circuit. Look for oil traces on the unit(s). Check the brazing points on the refrigerant piping. Perform a pressure test, see "4.2 Refrigerant circuit" [▶ 101].

Possible cause: Leak in the refrigerant circuit.

9 Check if the refrigerant circuit is correctly charged. See 4.2 Refrigerant circuit" [▶ 101].

Possible cause: Refrigerant shortage.

10 ONLY for Cool and Heat/Cool with glycol mode application: Check the low pressure unload limit setting. Check the evaporator approach and the corresponding water temperature to evaluate the low pressure unload limit.

Possible cause: Low pressure unload limit NOT set correctly.

11 For EWLQ units: Clean the condenser heat exchanger. See "4.4 Manufacturer components" [> 114].

Possible cause: Dirty heat exchanger.

12 Check for the presence of non-condensables and/or humidity in the refrigerant circuit. See "4.2 Refrigerant circuit" [▶ 101].

Possible cause: Non-condensables and/or humidity in the refrigerant circuit.

13 Check the glycol percentage in the evaporator water circuit. Take a sample from the drain port and use a refractometer to check the glycol level. Add glycol as needed.

Possible cause: Glycol level too low.

14 Perform a check of the expansion valve. See Expansion valve.

Possible cause: Faulty expansion valve.

INFORMATION

If all procedures listed above have been performed and the problem is still present, contact the helpdesk.

C107 & C207 – High discharge temperature alarm

	Trigger	Effect	Reset
	Discharge temperature	Unit will stop operating.	Reset via user interface.
	too high.		Reset on network.
	Error CANNOT trigger if		
1	discharge thermistor fault		
	is active.		

To solve the error code



INFORMATION

It is recommended to perform the checks in the listed order.



DANGER: RISK OF BURNING/SCALDING

The compressor crankcase and discharge pipes may be very hot. Be careful when getting in contact with the compressor and discharge pipes.



1 Check ambient conditions of the unit. See operation limits in the Databook.

Possible cause: Operation at too high temperature might lead to high temperature errors.

2 Perform a check of the discharge pipe thermistor. See "3.9 Thermistors" [▶ 83].

Possible cause: Faulty discharge pipe thermistor or connector fault.

3 Perform a check of the compressor. See "3.2 Compressor" [> 35].

Possible cause: Faulty compressor or miswiring of the compressor power supply cable.

4 Perform a check of the main PCB. See "3.6 Main PCB" [167].Possible cause: Faulty main PCB.



INFORMATION

If all procedures listed above bave been performed and the problem is still present, contact the helpdesk.

C110 & C210 – Evaporating pressure sensor fault

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Low pressure sensor is	Unit will stop operating.	Reset via user interface.
NOT operating correctly.		Reset on network.
		Auto reset.

To solve the error code

INFORMATION

It is recommended to perform the checks in the listed order.

1 Perform a check of the refrigerant low pressure sensor. See "3.8 Refrigerant low pressure sensor" [▶ 75]

Possible cause: Faulty refrigerant low pressure sensor.

2 Perform a check of the main PCB. See "3.6 Main PCB" [> 67].

Possible cause: Faulty main PCB.

Perform a check of the 24 V DC auxiliary power supply. See "3.1 24 V DC auxiliary power supply" [▶ 33].

Possible cause: Faulty auxiliary power supply.



INFORMATION

If all procedures listed above have been performed and the problem is still present, contact the helpdesk.

C114 & C214 – Discharge temperature sensor alarm

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Discharge pipe thermistor	Unit will stop operating	Reset via user interface.
is NOT operating	following normal pumpdown procedure.	Reset on network.
concetty.		Auto reset.



To solve the error code

INFORMATION

It is recommended to perform the checks in the listed order.

1 Perform а check of the discharge pipe thermistor. See "3.9 Thermistors" [> 83].

Possible cause: Faulty discharge pipe thermistor or connector fault.

2 Perform a check of the main PCB. See "3.6 Main PCB" [) 67].

Possible cause: Faulty main PCB.

INFORMATION

If all procedures listed above have been performed and the problem is still present, contact the helpdesk.

Reset

Reset via user interface.

Reset on network.

C122 & C222 – Compressor alarm

Effect Trigger Unit will stop operating. Disconnected contact between compressor and power supply due to a reverse phase, open phase, unbalanced phase or a current leak.

To solve the error code

i

INFORMATION

It is recommended to perform the checks in the listed order.

1 Check if the power supply is compliant with the regulations. See "4.1 Electrical circuit" [▶ 99].

Possible cause:

- Faulty or disturbance of the power supply (power supply MUST be within range of nominal operating voltage ±4%),
- Power drop,
- Short circuit.

Check if any of the phases is missing on the mains power supply terminal, see "To check the power supply of the unit" in "4.1 Electrical circuit" [> 99]. Correct if needed.

Possible cause: Missing phase(s) on mains power supply terminal.

3 Check the fuses on the power supply wiring. Replace any broken fuse(s).

Possible cause: Broken fuse(s) on power supply wiring.

- **4** Using a megger device, check the solenoid valve coils (if present), pressure sensors, crankcase heater, compressor, ... if any earth leakage is found. Replace the component(s) that generate earth leakage.
- **5** Perform a check of the compressor. See "3.2 Compressor" [> 35].

Possible cause: Faulty compressor or miswiring of the compressor power supply cable.



INFORMATION

If all procedures listed above have been performed and the problem is still present, contact the helpdesk.

2.3.5 Other errors

ErrC – Communication error

Trigger	Effect	Reset
Incompatible main PCB detected.	Unit will NOT start.	Auto reset when compatible main PCB is
Communication error with HMI.		detexted.

To solve the error code



It is recommended to perform the checks in the listed order.

- 1 Disconnect the user interface and connect the service monitoring tool to the unit.
 - If the main menu list is shown on the service monitoring tool, re-install the user interface and make sure settings are correct. See "1.1 To switch between user interface and service monitoring tool" [▶ 8].

Possible cause: Incorrect setting on user interface or service monitoring tool.

• If the main menu list is NOT shown on the service monitoring tool, continue with the next step.

Check via the user interface that the following parameters are set correctly:

Parameter	Value
Addr: Address	247
Lin: Timeout no communication	60
Butt: timeout	5
StoP: Modbus stop bits	1 bit
PAr: Parity	EVEn
Baud: Baud rate	57.6 (57600 bps)

- Keep the SET button pressed (7~8 seconds) until Addr is shown on the screen of the user interface.
- Scroll to select the appropriate parameter and press the SET button (parameter value starts flashing = editable).
- Set the desired value and press the SET button to confirm.
- Restart the user interface by turning the power OFF and then ON again via the main switch, or by disconnecting/connecting the user interface cable or main PCB side cable.

Possible cause: Incorrect parameter setting.

3 Check if the correct spare part is installed for the main PCB. See "3.6 Main PCB" [▶ 67].

Possible cause: Incorrect spare part main PCB.

Service manual

4 Check if correct software is installed on the main PCB and update as needed. See "3.6 Main PCB" [▶ 67].

Possible cause: Incorrect software installed on main PCB.

5 Perform a check of the main PCB. See "3.6 Main PCB" [> 67].

Possible cause: Faulty main PCB.

INFORMATION

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If all procedures listed above have been performed and the problem is still present, contact the helpdesk.



3 Components



CAUTION

When replacing a component ALWAYS make sure the correct spare part for your unit is installed.

- 3.1 24 V DC auxiliary power supply
- 3.1.1 Checking procedures

To perform an electrical check of the 24 V DC auxiliary power supply

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

Prerequisite: Remove the required plate work, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].

- 1 Turn ON the power of the unit with the main switch.
- Measure the output voltage between terminals -V and +V of the auxiliary 2 power supply.



Result: The measured voltage MUST be 24 V DC.

b à Ċ

- Terminal L
- Terminal N h

а

- Terminal GND С
- Terminal -V d
- Terminal +V е

Is the measured output voltage correct?	Action
Yes	Auxiliary power supply is OK. Return to troubleshooting of the specific error code and continue with the next procedure.
No	Continue with the next step.

3 Measure the input voltage between terminals L and N of the auxiliary power supply.

Result: The measured voltage MUST be 230 V AC.

3 | Components

Is the measured input voltage correct?	Action
Yes	Replace the auxiliary power supply, see "3.1.2 Repair procedures" [> 34].
No	Continue with the next step.

4 Check the power supply to the unit, see "4.1.1 Checking procedures" [> 99].

Is the power supply to the unit correct?	Action
Yes	Correct the wiring from the main power supply terminal to the auxiliary power supply, see "6.2 Wiring diagram" [▶ 119].
No	Adjust the power supply to the unit, see "4.1.2 Repair procedures" [101].

3.1.2 Repair procedures

To remove the 24 V DC auxiliary power supply

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

Prerequisite: Remove the required plate work, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].

1 Loosen the screws and disconnect all the wires from the terminals.



To install the 24 V DC auxiliary power supply

- 1 Install the auxiliary power supply in the correct location on the switch box.
- 2 Install and tighten the screws to fix the auxiliary power supply.





INFORMATION

If you have a multimeter with data logging functionality, record the current in 1 of the U-V-W wires at compressor start-up. If mechanical lock is present, logged current will drastically increase to a peak value and the unit will trigger an error.

INFORMATION

If a mechanical lock is present, also check and eliminate the root cause. Mechanical lock is most likely caused by lack of lubrication (which might be related to overheat or wet operation), failing crankcase heater (if available), impurities in the refrigerant,

A mechanical lock is present on the compressor?	Action
Yes	Replace the compressor, see "3.2.2 Repair procedures" [146].
No	Perform an mechanical check of the compressor, see "3.2.1 Checking procedures" [> 35].

To perform a mechanical check of the compressor

Prerequisite: First perform an auditive check of the compressor, see "3.2.1 Checking procedures" [35].

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn QFF the main switch.

1 Before proceeding:

DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

Before proceeding, confirm there is NO voltage on the OUT terminals of the compressor contactor + current protection, see "To prevent electrical hazards" [▶ 99].

2 Visually check:

3

- For oil drops around the compressor. Locate and fix as needed.
- Pipes for signs of damage. Replace pipes as needed.
- Check that the compressor bolts are correctly fixed. Fix as needed.
- Check that the compressor wire terminals cover is correctly installed and fixed. Correct as needed.
- Check the compressor dampers for any damage.








winding resistance.

measured resistance is NOT 0 Ω , this value MUST be subtracted from the measured

5 Measure the resistance between the compressor motor windings U-V, V-W and U-W.

|--|

Unit	Compressor		Winding resistance value (at temperature of 20°C)		
EWWQ/EWLQ014KCW1N	M1C		3.0 Ω±14%		
EWWQ/EWLQ025KCW1N	M1C		1.6 Ω±14%		
EWWQ/EWLQ033KCW1N	M1C		1.2 Ω±14%		
EWWQ/EWLQ049KCW1N	M1C + M2C	/	1.6 Ω±14%		
EWWQ/EWLQ064KCW1N	M1C + M2C		1.2 Ω±14%		
Compressor motor winding Action Measurements are correct?					
Yes		Continue witl	h the next step.		
No		Replace the c "3.2.2 Repair	compressor, see procedures ^{tr} [> 46].		

- 6 Measure the continuity of the U, V and W wires between the compressor and the contactor (with current protection). If no continuity, correct as needed, see "6.2 Wiring diagram" [> 119].
- 7 For EWWQ/EWLQ014KCW1N units: Connect the Faston connectors to the compressor wire terminals U, V and W
- 8 For EWWQ/EWLQ025~064KCW1N units:
 - Install the black wire guide over the terminal lugs.
 - Bend the terminal lugs against the black wire guide.
 - Align the wiring with the compressor wire terminals U, V and W.
 - Insert and fix the 3 bolts that fix the compressor wiring.



- A EWWQ/EWLQ014KCW1N units
- B EWWQ/EWLQ025~064KCW1N units
- **a** Faston connection
- U U V V
- V V W W
- **9** Install the compressor wire terminals cover.
- **10** Install the compressor insulation (if present).
- **11** Turn ON the power using the main switch.
- **12** Start the unit operation via the user interface or service monitoring tool.



CAUTION

NEVER operate the compressor with the compressor wire terminals cover removed.

- **13** Wait for or create condition to operate the compressor.
- **14** Once the compressor operates, measure the output voltage between the terminals 2-4, 4-6 and 2-6 of the current protection (on the compressor contactor).

Result: All measurements MUST be 400 V AC.

Voltage measurements are correct?	Action
Yes	Continue with the next step.
No	Perform a check of the compressor contactor, see "3.2.1 Checking procedules" [> 35].

15 While compressor is operating, measure the current in each phase U, V and W. ALWAYS measure at the contactor side.

Result: All measurements MUST be the same.

Compressor motor measurements are	winding current correct?	Action
Yes		Perform an insulation check of the compressor, see "3.2.1 Checking procedures" [> 35].
No		Preventively replace the compressor, see "3.2.2 Repair procedures" [> 46].

To perform an insulation check of the compressor

Prerequisite: First perform an electrical check of the compressor, see "3.2.1 Checking procedures" [> §5].

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

1 Before proceeding:

2

QANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

Before proceeding, confirm there is NO voltage on the OUT terminals of the compressor contactor + current protection, see "To prevent electrical hazards" [> 99].

Remove the cover of the compressor wire terminals.



- A EWWQ/EWLQ014KCW1N units
- B EWWQ/EWLQ025~064KCW1N units
- **a** Screw
- **b** Compressor wire terminals cover
- **3** For EWWQ/EWLQ014KCW1N units: Disconnect the Faston connectors from the compressor wire terminals U, V and W.
- 4 For EWWQ/EWLQ025~064KCW1N units:
 - Loosen and remove the 3 bolts that fix the compressor wiring.
 - Remove the wiring from the compressor wire terminals 0, V and W.
 - Carefully straighten the terminal lugs.
 - Remove the black wire guide.



To perform a check of the compressor contactor + current protection



INFORMATION

The compressor contactor and the current protection are described as 1 single part.

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

Prerequisite: Remove the required plate work, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].

1 Check that the RESET selector (blue) screw on the current protection is ALWAYS set to M (manual) for ALL units. Correct as needed.



- **b** Amperage setting screw
- 2 Check that the correct current protection (spare part) is installed and that the amperage setting (screw) on the current protection is correct (see table below). Correct as needed.

Unit	K4S		K5S	
	Туре	Setting	Туре	Setting
EWWQ/ EWLQ014KCW1N	500 3RU2116-1JBO (7; 10)	8.8 A	-	-
EWWQ/ EWLQ025KCW1N	SO 3RU2126-4BB0 (14;20)	15.2 A	-	-
EWWQ/ EWLQ033KCW1N	S0 3RU2126-4BB0 (14;20)	19 A	-	-
EWWQ/ EWLQ049KCW1N	SOO 3RU2116-1JBO (7; 10)	15.2 A	SOO 3RU2116-1JBO (7; 10)	15.2 A
EWWQ/ EWLQ064KCW1N	SO 3RU2126-4BBO (14;20)	19 A	SO 3RU2126-4BBO (14;20)	19 A

3 Turn ON the power of the unit with the main switch.



a Terminal 1

h Terminal 14NO

3 Components

Terminal 21NC

Terminal 22NC

Terminal 95

Terminal 96

Terminal A1

Terminal A2

i

j

k

I

m

n

- **b** Terminal 3
- **c** Terminal 5
- d Terminal 2
- e Terminal 4f Terminal 6
- f Terminal 6 g Terminal 13NO
- **g** Terminal 13NO
- **4** Measure the power supply voltage between the terminals 1-3, 1-5, 3-5 of the compressor contactor:

Result: The measured voltages MUST be 400 V AC ± 10%,

Is the measured power supply voltage correct?	Action
Yes	Skip the next step
No	Continue with the next step.

5 Check the power supply to the unit, see "4.1.1 Checking procedures" [> 99].

Does the unit receive power?	Action
Yes	Correct the wiring and/or components between the main power supply terminal and the compressor contactor, see "6.2 Wiring diagram" [▶ 119].
No	Adjust the power supply to the unit, see

6 Measure the voltage of the compressor feedback contact. Measure between the terminals 13NO-14NO of the compressor contactor.

Result: The measured voltages MUST be:

	Is the	e meas	ured vo	ltage co	rrect?	Action
/	Yes)	/			Skip the next step.
	Nø	Z		$\mathbf{\nabla}$		Continue with the next step.

7 For K1M: Measure the output voltage between terminals -V and +V of the 24 V DC auxiliary power supply.

Result: The measured voltage MUST be 24 V DC.

Is the measurement correct?	Action
Yes	Correct the wiring between the contactor terminals and the 24 V DC auxiliary power supply, see "6.2 Wiring diagram" [▶ 119].
No	Perform a check of the 24 V DC auxiliary power supply, see "3.1.1 Checking procedures" [> 33].

8 For K2M: Check the power supply to the unit, see "4.1.1 Checking procedures" [▶ 99].

Does the unit receive power?	Action
Yes	Correct the wiring and/or components between the main power supply terminal and the compressor contactor, see "6.2 Wiring diagram" [> 119].

Does the unit receive power?	Action
No	Adjust the power supply to the unit, see "4.1.2 Repair procedures" [> 101].

9 Turn OFF the main switch.



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

Before proceeding, confirm there is NO voltage on the OUT terminals of the compressor contactor + current protection, see "To prevent electrical hazards" [> 99].

- **10** Disconnect the wires from the contactor terminals 13NO and 21NC (ONLY for EWLQ units).
- **11** Turn ON the power of the unit with the main switch
- 12 Start the unit operation via the user interface or service monitoring tool.
- **13** Wait for or create condition to operate the compressor.
- 14 Once the compressor operates, perform the following measurements:
 - Measure the output voltage between the terminals 2-4, 2-6, 4-6 on the current protection.
 - The measured voltages MUST be 400 V AC ± 10% (contacts closed).
 - Measure the resistance between the terminals 13NO-14NO (compressor feedback signal contact) on the contactor.
 The measured resistance MNST be short-circuit (contact closed).
 - ONLY for EWLQ units: Measure the resistance between the terminals 21NC-22NC (crankcase heater contact) on the contactor. The measured resistance MUST be QL (contact open).
 - Measure the resistance between the terminals 95-96 on the current protection.
 - The measured resistance MUST be short-circuit (contact closed).

	Are all measurements correct?	Action
\backslash	Yes	Continue with the next step.
	No	Skip the next steps and continue with the operating voltage check of the contactor.

- **15** Stop the compressor operation. Once the compressor has stopped, again perform the following measurements:
 - Measure the output voltage between the terminals 2-4, 2-6, 4-6 on the current protection.
 - The measured voltages MUST be 0 V AC (contacts open).
 - Measure the resistance between the terminals 13NO-14NO (compressor feedback signal contact) on the contactor.
 The measured resistance MUST be OL (contact open).
 - ONLY for EWLQ units: Measure the resistance between the terminals 21NC-22NC (crankcase heater contact) on the contactor. The measured resistance MUST be short-circuit (contact closed).
 - Measure the resistance between the terminals 95-96 on the current protection.

The measured resistance MUST be short-circuit (contact closed).



3 Components

Are all measurements correct?	Action
Yes	Contactor is OK. Return to
	troubleshooting of the specific error
	and continue with the next procedure.
No	Continue with the next step.
16 Measure the operating voltage compressor contactor.	between the terminals A1-A2 on the
Result: The measured operating vo	Itage MUST be:
230 V AC when the compressor sł0 V AC when the compressor show	nould be operating. Ild NOT be operating.
Is the measured operating voltage of the contactor correct?	Action
Yes	Replace the compressor contactor + current protection, see "3.2.2 Repair procedures" [> 46].
No	Continue with the next step.
 17 Disconnect the wires from the follo For K1M: COM and Q2 of the terr For K2M: COM and Q3 of the terr 18 Measure the resistance between the Result: The measured resistance N Short-circuit (switch contact on should be operating. OL (switch contact on main PCB be operating. 	wing terminals: nunal block T11 on the main PCB. ninal block T11 on the main PCB. nese terminals on the main PCB. IUST be: main PCB = closed) when the compressor = open) when the compressor should NOT
Is the measured resistance correct?	Action
Yes	Check and correct the wiring between
	the main power supply terminal and the operating voltage terminals of the compressor contactor, see "6.2 Wiring diagram" [▶ 119].
No	 the main power supply terminal and the operating voltage terminals of the compressor contactor, see "6.2 Wiring diagram" [▶ 119]. Perform a check the main PCB, see "3.6 Main PCB" [▶ 67].
No d?	 the main power supply terminal and the operating voltage terminals of the compressor contactor, see "6.2 Wiring diagram" [▶ 119]. Perform a check the main PCB, see "3.6 Main PCB" [▶ 67].
No I? After all checking procedures listed abo	<pre>the main power supply terminal and the operating voltage terminals of the compressor contactor, see "6.2 Wiring diagram" [▶ 119]. Perform a check the main PCB, see "3.6 Main PCB" [▶ 67]. ve have been performed:</pre>
No No No No No Sther all checking procedures listed abo	the main power supply terminal and the operating voltage terminals of the compressor contactor, see "6.2 Wiring diagram" [▶ 119]. Perform a check the main PCB, see "3.6 Main PCB" [▶ 67].

No



Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the

next procedure.

3.2.2 Repair procedures

To remove the compressor

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

Prerequisite: Remove the required plate work, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].

Prerequisite: Remove the compressor insulation (if present).

Prerequisite: Recuperate the refrigerant from the refrigerant circuit, see "4.2.2 Repair procedures" [▶ 105].

1 If needed, remove any parts to create more space for the removal of the compressor.



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

Before proceeding, confirm there is NO voltage on the OUT terminals of the compressor contactor + current protection, see "To prevent electrical hazards" [▶ 99].

2 Remove the cover of the compressor wire terminals.



- A EWWOLEWLO014KCW1N units
- B EWWQ/EWL0025~064KCW1N units
- **a** Screw

4

i

b Compressor wire terminals cover

For EWWQ/EWLQ014KCW1N units: Disconnect the Faston connectors from the compressor wire terminals U, V and W.

For EWWQ/EWLQ025~064KCW1N units:

- Loosen and remove the 3 bolts that fix the compressor wiring.
- Remove the wiring from the compressor wire terminals U, V and W.
- Carefully straighten the terminal lugs.
- Remove the black wire guide.

INFORMATION

Note the position of the wiring on the compressor wire terminals to allow correct connection during installation.









14 To install the compressor, see "3.2.2 Repair procedures" [> 46].

To install the compressor

- **1** Check the state of the dampers. Replace if worn.
- 2 Install the 4 dampers in the correct location on the unit.
- **3** Remove the plugs or caps from the refrigerant piping and make sure they are clean.
- 4 Remove the caps from the compressor pipes (of the new compressor).

CAUTION

a Bolt

Compressor Damper

INFORMATION

The oil in the compressor is hygroscopic. Therefore remove the caps from the compressor pipes as late as possible.

- **5** Install the compressor on the correct location on the dampers. Properly insert the refrigerant pipes in the pipe expansions of the compressor pipes.
- 6 Install and tighten the bolts and nuts to fix the compressor to the dampers.

The compressor dampers may look different.

- 7 Supply nitrogen to the refrigerant circuit. The nitrogen pressure MUST NOT exceed 0.02 MPa.
- 8 Wrap a wet rag around the compressor pipes and any other components near the compressor and solder the compressor pipes to the refrigerant pipes.





- EWWQ/EWLQ014KCW1N units Α
- В EWWQ/EWLQ025~064KCW1N units
- а Faston connection
- U U V
- V
- w W
- 12 Fix the compressor wiring to the protrusion on the compressor body using a new tie strap.



To remove the compressor contactor + current protection



INFORMATION

The compressor contactor and the current protection are described as 1 single part.

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

1 Remove the required plate work, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

Before proceeding, confirm there is NO voltage on the OUT terminals of the compressor contactor + current protection, see "To prevent electrical hazards" [> 99].

2 Loosen the screws and disconnect all wiring from the compressor contactor and current protection terminals.



- a Compressor contactor K1M
- **b** Current protection K4S
- c Compressor contactor K2M
- **d** Current protection K5S
- **3** Remove the compressor contactor + current protection from the rail in the switch box.
- 4 To install the compressor contactor + current protection, see "3.2.2 Repair procedures" [▶ 46].

To install the compressor contactor + current protection

INFORMATION

The compressor contactor and the current protection are described as 1 single part.

1 Install the compressor contactor + current protection on the correct location on the rail in the switch box.



- a Compressor contactor K1M
- **b** Current protection K4S
- c Compressor contactor K2M
- **d** Current protection K5S



2 Connect all wiring to the correct compressor contactor and current protection terminals. Tighten the screws to fix the wires.

Is the problem solved?	Action
Yes	No further actions required.
No	Return to "3.2.1 Checking procedures" [▶ 35] of the compressor and continue with the next procedure.

3.3 Crankcase heater

:	INFORMATION
L	ONLY for EWLQ units

3.3.1 Checking procedures



INFORMATION

It is recommended to perform the checks in the listed order.

To perform an electrical check of the crankcase heater

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

- Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.
- **1** Remove the required plate work, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].

DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

Before proceeding, confirm there is NO voltage on the OUT terminals of the compressor contactor + current protection, see "To prevent electrical hazards" [> 99].

- 2 Open the compressor insulation (if present).
- 3 Detach the spring that fixes the crankcase heater on the compressor.



- **a** Spring
- **b** Crankcase heater
- **4** Remove the crankcase heater from the compressor and wait for 5 minutes (until the heater element reaches ambient temperature).



Service manual

- **5** Disconnect the wires of the crankcase heater:
 - For crankcase heater E1H; disconnect the wires from terminals E1H and NH1 of terminal block XK1.
 - For crankcase heater E2H, disconnect the wires from the terminals E2H and NH2 of terminal block XK2.



- 6 Measure the resistance between the disconnected crankcase heater wires.
 - **Result:** The resistance MUST be $1.77 \text{ k}\Omega \pm 10\%$

Is the measured r	esistance correct?	Action
Yes		Continue with the next step.
No		Replace the crankcase heater, see "3.3.2 Repair procedures" [> 56].

- Connect the crankcase heater wires to the appropriate terminals and install the crankcase heater on the compressor.
- 8 Turn ON the power using the main switch.
- 9 Start the unit operation via the user interface or service monitoring tool.

INFORMATION

- Verify that the read-out of the discharge thermistor is correct.
 - Use a contact thermometer to measure the thermistor temperature.
- Compare with the read-out via the service monitoring tool or field settings.
- 10 With the crankcase heater energized (compressor OFF and discharge temperature <70°C), measure the voltage between the following terminals:</p>

Result: The measured voltage MUST be 230 V AC.

Crankcase heater	Terminals
E1H	E1H and NH1 of terminal block XK1
E2H	E2H and NH2 of terminal block XK2



INFORMATION

The compressor body temperature MUST raise at least 5°C before the crankcase heater is deactivated.

3 Components

Is the measured voltage correct?	Action
Yes	Perform an insulation check of the crankcase heater, see "3.3.1 Checking procedures" [> 53].
No	Continue with the next step.

11 Disconnect the wires from the main PCB:

procedures" [> 35].

- For crankcase heater E1H; disconnect the wires from terminals Q2 and COM of terminal block T11 on the main PCB.
- For crankcase heater E2H, disconnect the wires from the terminals Q3 and COM of terminal block T11 on the main PCB.

INFORMATION

- Verify that the read-out of the discharge thermistor is correct.
- Use a contact thermometer to measure the thermistor temperature.
- Compare with the read-out via the service monitoring tool or field settings.
- 12 With the crankcase heater energized (compressor OFF and discharge temperature <70°C), measure the resistance between the following terminals:
 Result: The measurement MUST be short circuit (crankcase heater energised, switch contact on main PCB = closed).

Crankcase	heater		Terminals
E1H			COM and Q2 of terminal block T11 on main PCB
E2H			COM and Q3 of terminal block T11 on main PCB

Is the measured resistance correct?	Action
Yes	Check and correct the wiring between the main power supply terminal and the crankcase heater connection points, see "6.2 Wiring diagram" [▶ 119].
No	Perform a check of the main PCB, see "3.6 Main PCB" [▶ 67].

To perform an insulation check of the crankcase heater

Prerequisite: First perform an electrical check of the crankcase heater, see "3.3.1 Checking procedures" [▶ 53].

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

1 Before proceeding:



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

Before proceeding, confirm there is NO voltage on the OUT terminals of the compressor contactor + current protection, see "To prevent electrical hazards" [> 99].

- 2 Disconnect the wires of the crankcase heater:
 - For crankcase heater E1H; disconnect the wires from the terminals E1H and NH1 of terminal block XK1.
 - For crankcase heater E2H, disconnect the wires from the terminals E2H and NH2 of terminal block XK2.



- A EWLOO14~033KCWIN
- B EWLO049~064KCW1N
- a Terminal block XK1b Terminal block XK2
- Set the Megger voltage to at least 500 VDC.
- **4** Connect the Megger ground test lead directly to the crankcase heater ground wire.

CAUTION

Do NOT connect the Megger ground test lead to any other ground wire.

5 Measure the insulation resistance between the phase and ground wire. The measured insulation resistance MUST be >100 M Ω .

Is the measured insulation resistance correct?	Action
Yes	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.
No	Replace the crankcase heater, see "3.3.2 Repair procedures" [> 56].

3.3.2 Repair procedures

To remove the crankcase heater

3

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

1 Remove the required plate work, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

Before proceeding, confirm there is NO voltage on the OUT terminals of the compressor contactor + current protection, see "To prevent electrical hazards" [> 99].

- 2 Open the compressor insulation (if present).
- **3** Detach the spring that fixes the crankcase heater on the compressor.



- a Springb Crankcase heater
- 4 Cut all tie straps that fix the crankcase heater harness.
- 5 Disconnect the wires of the crankcase heater:
 - For crankcase heater E1H; disconnect the wires from the terminals E1H and NH1 of terminal block XK1.
 - For crankcase heater E2H, disconnect the wires from the terminals E2H and NH2 of terminal block XK2.



- A EWLQ014~033KCW1N
- B EWLQ049~064KCW1N
- a Terminal block XK1b Terminal block XK2
- 6 Remove the crankcase heater from th unit.
- 7 To install the crankcase heater, see "3.3.2 Repair procedures" [> 56].

To install the crankcase heater

- **1** Install the crankcase heater on the compressor.
- 2 Attach the spring to fix the crankcase heater.





3.4 Flow switch

3.4.1 Checking procedures

To perform an electrical check of the flow switch

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

Prerequisite: Remove the required plate work, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].

- **1** The flow switch is field installed. Check that it is installed in the correct location: inlet water pipe of the evaporator heat exchanger. Correct as needed.
- 2 Check that the flow switch is correctly installed. The arrow MUST point in the direction of the water flow. Correct as needed.
- **3** Disconnect the flow switch wires from the terminals T5D2 and 703 of terminal block XRC.



A EWWQ/EWLQ014~033KCW1N units B EWWQ/EWLQ049~064KCW1N units a Termina block XRC

Turn ON the power of the unit with the main switch.

- **5** Operate the unit with minimum water flow.
- 6 Measure the voltage (flow switch power) between the terminals T5D2 and 703 of terminal block XRC.

Result: The measured voltage MUST be approximately 24 V DC.

Is measured voltage correct?		Then	
	Yes	Skip the next step.	
	No	Continue with the next step.	

7 Measure the output voltage between terminals -V and +V of the 24 V DC auxiliary power supply.

Result: The measured voltage MUST be 24 V DC.

Is the measurement correct?	Action
Yes	Correct the wiring between the appropriate terminals and the 24 V DC auxiliary power supply, see "6.2 Wiring diagram" [▶ 119].

3 | Components

ls t	he measurement correct?	Action
No		Perform a check of the 24 V DC auxiliary power supply, see "3.1.1 Checking procedures" [> 33].
8	Make sure that the unit is NOT or	perating, and there is NO water flow.
9 Measure the resistance between the (disconnected) flow switch wires.		the (disconnected) flow switch wires.

Result: The flow switch MUST be open (OL).

- **10** Activate the water pump using the service monitoring tool as follows:
 - Use technician password.
 - In the Main Menu, select Unit Mode > Mode.
 - Set to Test.
 - In the Main Menu, select Commission Unit > Manual Control > Unit > Pump #.
 - Set to ON.
- **11** Select ON and check (using a water flow meter) that the water flow is according to the table below:

Model	Flow switch trigger set point (L/min)
EWWQ/EWLQ014KCW1N	28~34
EWWQ/EWLQ025KCWIN	47~59
EWWQ/EWLQ033KCW1N	69~83
EWWQ/EWLQ049KCW1N	93~109
EWWQ/EWLQ064KCW1N	137~167

- **12** Again measure the resistance between the (disconnected) flow switch wires.
 - **Result:** The flow switch MUST be closed (0 Ω).

) INFORMATION

When water flow is below flow switch trigger set point, switch MUST be open (OL). When water flow is above flow switch trigger set point, switch MUST be closed (0 Ω).

Are flow switch measurements correct?	Action
Yes	Flow switch is OK. Return to troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.
No	Proceed with the next step.

- **13** Disconnect the flow switch wiring harness from the flow switch connector.
- **14** Measure the continuity of the flow switch wiring harness (between the disconnected connector and the disconnected wires).

Wiring harness is correct?	Action
Yes	Replace the flow switch, see "3.4.2 Repair procedures" [> 61].
No	Replace the flow switch wiring harness, see "3.4.2 Repair procedures" [▶ 61].



3.4.2 Repair procedures

To remove the flow switch

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

Prerequisite: Remove the required plate work, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].

- **1** Drain the water circuit, see "4.3.2 Repair procedures" [> 111].
- 2 Unscrew the flow switch and remove it from the piping.



- 3 Disconnect the flow switch connector from the flow switch wiring harness.
- 4 To install the flow switch, see "3.4.2 Repair procedures" [> 61].

To install the flow switch

Install (screw) the flow switch on correct location on the piping and in the correct orientation (arrow pointing in the direction of the water flow). Ensure that the O-ring is correctly installed and NOT damaged.



- a Flow switch
- **b** Piping
- 2 Connect the flow switch connector to the flow switch wiring harness.
- **3** Open the stop valves and add water to the water circuit if needed, see "4.3.2 Repair procedures" [▶ 111].

Is the problem solved?	Action
Yes	No further actions required.

3 | Components

Is the problem solved?	Action
No	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.

To remove the flow switch wiring harness

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

Prerequisite: Remove the required plate work, see "3.7 Plate work" [273].

- 1 Disconnect the flow switch wiring harness from the flow switch connector.
- **2** Disconnect the wires of the flow switch wiring harness from the terminals T5D2 and 703 of terminal block XRC.



- A EWWQ/EWLQ014~033KCW1N units B EWWQ/EWLQ049~064KCW1N units
- a Terminal block XRC
- Cut all tie straps that fix the wiring harness.
- **4** Guide the flow switch wiring harness out of the switch box and remove the wiring harness.
- **5** Yo install the flow switch wiring harness, see "3.4.2 Repair procedures" [> 61].

To install the flow switch wiring harness

2

- Connect the flow switch wiring harness to the flow switch connector.
- Route the other end of the flow switch harness into the switch box.

Connect the flow switch wires to the terminals T5D2 and 703 of terminal block XRC.



A EWWQ/EWLQ014~033KCW1N unitsB EWWQ/EWLQ049~064KCW1N units



- a Terminal block XRC
- 4 Install new tie straps to fix the flow switch wiring harness.

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INFORMATION

Replace all cable ties that were cut during removal.

Is the problem solved?	Action
Yes	No further actions required.
No	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.

3.5 High pressure switch

3.5.1 Checking procedures

To perform an electrical check of the high pressure switch

а

d

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

Prerequisite: Remove the required plate work, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].

- 1 Recuperate the refrigerant from the refrigerant circuit, see "4.2.2 Repair procedures" [▶ 105].
- 2 Fill the refrigerant circuit with nitrogen until pressurized just below operating pressure of the high pressure switch.

a High pressure switch protection control

e

- **b** Pressure
- **c** High pressure switch closed
- **d** High pressure switch open
- e High pressure switch operating pressuref High pressure switch reset pressure
- **3** Disconnect the wires of the high pressure switch:
 - For high pressure switch S1HP; disconnect the wires from the terminals Q2.1 and Q2.2 of terminal block XL.

b

• For high pressure switch S2HP; disconnect the wires from the terminals Q3.1 and Q3.2 of terminal block XL.



No



3.5.2 Repair procedures

To remove the high pressure switch

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

Prerequisite: Remove the required plate work, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].

Prerequisite: Recuperate the refrigerant from the refrigerant circuit, see "4.2.2 Repair procedures" [▶ 105].

- 1 If needed, remove any parts to create more space for the removal of the high pressure switch.
- 2 Disconnect the wires of the high pressure switch:
 - For high pressure switch S1HP; disconnect the wires from the terminals Q2.1 and Q2.2 of terminal block XL.
 - For high pressure switch S2HP; disconnect the wires from the terminals Q3.1 and Q3.2 of terminal block XL



EWWO/EWLQ014~033KCW1N units EWWO/EWLQ049~064KCW1N units

B EWWQ EWLQ049~0 Termina block XL

Route the high pressure switch wiring harness through the grommets, out of the switch box.

- 4 Cut all tie straps that fix the high pressure switch harness.
- **5** Loosen and remove the high pressure switch from the fitting.



a High pressure switchb Fitting



- **6** Remove the high pressure switch.
- 7 Install a plug or cap on the fitting to avoid dirt or impurities from entering the refrigerant piping.
- **8** To install the high pressure switch, see "3.5.2 Repair procedures" [> 65].

To install the high pressure switch

- 1 Remove the plug or cap from the fitting and make sure it is clean.
- 2 Install the high pressure switch in the correct location.



- a High pressure witch
- **b** Fitting
- **3** Route the high pressure switch wiring parness through the grommets, inside the switch box.

4 Connect the wires of the high pressure switch:

• For high pressure switch S1HP; Connect the wires to the terminals Q2.1 and Q2/2 of terminal block XL

• For high pressure switch S2HP; Connect the wires to the terminals Q3.1 and Q3.2 of terminal block XL.



- A EWWQ/EWLQ014~033KCW1N units
- B EWWQ/EWLQ049~064KCW1N units
- a Terminal block XL
- **5** Install new tie straps to fix the high pressure switch harness.
- 6 Perform a pressure test, see "4.2.1 Checking procedures" [> 101].
- 7 Add refrigerant to the refrigerant circuit, see "4.2.2 Repair procedures" [▶ 105].



3 Components

Is the problem solved?	Action
Yes	No further actions required.
No	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.

3.6 Main PCB



Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

Prerequisite: Remove the required plate work, see "3.7 Plate work" [▶ 73].

- **1** Turn ON the power of the unit with the main switch.
- 2 Measure the voltage between the wires on terminal block T7 of the main PCB.Result: The measurement MUST be 24 V DC.



2 Compare the behaviour of the led to the table below.



3 Components

Color	Flash response	Function	Action
Red/green	Changes at 1 Hz	Software update mode: Download application or new firmware	Complete the update procedure (see "3.6.2 Repair procedures" [> 70]) and wait until update is done
Green	Continuous	Application loaded and is running	Allok
Orange	Continuous	Application loaded but is not running	(^a)
Orange	Flashing: 50 ms on / 1000 ms off	Application not loaded	(b)
Red	Flashing at 2 Hz	Firmware error	Update software (see "\$.6.2 Repair procedures" [> 70), if persists replace PCB
Red	Continuous	Hardware fault	Replace PCB (see "3.6.2 Repair procedures" [> 70]).

^(a) Orange LED will appear when using the SCOPE virtual controller or other Service monitoring tools (command on the toolbar: start application needed) and also to check during update procedure with USB drive (manual restart required).
 ^(b) Check the Service monitoring tool procedures.

/	Does the LED fund	tion correctly?	Action
\langle	Yes		Return to "3.6.1 Checking procedures" [> 67] of the main PCB and continue with the next procedure.
	No	<u>></u>	Perform necessary action as described in the table above.

3 After necessary action has been performed, again check the behaviour of the LED.

Does the LED function correctly?	Action
Yes	Return to "3.6.1 Checking procedures" [▶ 67] of the main PCB and continue with the next procedure.
No	Replace the main PCB, "3.6.2 Repair procedures" [> 70].

To check if the correct spare part is installed

- 1 First perform all earlier checks of the main PCB, see "3.6.1 Checking procedures" [▶ 67].
- 2 Visit your local spare parts webbank.
- **3** Enter the model name of your unit and check if the installed spare part number corresponds with the spare part number indicated in the webbank.

3 | Components

Is the correct spare part for the main PCB installed?	Action
Yes	Return to "3.6.1 Checking procedures" [▶ 67] of the main PCB and continue with the next procedure.
No	Replace the main PCB, "3.6.2 Repair procedures" [▶ 70].

To check the wiring of the main PCB

Yes

No

Prerequisite: First perform all earlier checks of the main PCB, see "3.6.1 Checking procedures" [> 67].

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

- 1 Check that all wires are properly connected and that all connectors are fully plugged-in.
- 2 Check that no connectors or wires are damaged.
- 3 Check that the wiring corresponds with the wiring diagram, see "6.2 Wiring diagram" [▶ 119].

Action

Correct the wiring as needed.

Is the problem solved?

No further actions required.

Return to "3.6.1 Checking procedures" [> 67] of the main PCB and continue with the next procedure.

Problem solved?

After all checking procedures listed above have been performed:

	Is the problem solved	? Action
$\overline{\}$	Yes	No further actions required.
	No	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.

3.6.2 Repair procedures

To remove the main PCB

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

- 1 Remove the required plate work, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].
- 2 Disconnect all connectors and LAN cables from the main PCB.



2 While power is ON (LED = ON), insert the USB-drive in the USB-port.



- Configuration.
- 2 Find below an overview of the required settings:
3 Components



3.7 Plate work

3.7.1 To remove the plate work

To remove the switch box cover

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

- **1** Remove (pull out) the main switch from the unit.
- 2 Loosen and remove the 4 screws that fix the switch box cover.



3 Carefully remove the switch box cover and disconnect the wiring from the user interface.

INFORMATION

The user interface is wired to the main PCB with a LAN to 4-pin cable. This cable CANNOT be removed from the outside. Remove the switch box cover carefully so the cable does NOT break.

4 Remove the switch box cover from the unit.

To remove the top panel

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

1 Loosen and remove the 8 screws (EWWQ/EWLQ014~033KCW1N units) or 12 screws (EWWQ/EWLQ049~064KCW1N units) that fix the top panel.



- A EWWQ/EWLQ049~064KCW1N unit
- a Screwb Top panel
- ift and none over the tare non-ol fu

2 Lift and remove the top panel from the unit.

To remove the side panels

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.



1 Loosen and remove the 4 screws that fix the appropriate side panel. EWWQ/ EWLQ014~033KCW1N units have 2 side panels, EWWQ/ EWLQ049~064KCW1N units have 4 side panels.









3 Components

V (DC)	Detected pressure MPa
3.2	0.44
3.3	0.46
3.4	0.48
3.5	0.5
3.6	0.52
3.7	0.54
3.8	0.56
3.9	0.58
4.0	0.6
4.1	0.62
4.2	0.64
4.3	0.66
4.4	0.68
4.5	0.7

- **5** Measure the output voltage of the refrigerant pressure sensor:
 - For refrigerant pressure sensor S4LP: Measure the output voltage between terminal X1 of terminal block T3 and terminal M of terminal block T2 on the main PCB
 - For refrigerant pressure sensor S5LP. Measure the output voltage between terminal X2 of terminal block T3 and terminal M of terminal block T2 on the main PCB.



- a Terminal X1 on terminal block T3
- **b** Terminal X2 on terminal block T3
- **c** Terminal M on terminal block T2
- **d** Main PCB
- **6** Check that the measured voltage is in line with the expected voltage through the read refrigerant pressure.



INFORMATION

In most cases, the user interface (7-segment display) allows to monitor the low pressure.

If the measured output voltage value matches the voltage determined through the measured pressure, but the pressure is NOT correct on the user interface (7-segment display), replace the main PCB.



The measured voltage is inside the expected range?	Action
Yes	Refrigerant pressure sensor is OK. Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.
No	Continue with the next step.

7 On terminal block XR, measure the voltage (sensor power supply) between terminals M and 750 to which the pressure sensor is connected,

Result: The measured voltage MUST be +5 V DC.



Terminal M on terminal block T2

ċ b

- а Terminal VDCout on terminal block T4 b
- С Main PCB



3 Components

Is the measured output voltage +5 V DC?	Then
Yes	Correct the wiring between the terminal block XR and the terminal blocks on the main PCB, see "6.2 Wiring diagram" [> 119].
No	Perform a check of the main PCB, see "3.6.1 Checking procedures" [> 67].

- **9** Disconnect the refrigerant pressure sensor wiring barness from the refrigerant pressure sensor.
- **10** Disconnect the other end of the wiring harness:
 - For refrigerant pressure sensor S4LP: Disconnect the wires from the terminal X1 of terminal block T3 on the main PCB and terminals M and 750 of terminal block XR.
 - For refrigerant pressure sensor S5LP: Disconnect the wires from the terminal X2 of terminal block T3 on the main PCB and terminals M and 750 of terminal block XR.
- **11** Measure the continuity of the refrigerant pressure sensor wiring harness.

1	s the refrigerant pr wiring harness corre	essure sensor ect?	Action	
,	Yes		Replace the refrise re	gerant pressure sensor, r procedures" [▶ 79].
	No	$\left \right\rangle$	Replace the refrive wiring harness, so procedures" [> 7	igerant pressure sensor see "3.8.2 Repair '9].
3.8.2 Repair procedu To calibrate the	refrigerant pressure	sensor		
	In the service monit	Main Menu Unit Enable Unit Mode Timers Alarms Commission Unit Save/Restore About Chiller Application Save	Yes Heat	
	\$	ESC	ОК	

1 Select Commission Unit.



To remove the refrigerant pressure sensor

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

Prerequisite: Remove the required plate work, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].

Prerequisite: Recuperate the refrigerant from the refrigerant circuit, see "4.2.2 Repair procedures" [▶ 105].

DAIKIN

Prerequisite: If needed, remove any parts or insulation to create more space for the removal.

- 1 Disconnect the wiring harness from the refrigerant pressure sensor.
- 2 Loosen and remove the refrigerant pressure sensor from the fitting.



- a Refrigerant pressure sensor wiring harness
- **b** Refrigerant pressure sensor
- **c** Fitting
- **3** Install a plug or cap on the fitting to avoid dirt or impurities from entering the refrigerant piping.
- **4** To install the refrigerant pressure sensor see "3.8.2 Repair procedures" [> 79].

To install the refrigerant pressure sensor

- 1 Remove the plug or cap from the fitting and make sure it is clean.
- 2 Install the refrigerant pressure sensor together with a new seal in the correct potention on the fitting. Make sure the seal is correctly installed.
- **3** Tighten the refrigerant pressure sensor to 12.7~15 N•m torque (in case of dry seal).



- b c
- a Refrigerant pressure sensor wiring harness
- **b** Refrigerant pressure sensor
- **c** Fitting
- 4 Connect the wiring harness to the refrigerant pressure sensor.
- **5** Perform a pressure test, see "4.2.1 Checking procedures" [> 101].

6 Add refrigerant to the refrigerant circuit, see "4.2.2 Repair procedures" [▶ 105].

Is the problem solved?	Action
Yes	No further actions required.
No	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.

To remove the refrigerant pressure sensor wiring harness

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

Prerequisite: Remove the required plate work, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].

- 1 Disconnect the wiring harness connector from the refrigerant pressure sensor.
- 2 Disconnect the other end of the refrigerant pressure sensor wiring harness:
 - For refrigerant pressure sensor S4LP: Disconnect the wires from the terminal X1 of terminal block T3 on the main PCB and from the terminals M and 750 of terminal block XR.
 - For refrigerant pressure sensor S5LP: Disconnect the wires from the terminal X2 of terminal block T3 on the main PCB and from the terminals M and 750 of terminal block XR.
- **3** Route the wiring harness through the grommets out of the switch box.
- **4** Cut all tie straps that fix the wiring harness, and remove the wiring harness from the unit.
- 5 To install the refrigerant pressure sensor wiring harness, see "3.8.2 Repair procedures" [> 79].

To install the refrigerant pressure sensor wiring harness

- **1** Connect the wiring harness connector to the refrigerant pressure sensor.
- **2** Boute the other end of the wiring harness through the grommets, inside the switch box.
- **3** Connect the other end of the refrigerant pressure sensor wiring harness:
 - For refrigerant pressure sensor S4LP: Connect the wires to the terminal X1 of terminal block T3 on the main PCB and to the terminals M and 750 of terminal block XR.
 - For refrigerant pressure sensor S5LP: Connect the wires to the terminal X2 of terminal block T3 on the main PCB and to the terminals M and 750 of terminal block XR.
- 4 Fix the wiring harness using new tie straps.

Is the problem solved?	Action
Yes	No further actions required.
No	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.



3.9 Thermistors

3.9.1 Refrigerant side thermistors

Checking procedures





4 Determine the thermistor resistance that matches the measured temperature.

Thermistor – Table A

T °C	kΩ	T °C	kΩ	Т°С	kΩ	T °C	kΩ
-50	8330.587	40	51.279	130	2.322	220	0.289
-45	5761.987	45	41.534	135	2.025	225	0.263
-40	4037.777	50	33.828	140	1.771	230	0.239
-35	2864.682	55	27.698	145	1.553	235	0.218
-30	2056.307	60	22.795	150	1.366	240	0.199
-25	1492.489	65	18.853	155	1.204	245	0.182
-20	1094.712	70	15.666	160	1.065	250	0.167
-15	811.006	75	13.077	165	0.944	255	0.153
-10	606.555	80	10.964	170	0.838	260	0.141
-5	457.761	85	9.232	175	0.747	265	0.130
0	348.454	90	7,805	180	0.666	270	0.119
5	267.432	95	6.624	185	0.596	275	0.110
10	206.862	100	5.644	190 🤇	0.534	280	0.102
15	161.211	105	4.826	195	0.480	285	0.094
20	126.536	110	4.142	200	0.432	290	0.087
25	100.000	115	3.566	205	0.390	295	0.081
30	79.548	120	8.081	210	0.352	300	0.075
35	63.677	125	2.670	215	0.319		

- 5 Disconnect the wites from the terminals of the appropriate terminal block.
- 6 Measure the resistance between the disconnected wires.
- 7 Check that the measured resistance value matches the resistance determined through the measured temperature (earlier step in the procedure).
 - E.g. DT1 thermistor:
 - Measured temperature with contact thermometer: 23.1°C,
 - Resistance value determined through temperature (using the thermistor table A):
 - Resistance at 23°C: 110.9 kΩ,
 - Resistance at 24°C: 104.6 kΩ,
 - Disconnect the wires from terminal X5 of terminal block T4 and terminal M of terminal block T2 on the main PCB and measure resistance between the wires:
 - Measured resistance: 110.6 k Ω ,
 - Measured resistance value is inside the range. DT1 thermistor passes the check.



INFORMATION

All thermistors have a resistance tolerance of 3%.





4 Select Calibrate Sensors.





Is the problem solved?	Action
kes	No further actions required.
No	Perform an electrical check of the thermistor, see "Checking procedures" [> 83].

To remove the thermistor

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

Prerequisite: Remove the required plate work, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].

- **1** Locate the thermistor that needs to be removed.
- 2 Remove the thermistor from the thermistor holder as follows:
 - Cut the tie straps that fix the insulation and the thermistor wire.
 - Cut and remove the insulation.
 - Remove the thermistor from the thermistor holder.



- a Insulation
- **b** Thermistor wire
- **c** Thermistor holder
- **3** Cut all tie straps that fix the thermistor harness.
- **4** Disconnect the thermistor wires from the terminals of the appropriate terminal block(s) and remove the thermistor.

Name	Symbol	Terminal block (terminals)
Discharge pipe thermistor (circuit 1)	DT1	T4 on main PCB: X5 XR: M
Discharge pipe thermistor (circuit 2)	DTr2	T4 on main PCB: X6 XR: M

5 To install the thermistor, see "Repair procedures" [> 85].

To install the thermistor

1 Install the thermistor in the specific thermistor holder.



- . . .
- **a** Insulation**b** Thermistor wire
- **c** Thermistor holder
- 2 Route the thermistor harness towards the appropriate terminal block(s).
- **3** Connect the thermistor wires to the appropriate terminals of the terminal block(s).

Name	Symbol	Terminal block (terminals)
Discharge pipe thermistor (circuit 1)	DT1	T4 on main PCB: X5 XR: M



3 | Components

Name	Symbol	Terminal block (terminals)
Discharge pipe thermistor (circuit 2)	DT2	T4 on main PCB: X6 XR: M

- 4 Fix the thermistor harness using new tie straps
- **5** Install the insulation around the thermistor.
- 6 Fix the insulation and the thermistor wire using new tie straps.

Is the problem solved?	Action
Yes	No further actions required.
No	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.

3.9.2 Water side thermistors

Checking procedures

•	INFORMATION	/
	It is recommended to perform the checks in t	st

To perform a mechanical check of the specific thermistor

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

1 Bemove the required plate work, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].

Locate the thermistor. Check that the thermistor is correctly installed.

Is the	the	rmisto	or corre	ctly ins	talled?	Action
Yes		' /		\backslash	>	Perfor

inistor correctly instancu:	ACTON
	Perform an electrical check of the specific thermistor, see "Checking procedures" [> 88].
	Correctly install the thermistor, see "Repair procedures" [> 90].

e listed order.

To perform an electrical check of the specific thermistor

No

Prerequisite: Check that the thermistors are correctly calibrated. Perform the calibration procedure as needed, see "Repair procedures" [> 85].

- 1 First perform a mechanical check of the thermistor, see "Checking procedures" [▶ 88].
- **2** Locate the thermistor.

INFORMATION

Remove the thermistor from its holder if not reachable with a contact thermometer.

3 Measure the temperature using a contact thermometer.



3 Components

	Name	Symbol	Location (PCB)	Terminal block (terminals)	Inter- mediat termina block (termin	e (t al nals)	eference able)
	Inlet water thermistor – evaporator water circuit ^(a)	EEWT	Main	T2: B1-M	XR: M		
	Outlet water thermistor – evaporator water circuit	ELWT	Main	T2: B2-M	XR: M	A	
	Inlet water thermistor – condenser water circuit ^{(a)(b)}	CEWT	Main	Т2; ВЗ-М	XR.M	A	
	Outlet water thermistor – condenser water circuit ^(b)	CLWT	Main	T2: B4-M	XR: M	A	
4 I There	^{b)} ONLY for EWW Determine t temperature.	Q units. he ther	mistor resis	tance that	t match	es the	measured
Т°С	kΩ	T °C	kΩ	T °C k	Ω	T °C	kΩ
-40	3452.75	5 5	254.90	50 3	36.62	95	8.11
-35	2478,40	10	199.56	55 3	30.40	100	7.01
	N 1	1					
-30	1800.31	. 15	157.41	60 2	25.36	105	6.08
-30	1800.31	15 20	157.41 125.04	60 2 65 2	25.36 21.26	105 110	6.08 5.29
-30 -25 -20	1800.31 1322.51 981.87	15 20 25	157.41 125.04 100.00	60 2 65 2 70 2	25.36 21.26 17.91	105 110 115	6.08 5.29 4.62
-30 -25 -20 -15	1800.31 1322.51 981.87 736.31	. 15 . 20 25 30	157.41 125.04 100.00 80.50	60 2 65 2 70 2 75 2	25.36 21.26 17.91 15.16	105 110 115 120	6.08 5.29 4.62 4.05
-30 -25 -20 -15 -10	1800.31 1322.51 981.87 736.31 557.45	. 15 . 20 25 30 35	157.41 125.04 100.00 80.50 65.21	60 2 65 2 70 2 75 2 80 2	25.36 21.26 17.91 15.16 12.88	105 110 115 120 125	6.08 5.29 4.62 4.05 3.56
-30 -25 -20 -15 -10 -5	1800.31 1322.51 981.87 736.31 557.45 425.86	. 15 20 25 30 35 40	157.41 125.04 100.00 80.50 65.21 53.14	60 2 65 2 70 2 75 2 80 2 85 2	25.36 21.26 17.91 15.16 12.88 11.00	105 110 115 120 125	6.08 5.29 4.62 4.05 3.56

5 Disconnect the wires from the terminals of the appropriate terminal block and measure the resistance between the disconnected wires.

- E.g. ELWT thermistor:
- Measured temperature with contact thermometer: 23.1°C,
- Resistance value determined through temperature (using the thermistor table A):

Resistance at 23°C: 100.9 kΩ,

Resistance at 24°C: 100.4 kΩ,

- Disconnect the wires from terminals B2 and M of terminal block T2 and measure resistance between the wires: Measured resistance: $100.8 \text{ k}\Omega$,
- Measured resistance value is inside the range. ELWT thermistor passes the check.



All thermistors have a resistance tolerance of 3%.

INFORMATION

In most cases, the user interface allows to monitor the thermistors.

If the measured resistance value matches the resistance determined through the measured temperature, but the temperature for the corresponding thermistor is NOT correct on the user interface display, replace the applicable PCB.

Does the measured resistance of the Action thermistor match with the temperature determined resistance?

Thermistor is OK. Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.

Continue with the next step.

6 Disconnect the thermistor wires from the terminals of the intermediate terminal block and measure the resistance of the thermistor (between the thermistor wires)

Does the measured resistance of the thermistor match with the temperature determined resistance?	Action
Yes	Correct the wiring between the terminal block on the PCB and the intermediate terminal block, see "6.2 Wiring diagram" [▶ 119].
No	Replace the specific thermistor, see "Repair procedures" [> 90].

Repair procedures

To calibrate the thermistor

Yes

No

1 Place the sample thermistor and the unit thermistor in a container with ice.



INFORMATION

Make sure to have a proper water/ice mix and wait until the water/ice temperature is stable.

Place both thermistors in the middle of the container in order to NOT affect the readings.

DAIKIN

- 2 Enter technician password.
- **3** On the service monitoring tool, select Commission Unit.



To remove the thermistor

No

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface. **Prerequisite:** Turn OFF the main switch.

Perform an electrical check of the

thermistor, see "Checking

procedures" [> 88].

Prerequisite: Remove the required plate work, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].

- **1** Locate the thermistor that needs to be removed.
- 2 Remove the thermistor from the thermistor holder.



(b)



Name	Symbol	Terminal block (terminals)
Outlet water thermistor – condenser water circuit ^(b)	CLWT	T2 on main PCB: B4 XR: M

^(a) Optional

^(b) ONLY for EWWQ units.

5 To install the thermistor, see "Repair procedures" [> 90].

To install the thermistor

1 Correctly install the thermistor in the specific thermistor holder.



- **c** Inlet water thermistor condenser water circuit CEWT
- **d** Outlet water thermistor condenser water circuit CLWT
- 2 Route the thermistor harness towards the appropriate terminal block(s).
- **3** Connect the thermistor wires to the appropriate terminals of the terminal block(s).

Name	Symbol	Terminal block (terminals)
Inlet water thermistor – evaporator water circuit ^(a)	EEWT	T2 on main PCB: B1 XR: M

3 | Components

Name	Symbol	Terminal block (terminals)
Outlet water thermistor – evaporator water circuit	ELWT	T2 on main PCB: B2 XR: M
Inlet water thermistor – condenser water circuit ^(a)	CEWT	T2 on main PCB: B3 XR: M
Outlet water thermistor – condenser water circuit ^(b)	CLWT	T2 on main PCB: B4 XR: M
^(a) Optional		

^(b) ONLY for EWWQ units.

4 Fix the thermistor harness using new tie straps.

No further actions required.
Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure

3.10 User interface

3.10.1 Checking procedures

It is recommended to perform the enecks in the listed order.

To check the power supply to the user interface

2 3

No

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

- 1 Remove the switch box cover, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].
 - Turn QN the power to the unit with main switch.
 - Measure the voltage between pins 1-4 on the LAN cable (that was disconnected from the user interface).

Result: The measured voltage MUST be 24 V DC.

	D oes the user interface receive power?	Action
/	Yes	Check if the user interface functions
		correctly, see "3.10.1 Checking
		procedures" [> 94].

4 Check the communication wiring between the user interface and the unit PCB, see "3.10.1 Checking procedures" [▶ 94].

Continue with the next step.

Is the communication wiring correct?	Action
Yes	Perform a check of the main PCB, see "3.6.1 Checking procedures" [> 67].

3 Components

Is the communication wiring correct?	Action
No	Replace the user interface cable, see "3.10.2 Repair procedures" [> 96].

To check the correct functioning of the user interface

Prerequisite: First perform a power check of the user interface, see "3.10.1 Checking procedures" [▶ 94].

- **1** Check the display for the following items:
 - Pinhole, bright spot, black spot, white spot, black line, white line, foreign particle, bubble:

The color of a small area is different from the remainder. The phenomenon does NOT change with voltage.

- Contrast variation: The color of a small area is different from the remainder. The phenomenon changes with voltage.
- Polarizer defect:
 Scratch, dirt, particle, bubble on polarizer on between polarizer and glass.
- Dot defect:
 - The pixel appears bright or dark abnormally.
- Functional defect: No display, abnormal display, open or missing segment, short circuit, false viewing direction.
- Glass defect:
 Glass cracks, shaved corner of glass, surplus glass.
- 2 Check that information is shown correctly and can be navigated through on the display of the user interface.
- **3** Check that settings can be changed and saved, see "3.10.2 Repair procedures" [1 96].

<	Does the us correctly?	er inter	face fu	nction	Action
	Ves		>/		Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.
	No				Continue with the next step.

Perform a check of the communication wiring between the user interface and the unit PCB.

Is the communication wiring correct?	Action
Yes	Replace the user interface, see "3.10.2 Repair procedures" [> 96].
No	Replace the user interface cable, see "3.10.2 Repair procedures" [> 96].

To check the communication wiring between the user interface and the unit PCB

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

- **1** Remove (pull out) the main switch from the unit.
- 2 Loosen and remove the 4 screws that fix the switch box cover.



- Remove the switch box cover (including the user interface), see "3.7 Plate work" [▶ 73].
- 2 Push the sides and remove the user interface from the switch box cover.
- **3** To install the user interface, see "3.10.2 Repair procedures" [> 96].

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To install the user interface

- **1** Install the user interface display in the correct on the switch box cover.
- 2 Install the switch box cover on the unit, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].

Is the problem solved?	Action	
Yes	No further actions required.	
No	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure	

To remove the user interface cable

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

- Remove the main switch box cover (including the user interface), see "3.7 Plate work" [▶ 73].
- **2** Disconnect the user interface cable from the main PCB.



a User interface cable connected on main PCB
b User integrace cable

- **c** Tie strap
- 3 Cut the tie straps that fix the user interface cable and remove the cable.
- 4 To install the user interface cable, see "3.10.2 Repair procedures" [▶ 96].

To install the user interface cable

1 Connect the user interface cable to the main PCB.





- **a** User interface cable connected on main PCB
- **b** User interface cable
- **c** Tie strap
- 2 Route the user interface cable as shown and fix it using new tie straps.
- **3** Install the main switch box cover, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].

Is the problem solved?	Action
Yes	No further actions required.
No	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure

To adjust the settings

1 See the relevant documentation (installer reference guide, ...) to adjust the specific setting.

Is the problem solved?	Action
Yes	No further actions required.
No	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.



4 Third party components

4.1 Electrical circuit

4.1.1 Checking procedures

To check the power supply of the unit

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

Prerequisite: Remove the required plate work, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].

- 1 Measure the insulation resistance between each power supply terminal and the ground using a megger device of 500 V DC. All measurements MUST be $>1M\Omega$. If insulation resistance is $<1M\Omega$, earth leakage is present.
- 2 Turn ON the power of the unit with the main switch.
- 3 Measure the voltage between the phases L1-L2-L3 on the main switch. Result: The voltage MUST be 400 V AC \pm 10%.
- 4 Measure the voltage between each phase and N on the main switch. **Result:** The voltage MUST be $230 \vee AC \pm 10\%$.
- 5 Unbalance between the phases MUST NOT exceed 2%.

Is the measure correct?	d voltage (power supply)	Action
Yes		Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.
No		Adjust the power supply, see "4.1.2 Repair procedures" [> 101].

To check if the power-supply is compliant with the regulations

1 Check that the power source is in line with the requirements described in the databook.

ts the power supply compliant with the regulations?	Action
Yes	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.
No	Adjust the power supply, see "4.1.2 Repair procedures" [> 101].

To prevent electrical hazards

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Remove the required plate work, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].

1 Measure the output voltage between the terminals 2-4, 4-6 and 2-6 of the current protection (on the compressor contactor).

Result: All measurements MUST be 0 V AC.



To check the setpoint reset input signal

The setpoint reset function CAN override the chiller water temperature active setpoint when certain circumstances occur. The aim of this function is to reduce the unit energy consumption whilst maintaining the same comfort level.

To this purpose, 3 different control strategies are available (through field setting menu 18.00 in the user interface):

- Setpoint reset by an external signal (0~10 V)
- Setpoint leset by evaporator ΔT

When the external signal (0~10 V) strategy is selected, the active setpoint is calculated applying a correction based on an external 0~10 V signal. 0 V corresponds to 0°C correction, whereas 10 V corresponds to a correction of the maximum reset quantity (to be set via field setting 18.01 in the user interface).

Procedule

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

Prerequisite: Remove the required plate work, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].

- . Turn ON the power of the unit with the main switch.
- 2 Make sure the setpoint reset function is correctly set (field setting menu 18.00 and 18.01 in the user interface).
- **3** Via the external controller, set the setpoint reset function to 0°C.
- **4** Measure the input voltage between terminal X3 of terminal block T3 and terminal M of terminal block T2 on the main PCB.

Result: The measured voltage MUST be 0 V.

- **5** Via the external controller, set the setpoint reset function to the maximum value.
- **6** Again measure the input voltage between terminal X3 of terminal block T3 and terminal M of terminal block T2 on the main PCB.

Result: The measured voltage MUST be 10 V.



Are	e the measured voltages correct?	Action			
Yes	5	Setpoint reset input signal is OK.			
No		Continue with the next step.			
7	Via the external controller, leave the value.	e setpoint reset function to the maximum			
8	Measure the output voltage betwee XRC.	n the terminals T3X3-M of terminal block			
	Result: The measured voltage MUST	be 10 V.			
9	Via the external controller, set the se	tpoint reset function to 0°C.			
10	Again measure the output voltage b block XRC.	etween the terminals T3X3-M of terminal			
	Result: The measured voltage MUST	be OV.			
Ou cor	tput voltages on the external ntroller are correct?	Action			
Yes	5	Correct the transmission wiring between the external controller terminals of terminal block XRC and the main PCB, see "6.2 Wiring diagram" [▶ 119].			
No		Perform a check of the external controller, see "4.4.1 Checking procedures" [> 114].			
4.1.2 Repair procedures To adjust the powe	 4.1.2 Repair procedures To adjust the power supply 1 Make sure that the power source is in line with the requirements described in the databook. 				
	he problem solved?	Action			
Yes	5	No further actions required.			
No		Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.			
4.2 Réfrigerant ci	rcuit				
4.2.1 Checking procedures					
	INFORMATION It is recommended to perform the ch	necks in the listed order.			
To check if the stop	o valves are open				

Prerequisite: Remove the required plate work, see "3.7 Plate work" [▶ 73].

1 Remove the caps.



NO short radius bends

5

Copriect a manometer to the high pressure and low pressure service ports.

- Activate **Cooling** operation via the user interface or service monitoring tool.
- Read the pressure on the high and low pressure gauges. If there is a significant difference between high and low pressure, the refrigerant circuit might be clogged.
- **6** For EWLQ units: On the refrigerant liquid piping (between the refrigerant / water heat exchanger (evaporator) and the third party outdoor unit heat exchanger (coil)), using a contact thermometer, measure the temperature before and after every restricting device. If a big temperature difference is measured (>2.5~4K), an internal pipe obstruction may be present at this location.
- 7 For EWWQ units: On the refrigerant liquid piping (between the refrigerant / water heat exchanger (evaporator) and the refrigerant / water heat exchanger (condenser), using a contact thermometer, measure the temperature before

and after every restricting device. If a big temperature difference is measured (> 2.5^{4} K), an internal pipe obstruction may be present at this location.

	INFORMATION Focus on positions with a potential ri Filters Valves Brazing points 	sk for clogging such as:
	Temperature drop found?	Action
	Yes	Replace the clogged part, see "4.3.2 Repair procedures" [> 105].
	No	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.
To check if the i	refrigerant circuit is correctly charged	
	 For EWWQ units: Make sure to add label on the unit. For EWLQ units: Use the sight gla correct: Green = OK Bubbles: Possibility of refrigerant sh Yellow: Humidity presence. Replace 	the refrigerant charge as specified on the ss to check if the refrigerant charge is nortage refrigerant and drier
	Is the refrigerant circuit charged correctly?	Action
\checkmark	Yes	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.
	No	Add or recuperate refrigerant until correctly charged, see "4.2.2 Repair procedures" [> 105].

To check for non-condensables in the refrigerant circuit

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

1 Wait for the refrigerant to reach the outdoor temperature.

- **2** Connect a manometer to the service port.
- **3** Measure the pressure of the refrigerant. The measured pressure converted into saturated temperature MUST be in line with the expected pressure / saturated temperature at current ambient temperature.
- **4** If the measured pressure is significantly higher (>5K), non-condensables gasses are most likely present in the refrigerant.

Any non-condensables found in the refrigerant circuit?	Action	
Yes	To replace the refrigerant, see "4.2.2 Repair procedures" [> 105].	
Νο	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.	

To perform a leak test

The leak test must satisfy the specifications of EN378-2.

1 Determine the leak test interval according to the F gas law:

Leak test interval	Tonnes of CO ₂ equivalent	Refrigerant charge (kg)
12 months	5 ≤t CO₂e <50	2.4 - 24
6 months	50 ≤t CO₂e <500	24 – 240
3 months	t CO₂e ≥500	≥240

- For EWWQ units: Refrigerant charge and tonnes of CO_2 equivalent can be found on the refrigerant charge label on the unit.
- For EWLQ units: Check logbook for refrigerant charge and tonnes of CO₂ equivalent.
- Tonnes of CO₂ equivalent can ALSO be calculated:
- tCO₂e = (Refrigerant charge x Global Warming Potential)/1000 with Global Warming Potential = 2088.
- If tonnes of CO_2 equivalent is less than 5 tonnes, leak test is NOT required by the current law.

INFORMATION

Units with double refrigerant circuit have 2 separate circuits which are NOT mixed in the heat exchanger. Use the complete unit refrigerant charge to determine the leak test interval.

- **2** When a leak test is done, ALWAYS fill in the logbook of the unit. Keep the logbook close to the unit.
- **3** Optionally, an F-gas inspection sticker CAN be placed on the unit to indicate the next maintenance time.
- 4 Perform the two leaks tests below.

To check for leaks: Vacuum leak test

- Evacuate the system from the liquid and gas piping to -100.7 kPa (-1.007 bar) (5 Torr absolute) for more than 2 hours.
- **2** Once reached, turn off the vacuum pump and check that the pressure does not rise for at least 1 minute.
- **3** Should the pressure rise, the system may either contain moisture (see vacuum drying below) or have leaks.



To check for leaks: Pressure leak test

- 1 Test for leaks by applying a bubble test solution to all piping connections.
- 2 Discharge all nitrogen gas.
- **3** Break the vacuum by pressurising with nitrogen gas to a minimum gauge pressure of 0.2 MPa (2 bar). Never set the gauge pressure higher than the maximum operation pressure of the unit.



- A EWLQ014~033KCW1N units
- B EWLQ049~064KCW1N units
- a Discharge stop valve
- **b** Liquid stop valve



2 Completely open the stop valves by screwing the stop valve screw counterclockwise.

Is the problem solved?	Action
Yes	No further actions required.
No	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.

To replace the clogged/leaking part of the refrigerant circuit

1 See the correct procedure for the component that needs to be repaired. See also "Repair information" [▶ 106] for more details.

Is the problem solved?	Action
Yes	No forther actions required.
No	Return to the troubleshooting of the
	specific error and continue with the next procedure.
	$- \overline{\langle - \langle - \rangle} \rangle - \overline{\langle - \rangle} \rangle$

To recuperate the refrigerant

To add refrigerant

1 See the installation, operation and maintenance manual for the correct procedure.

Is the problem sol	red?	//	Action
Yes	\backslash	$\langle \rangle$	No further actions required.
No			Return to troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.
		<u>}</u>	

Repair information Refrigerant piping handling

- Make sure that the applied pressure is never higher than the unit design pressure indicated on the nameplate (PS).
- Work according to the F-gas regulation and/or local regulations.
- Make sure the correct amount of refrigerant is charged after repair according to the F gas regulation label on the unit (factory + additional where required).
- Make sure to use the appropriate equipment and tools according to the refrigerant and unit type.
- Charge non-azeotropic refrigerant (e.g. R410A) always in a liquid state.
- Make sure to use a digital scale (no charging cylinder).
- Execute correct vacuum drying procedure after repair:
 - -0.1 MPa / -760 mm Hg / -750 Torr / -1 bar for at least 1 hour.
 - Connect the unit according to the available service ports.
 - Use related field setting where necessary to open expansion valve / solenoid valve.

Refrigerant piping repair

• Make sure to cover open pipe ends during repair so no dust or moisture can enter.

- Make sure to re-apply insulation removed during repair.
- Pipe expansion / flare making:
 - Remove any burrs on the cut surface using the correct tool such as reamer or scraper (note that excessive deburring can thin the pipe walls and cause cracking of the pipe).
 - Make sure the flare has the correct size (use a flare gauge).
 - Make sure no particles remain in the piping.
 - Apply just a drop of refrigerant oil on the inner surface of the flare.
 - Make sure the flare connection is tightened with the correct torque (torque values refer to installation manual).
- Brazing:
 - Use the correct brazing tool.
 - Use a phosphor copper filler metal (silver composition of 0 to 2%). Do not use flux material.
 - Flush the piping before brazing with nitrogen to avoid oxidation of the inside of the copper tubes (nitrogen purity ≥99.99%).

4.3 Water circuit

INFORMATION

EWLQ units QNLY have 1 water circuit (evaporator water ciruit).

EWWO units have a water circuits (evaporator water circuit and condenser water circuit). Check and Repair procedures described below are valid for both water circuits unless specified otherwise.

4.3.1 Checking procedures

To check the water pressure

1 Turn ON the power of the unit.

2 Read the water pressure on the field installed pressure gauge.

Result: The pressure MUST be 1~2 bar.

Is the water pressure correct?	Action
Yes	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.
No	Add or remove water from the water circuit until the pressure is correct, see "4.3.2 Repair procedures" [> 111].

To check the water flow

- **1** Turn ON the power using the main switch.
- 2 Activate **Cooling** operation via the user interface or service monitoring tool.
- **3** Use a flow meter to check the water flow.

Result: The water flow MUST be at least:

4 | Third party components

Model	Minimum flow (L/min)
EWWQ/EWLQ014KCW1N	28~34
EWWQ/EWLQ025KCW1N	47~59
EWWQ/EWLQ033KCW1N	69~83
EWWQ/EWLQ049KCW1N	93~109
EWWQ/EWLQ064KCW1N	137~167
Is the water flow correct?	Action
Yes	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.
No	Continue with the next step.
4 Check the water pressure, see "4.	3.1 checking procedures" [> 107]
Is the water pressure correct?	Action
Yes	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.
No	Add or remove water from the water circuit until the pressure is correct, see "4.3.2 Regair procedures" [> 111].

To check the glycol concentration

R

If the unit operates below 4°C (water temperature), a proper water / glycol mixture is required. Check the glycol concentration as follows:

- Y Take a water sample at the field installed water drain valve.
- 2 Using a refractometer, define the glycol concentration.
 - **Result:** The glycol concentration MUST be:

Ambient temperature	Glycol concentration
-3°C	10%
-8°C	20%
-15°C	30%
-20°C	40%

Add glycol until the correct concentration in the water is reached.

This can be done in different ways:

- Use a filler kit and check the concentration using a refractometer.
- Calculate the amount of glycol to be added.
 Glycol volume to be added = [(Target concentration–Measured concentration)/100] x Total water volume.

Is the problem solved?	Action
Yes	No further actions required.
No	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.


To check the water quality

- **1** Take a water sample at the field installed water drain valve.
- 2 Send the water sample to an accredited lab for testing.

Result: The water MUST comply with the following specifications:

Specifications	Water quality requirements					
	Evaporator - circulating	Evaporator - supply	Condenser - circulating	Condenser - supply		
Ph (25°C)	6.8-8.0	6.8 - 8.0	7.0-8.0	7.0 - 8.0		
Electrical conductivity (25°C)	<40 mS/m	<30 mS/m	<30 mS/m	<30 mS/m		
Chloride ion	<50 mg Cl/L	<50 mg Cl/L	<50 mg Cl/L	<50 mg Cl/L		
Sulphate ion	<50 mg SO ₄ ² /L	<50 mg SO ₄ ² /L	$<50 \text{ mg SO}_{4}^{2}/L$	<50 mg SO₄ ² /L		
M-alkalinity	<50 mg CaCO ₃ /L	<50 mg CaCO ₃ /L	<50 mg CaCO ₃ ∕L	<50 mg CaCO ₃ /L		
Total hardness	<70 mg CaCO ₃ /L	<70 mg CaCO _s /L	<70 mg CaCO₃/L	<70 mg CaCO ₃ /L		
Calcium hardness	<50 mg CaCO ₃ /L	<50 mg CaCO ₃ /L	<50 mg CaCO ₃ /L	<50 mg CaCO ₃ /L		
Silica ion	<30 mg SiO ₂ /L	<30 mg SiO ₂ /L	<30 mg SiO ₂ /L	<30 mg SiO ₂ /L		
Iron	<1.0 mg Fe/L	<0.3 mg Fe/L	<1.0 mg Fe/L	<0.3 mg Fe/L		
Copper	<1.0 mg Cu/L	<0.1 mg Cu/L	<1.0 mg Cu/L	<0.1 mg Cu/L		
Sulphide ion	NOT detectable					
Ammonium ion	<1.0 mg NH⁴+/L	≪0.1 mg NH⁴+/L	<1.0 mg NH ⁴ +/L	<0.1 mg NH ⁴ +/L		
Remaining chloride	<0.3 mg Cl/L	<0.3 mg Cl/L	<0.25 mg Cl/L	<0.3 mg Cl/L		
Free carbide	<4.0 mg CO ₂ /L	<4.0 mg CQ ₂ /L	<0.4 mg CO ₂ /L	<4.0 mg CO ₂ /L		
		0//2	A			

the weter quality OK2

To check if the water circuit stop valves are open

s the water	quant		ACTION
res _			Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.
No	\checkmark	7	Replace with water of appropriate quality, see "4.3.2 Repair procedures" [> 111].

 $\mathbf{1}$ The stop values are located outside the unit. Check that all values are in open position (in line with the piping). All valves are open? Action Return to the troubleshooting of the Yes specific error and continue with the next procedure. Open the specific valve(s) of the water No circuit, see "4.3.2 Repair procedures" [> 111].

To check if the field installed air purge valves are installed on the correct locations

1 Check the installation outside the unit. All highest points of the installation MUST have air purge valves installed. The air purge valves MUST NOT be installed on other locations.



4 | Third party components

All air purge valves are installed on the correct locations?	Action
Yes	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.
Νο	Install the specific air purge valve(s) on the correct location(s) in the water circuit, see "4.3.2 Repair procedures" [> 111].

To check for leaks in the water circuit

2

1 Inspect the installation outside the unit and check for leaks.

A leak was found in the installation?	Action
Yes	Bepair the leak in the installation, see
	"4.3.2 Repair procedures" [> 111].
No	Return to the troubleshooting of the
	specific error and continue with the
	next procedure.

To check the pressure drop on the plate heat exchanger

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

Prerequisite: Remove the required plate work, see "3.7 Plate work" [> 73].

- 1 On the inlet and outlet piping of the plate heat exchanger, install pressure gauges at the appropriate fittings.
 - Turn ON the power of the unit with the main switch.
- **3** Activate **Cooling** operation via the user interface or service monitoring tool.
- 4 Wait a few minutes until the system is operating properly.
- **5** Read the pressure on both pressure gauges and calculate the difference = pressure drop on the plate heat exchanger.
- 6 Check the water flow, see "4.3.1 Checking procedures" [▶ 107].
- Vising the graphic for pressure drop (see databook), determine the expected pressure drop (for your specific unit) according to the measured water flow.
- **3** Compare the measured pressure drop with the pressure drop determined using the graphic in the databook.

s the pressure drop on the plate heat exchanger correct?	Action
Yes	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.
No	Check for the reason of incorrect pressure drop or contact your service manager.

To check the main water supply and pressure

1 Check that the main water supply and pressure of the installation is within the expected range (>1 bar).

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Main water supply and pressure within expected range?	Action
Yes	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.
No	Adjust the main water supply of the installation, see "4.3.2 Repair procedures" [> 111].

To check if the water circuit is clogged

- **1** Check that all field piping is done according to the good practice and installation, operation and maintenance manual:
 - Correct piping diameters
 - Piping distance limits are followed
 - NO pipes are squeezed
 - NO short radius bends
- 2 Turn ON the power of the unit with the main switch.
- **3** Activate **Cooling** operation via the user interface or service monitoring tool.
- 4 Wait for the system to run at a more or less stable condition.
- **5** On the water circuit piping, using a contact thermometer, measure the temperature before and after every position with a potential risk for clogging. If a big temperature difference is measured an internal pipe obstruction may be present at this location.

INFORMATION

Focus on positions with a potential risk for clogging such as:



Temperature drop found?	Action
Yes	Replace the clogged part, see "4.3.2 Repair procedures" [> 111].
No	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.

4.3.2 Repair procedures

Tø remove/drain water from the water circuit



INFORMATION

This procedure partially drains the water circuit, sufficient for component replacement.

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

1 Connect a drain hose to the appropriate field installed drain valve (port).



- **2** Open the drain port. Collect the drained water in the drain pan, bottle, sink,... using the installed drain hose.
- **3** To add water to the water circuit, see "4.3.2 Repair procedures" [> 111].

Is the problem solved?	Action
Yes	No further actions required.
No	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.

To add water to the water circuit

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

Prerequisite: Turn OFF the main switch.

- **1** To fill the water circuit, use a field supply filling kit. Make sure you comply with the applicable legislation.
- 2 Purge the water circuit, see "4.3.2 Repair procedures" [> 111].

Is the problem solved?	Action
Yes	No further actions required.
No	Return to the troubleshooting of the
\frown	specific error and continue with the

To open the stop valves of the water circuit

1 The stop valves are located outside the unit. Open the valves by placing them in line with the piping.

	Is the problem	solved?		\nearrow	Action
/	Yes) \	$\langle \langle \rangle$		No further actions required.
	Nø Z				Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.

To open the air purge valves of the water circuit

2

NO air purge valves are installed inside the unit.

Place all field installed air purge valves in the open position.

Purge the water circuit, see "4.3.2 Repair procedures" [> 111].

Is the problem solved?	Action
Yes	No further actions required.
No	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.

To install the field installed air purge valves on the highest points of the water circuit

Prerequisite: Stop the unit operation via the user interface.

- **1** Install field installed air purge valves on all highest points of the installation outside the unit.
- **2** Purge the water circuit, see "4.3.2 Repair procedures" [> 111].

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Is the problem solved?	Action
Yes	No further actions required.
No	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.

To purge the water circuit

- 1 Check that all field installed air purge valves are installed in the correct locations, see "4.3.1 Checking procedures" [▶ 107].
- 2 See "To open the air purge valves of the water circuit" [▶ 112] for detailed information about the unit air purge valves.
- **3** Run the field installed water pump ONLY as follows:
 - 10 minutes run, then 2 minutes stop. Do this 3 times.
 - 10 minutes stop.

Is the problem solved?		Action
Yes		No further actions required.
No		Return to the troubleshooting of the
	\backslash	specific error and continue with the
		next procedure.

To repair the leak in the water circuit

1 Repair the leak in the water circuit.

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Is the problem	olved?	Action
	Yes		No further actions required.
/	No		Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.
<			

To adjust the main water supply of the installation

1 Adjust the main water supply of the installation to be within the expected range (>1 bar).

	Is the problem solved?	Action
)	Ves	No further actions required.
No		Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.

To replace the clogged part of the water circuit

1 See the correct procedure for the component that needs to be repaired.

Is the problem solved?	Action
Yes	No further actions required.
No	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.

4.4 Manufacturer components

4.4.1 Checking procedures

To check the correct operation / setting of the manufacturer component

1 See the specific dealer manual to check for the correct installation, operation or setting of your component.

Does the component function correctly?	Action
Yes	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.
No	Adjust the specific component, see "4.4.2 Repair procedures" [> 114].

4.4.2 Repair procedures

To adjust the manufacturer component

1 See the specific dealer manual to adjust your component.

Is the problem so	olved?	Action
Yes		No further actions required.
No		Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.

4.5 External factors

4.5.1 Checking procedures

To check the required space around the outdoor unit heat exchanger



INFORMATION

ONLY for EWLQ units.

Check if the space around the outdoor unit heat exchanger is sufficient. See the installation manual of the third party outdoor unit heat exchanger for the required space specifications. Adjust as needed.

Is the problem solved?	Action	
Yes	No further actions required.	
Νο	Return to the troubleshooting of the specific error and continue with the next procedure.	



5 Maintenance



NOTICE

General maintenance/inspection checklist. Next to the maintenance instructions in this chapter, a general maintenance/inspection checklist is also available on the Daikin Business Portal (authentication required).

The general maintenance/inspection checklist is complementary to the instructions in this chapter and can be used as a guideline and reporting template during maintenance.

5.1 Maintenance schedule

See next page.



Standard routine maintenance schedule

Weekly	Monthly ^(a)	Yearly/Seasonal ^(b)			
General					
Х					
	Х				
	Х	\land			
	Х				
		X			
		X			
	X				
\land					
		×			
	\land	×			
	X (Quarterly)				
		Х			
	Х				
	X				
	\geq				
	Х				
		Х			
	Х				
	Х				
	Х				
		Х			
		Х			
	Х				
		Х			
	X	WeeklyMonthly(a)XX			

^(a) Monthly activities include all the weekly ones.
^(b) The annual (or early season) activities include all weekly and monthly activities.
^(c) Daily reading of the operating values of the unit allows maintaining high observational standards.
^(d) Check for any dissolved metals.



Routine maintenance schedule for critical application and/or highly aggressive environment

List of activities	Weekly	Monthly ^(a)	Yearly/Seasonal ^(b)
General			
Reading of operating data ^(c)	Х		
Visual inspection of unit for any damage and/or loosening		Х	
Verification of thermal insulation integrity		X	
Cleaning		×	
Paint where necessary			Х
Analysis of water ^(d)			Х
Check of flow switch operation		\mathbf{X}	
Electrical installation			
Verification of start-up sequence			X
Verify contactor wear – Replace if necessary			×
Verify that all electrical terminals are tight – Tighten if necessary			Х
Clean inside the electrical panel		Х	
Visual inspection of components for any signs of overheating		Х	
Verify operation of compressor and electrical resistance		X	
Measure with the Megger the compressor motor insulation	\searrow		Х
Refrigerant circuit			
Check for any refrigerant leakage (leak test)		Х	
Analyze compressor vibrations			Х
Hydraulic circuit			
Check for any water leakage		Х	
Check hydraulic connections		Х	
Check the pressure at the exchangers water inlet		Х	
Clean the water filter			Х
Check the glycol concentration			Х
Check the water flow rate		Х	
Plate heat exchanger			
Check the cleaning of the plate heat exchanger			Х
			Λ

^(a) Monthly activities include all the weekly ones.
^(b) The annual (or early season) activities include all weekly and monthly activities.

^(c) Daily reading of the operating values of the unit allows maintaining high observational standards.

^(d) Check for any dissolved metals.



CAUTION

Units placed or stored in a highly aggressive environment for long time without operation are still subject to these routine maintenance steps.



6.1 Detailed information setting mode

6.1.1 Detailed information setting mode: Indoor unit

See the installer reference guide on business portal for more ipformation.

6.1.2 Detailed information setting mode: Remote controller

See the installer reference guide on business portal for more information.



6.2 Wiring diagram

See the internal wiring diagram supplied with the unit. The wiring diagram is ALSO available on the Daikin Business Portal (authentication required).



6.3 Piping diagram

6.3.1 Piping diagram: Indoor unit

EWWQ014~033KCW1N units





EWWQ049~064KCW1N units



INFORMATION

The diagrams shown in this manual may be incorrect due to changes/updates to the unit. Correct diagrams are supplied with the unit and can also be found in the technical data book.





EWLQ014~033KCW1N units



INFORMATION

The diagrams shown in this manual may be incorrect due to changes/updates to the unit. Correct diagrams are supplied with the unit and can also be found in the technical data book.





EWLQ049~064KCW1N units



INFORMATION

The diagrams shown in this manual may be incorrect due to changes/updates to the unit. Correct diagrams are supplied with the unit and can also be found in the technical data book.





6.4 Component overview

6.4.1 Component overview: EWWQ014~033KC









6.4.2 Component overview: EWWQ049~064KC









6.4.3 Component overview: EWLQ014~033KC



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6.5 Field information report

See next page.



In case a problem occurred on the unit which could not be resolved by using the content of this service manual or in case you have a problem which could be resolved but of which the manufacturer should be notified, we advise you to contact your distributor.

To facilitate the investigation, additional information is required. Please fill out the following form before contacting your distributor.

FIELD INFORMATION REPORT				
Key person information	\land			
Name:	Company name:			
Your contact details				
Phone number:	E-mail address:			
Site address:				
Your reference:	Date of visit:			
Claim information				
Title:				
Problem description:				
Error code:	Trouble date:			
Problem frequency:				
Investigation steps done:				
Insert picture of the trouble.				
Current situation (solved, not solved,):				
Countermeasures taken:				
Comments and proposals:				
Part available for return (if applicable):				

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Application information

Application (house, apartment, office,...):

New project or reimbursement:

Heat emitters (radiators / under floor heating / fan coils /...):

	<u>^</u>			
Hydraulic layout (simple schematic):				
Unit / Installation information				
Model name:	Serial number:			
Installation / commissioning date:	Software version hydro PCB A1P			
	Software version hydro PCB A5P			
Software version user interface:	Software version outdoor PCB:			
Minimum water volume:	Maximum water volume:			
Brine composition and mixture:				
Brine freeze up temperature:				
Space heating control (leaving water temperature, room thermostat, external room thermostat):				
Space heating setpoint:				
Domestic hot water control (reheat only, schedule only, reheat + schedule):				
Domestic hot water setpoint:				
Provide pictures of the field settings overview (viewable	e on the user interface).			

6.6 Service tools

- **1** For an overview of the available service tools, check the Daikin Business Portal (authentication required).
- **2** Go to the tab After-sales support on the left navigation pane and select Technical support.



3 Click the button Service tools. An overview of the available service tools for the different products is shown. Also additional information on the service tools (instruction, latest software) can be found here.



6.7 Field settings

6.7.1 User interface parameters

The table below shows the complete user interface structure from the main menu to any single parameter including the screen saver pages.

Typically, the user interface is composed by pages, containing the parameters, accessible from the main menu. In some cases there is a two-level structure where a page contains sub-pages instead of parameters.

For more information about the parameters and how to set them, see the operating manual.

Menu	Parameter	Sub-parameter	Read/Write	Password level
[0] Password	[00.00] Enter PSW	N/A	w / `	9
[1] Unit	[01.00] UEN	N/A	W	0
	[01.01] C1EN	N/A	W	0
	[01.02] C2EN	N/A	w \	0
[2] Mode	[02.00] Available Modes	N/A		2
[3] Capacity	[03.00] C1_Cap	N/A	R	0
	[03.01] C2_Cap	N/A	R	0
[4] Net	[04.00] Source Control	NA	W	1
	[04.01] En	N/A	R	0
	[04.02] C.SP	R/A	R	0
	[04.03] H.SP	N/A	R	0
	[04.04] Mode	N/A	R	0
[5] Setp	[05.00] C1	N/A	W	0
	[05.01] CZ	N/A	W	0
	[05.02] H1	N/A	W	0
	[05.03] H2	N/A	W	0
[6] Tmps	[06.00] In	N/A	R	0
	[06.01] Out	N/A	R	0
	[06.02] CondIn	N/A	R	0
	[06.03] CondOut	N/A	R	0
	[06.04] Syst	N/A	R	0
	[06.05] System Heat	N/A	R	0
[7] Alms	[07.00] Alarm List	N/A	R	0
ľ ř	[07.01] Alarm Clear	N/A	W	1

Menu	Parameter	Sub-parameter	Read/Write	Password level
[8] Pump	[08.00] RecT	N/A	W	1
	[08.01] Standby Speed	N/A	W	1
	[08.02] Speed	N/A	R	1
	[08.03] Max Speed	N/A	W	1
	[08.04] Min Speed	N/A	W	1
	[08.05] Speed 1	N/A	W	1
	[08.06] Pump Ti	N/A	W	1
	[08.07] Setpoint DT	N/A	w Ś	1
	[08.08] EvapDT	N/A	R	1
	[08.09] EvapPumpRunHours 1	N/A	R	1
	[08.10] EvapPumpRunHours 2	N/A	R	1
	[08.11] EvapPumpMode	N/A	w	2
	[08.12] EvapManual Speed	N/A	W	1
	[08.13] Evap ThermoOffStandbySp	N/A	W	1
	[08.14] CondStandbySpd	NKA	W	
	[08.15] CondPumpSpeed(CondVfpOut)	N/A	R	1
	[08.16] CondMaxSpd	N/A	Ŵ	1
	[08.17] CondiviinSpd	N/A	W	1
	[08.18] CondSpd1	N/A	W	1
	[08.19] Cond Pump Ti(CondParamkD)	N/A	W	1
	[08.20] NomCondDT	N/A	W	1
	[08.21] CondDT	N/A	R	
	[08.22] CondPumpRunHours 1	N/A	R	1
	[08.23] CondPump[Mode	N/A	W	2
	[08.24] CondManual Speed	N/A	W	1
	08.25] Cond ThermoOffStandbySp	N/A	W	1



Menu	Parameter	Sub-parameter	Read/Write	Password level
[9] Thermostatic control	[09.00] Startup	N/A	W	1
	[09.01] Shudown	N/A	W	1
	[09.02] Stage up	N/A	W	1
	[09.03] Stage down	N/A	W	1
	[09.04] Stage up delay	N/A	W	1
	[09.05] Stage dn delay	N/A	W	1
	[09.06] Evap Freeze	N/A	W	2
	[09.07] CondFreeze	N/A	W	2
	[9.08] Low Press Unld	N/A	W	2
	[09.09] Thermo Ctrl	N/A	W	Q
[10] Date	[10.00] Day	N/A	W	0
	[10.01] Month	N/A	M	0
	[10.02] Year	NA	W	Ø
[11] Time	[11.00] Hour	N/A	W	0
	[11.01] Minute	N/A	W	0
[12] DoS	[12.00] Enable	N/A	W	0
	[12.01] State	N/A	R	0
[13] IPst	[13.00] DHCP	N/A	W	0
	[13.01] Actual IP	N/A	R	0
	[13.02] Actual Mask	N/A	R	0
	[13.03] Manual IP		R	0
		[13.03.0] IP#1	W	0
		[13.03.1] IP#2	W	0
		[13.03.2] IP#3	W	0
		[13.03.3] IP#4	W	0
	[13.04] Manual Mask		W	0
		[13.04.0] Msk#1	W	0
		[13.04.1] Msk#2	W	0
		[13.04.2] Msk#3	W	0
		[13.04.3] Msk#4	W	0
[14] Service	[14.00] Unit Type	N/A	W	2
Configuration	[14.01] Evap Ctrl	N/A	W	2
	[14.02] Num Cirs	N/A	W	2
	[14.03] N. of Restart	N/A	W	2
	[14.04] LowPressureAlarm Delay at start	N/A	W	2



Menu	Parameter	Sub-parameter	Read/Write	Password level
[15] Customer Configuration	[15.00] Pump Ctrl Type	N/A	W	1
	[15.01] EvapCtrlMeas	N/A	W	1
	[15.02] EvapCtrlDev	N/A	W	1
	[15.03] EWTSenEn	N/A	W	2
	[15.04] CondCtrl Type	N/A	W	1
	[15.05] CondCtrlMeas	N/A	W	1
	[15.06] CondCtrlDev	N/A	W	1
	[15.07] Address	N/A	W	1
	[15.08] Ext Alm	N/A	W	1
	[15.09] SCM Number of Units	N/A		1
	[15.10] WRVBehav	N/A	W	1
	[15.11] WRVCoolDel	N/A	w	1
	[15.12] WRVHeatDel	N/A	W	1
	[15.13] Evap Setpoint DeltaT	N/A	W	1
	[15.14] Cond Setpoint DeltaT	N/A	W	1
	[15.15] HMI Type	NXA	w	1
[16] Master/Slave	[16.00] Start Up Limit	N/A	w	1
(Available only for Master unit))	[16.01] Shut Dn Limit	NXA	W	1
	[16.02] Stage Up Time	N/A	W	1
	[16.03] Stage Dn Time	N/A	W	1
	[16.04] Threshold	N/A	W	1
	[16.05] Threshold Down	N/A	W	1
	[16.06] PrioSlave#1	N/A	W	1
	[16.07] PrioSlave#2	N/A	W	1
	[16.08] PrioSlave#3	N/A	W	1
	[16.09] MasterPriority	N/A	W	1
	[16.10] Master Enable	N/A	W	1
	[16.11] Standby Chiller	N/A	W	1
	[16.12] Cycling Type	N/A	W	1
	[16.13] Interval Time	N/A	W	1
	[16.14] Switch Time	N/A	W	1
	[16.15] Temp Compensation	N/A	W	1
	[16.16] Tmp Cmp Time	N/A	W	1
	[16.17] Alarm Code	N/A	R	1



Menu	Parameter	Sub-parameter	Read/Write	Password level
[17] Scheduler	[17.00] Monday		W	1
		[17.00.0] Time 1	W	1
		[17.00.1] Value 1	W	1
		[17.00.2] Time 2	W	1
		[17.00.3] Value 2	W	1
		[17.00.4] Time 3	W	4
		[17.00.5] Value 3	w	1
		[17.00.6] Time 4	W	1
		[17.00.7] Value 4	W	1
	[17.01] Tuesday		W \	X
		[17.01.0] Time 1	W	1
		[17.01.1] Value 1	W	1
		[17.01.2] Time 2	w	4
		[17.01.3] Value 2	W	1
		[17.01.4] Time 3	W	1
		[17.01.5] Value 3	W	1
		[17.01.6] Time 4	W	1
		[17.01.7] Value 4	W	1
	[17.06] Sunday		W	1
		[17.06.0] Time 1	W	1
		[17.06.1] Value 1	W	1
		[17.06.2] Time 2	W	1
		[17.06.3] Value 2	W	1
		[17.06.4] Time 3	W	1
		[17.06.5] Value 3	W	1
		[17.06.6] Time 4	W	1
		[17.06.7] Value 4	W	1
[18] Setpoint reset	[18.00] Reset Type	N/A	W	1
	[18.01] Max Reset DT	N/A	W	1
	[18.02] Start Reset DT	N/A	W	1

Menu	Parameter	Sub-parameter	Read/Write	Password level
[19] Protocol Communication	[19.00] Mb Address	N/A	W	1
	[19.01] Mb BAUD	N/A	W	1
	[19.02] Mb Parity	N/A	W	1
	[19.03] Mb 2StopBit	N/A	W	1
	[19.04] Mb Timeout	N/A	W	1
	[19.05] BN Address	N/A	W	1
	[19.06] BN BAUD	N/A	W	1
	[19.07] BN Device ID (X.XXX)	N/A	W	1
	[19.08] BN Device ID (XXX)	N/A	W	1
	[19.9] BN Port (X)	N/A		1
	[19.10] BN Port(-X.XXX)	N/A	W	1
	[19.11] BN Timeout	N/A	w	
	[19.12] Licence Mngr	N/A	R	1
	[19.13] BacNETOverRS	N/A	W	1
	[19.14] BacNET-IP	N/A	W	1
	[19.15] BasProtocol	NXA	w	1
	[19.16] BusPolarization	N/A	w	1
[20] PLC	[20.00] AppSave	NXA	W	1
	[20.01] Apply Changes	N/A	W	1
	[20.02] Software Update	N/A	W	2
	[20.03] Save Parameters	N/A	W	2
	[20.04] Restore Parameter	N/A	W	2
[21] About	[21.00] App Vers	N/A	R	0
	[21.01] BSP	N/A	R	0
[25] Screen Saver	- LWT (String Up) - Setpoint Act (String Dn)	- Unit Cap (String Up) - Actual Mode (String Dn)	R	0
		1	1	1









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